«Κρότοι καὶ κτύποι καὶ ἀπειλαὶ μὴ σὲ καταπτοήσουν. 139r G1.134. 135 μὴ φοβηθῆς τὸν θάνατον παρὰ μητρὸς κατάραν-G1.138, 2.234 μητρὸς κατάραν φύλαττε καὶ μὴ πληγὰς καὶ πόνους. 4 Μέλη μέλη αν σὲ ποιήσουσιν, βλέπε ἐντροπὴν μὴ ποιήσης. 6 Τούς πέντε ας μας φονεύσουσιν και τότε ας την έπαρουν. Μόνον προθύμως ἔξελθε εἰς τοῦ ἀμιρᾶ τὴν τόλμην. Τὰ δύο σου χέρια φύλαττε καὶ ὁ Θεὸς νὰ μᾶς βοηθήση.» Καὶ ὁ ἀμιρὰς ἀκαβαλίκευσεν, εἰς αὖτον ὑπαγαίνει. G1.161 10 Φαρίν ἐκαβαλίκευσεν φιτυλὸν καὶ ἀστεράτον-G3.261 όμπρὸς είς τὸ μετώπιν του χρυσὸν ἀστέραν είχεν, τὰ τέσσερά του ὀνύχια ἀργυροτσάπωτα ἦσαν, καλιγοκάρφια όλάργυρα ήτον καλιγωμένον, ή οὐρά του σμυρνομένη <ἦτον>, μὲ τὸ μαργαριτάριν. 15 Πρασινορόδινος ἀετὸς 'ς τὴν σέλαν έξοπίσω 139ν καὶ ἰσκιάζει τὰς κουτάλας του ἐκ τοῦ ἥλιου τὰς ἀκτίνας. Κοντάριν ἐμαλάκιζε βένετον, χρυσωμένον. G1.164 Καὶ τότε πάλιν ὁ ἀμιρὰς τοῦτον τὸν λόγον λέγει: «'Απὸ πολὺν <τὸν> πόλεμον καὶ ἀπὸ δοκιμασίας 20 καὶ πάλιν ἔχω ἀποδοχὴν νὰ ἐπάρω του τὸ νίκος.» Σαρακηνὸς ἐλάλησεν τὸν ἀμιρὰν τῆς γλώσσης: «Αὐτό, ἀμιρά, μὴ τὸ γελας, μὴ τὸ κατονειδίζης. έγω παιδίν καλόν θεωρῶ καὶ δυνατόν πολέμου. καὶ ἄν ἔχη καρδίαν ὁ ἄγουρος γλήγορα νὰ γυρίζη,

4 Μέλη μέλη Karayanni, 1976, 79, cf. Spadaro, 1989, 174–5: μέλη καὶ μέλ Ε καὶ μέλη Alexiou After ποιήσης Ε has ἀν κατεβούμεν (=Ε5), deleted by Alexiou 9 καβαλίκευσεν Trapp: ἐκαβαλήκευσεν Ε

νὰ ἐπάρη καὶ τὸ ἀδέλφι του καὶ ὅλον μας τὸ κοῦρσος» -

14 σμυρνομένη Ε: σμυριδομένη Xanthoudidis, 1912, 544 ήτον [ήτον] added by Alexion

15 's Trapp, cf. Spadaro, 1989, 175: eis E

16 ἥλιου Trapp: ἡλίου E

17 βένετον Hesseling: βενέτον Ε

25 τὴν τόλμην του τὴν θεωρῶ

19 Άπὸ πολύν τὸν Trapp: ἀπὸ πολὴν Ε Εἶμαι ἀπὸ πολύν Alexiou ἀπὸ πολύν μου Krumbacher, 1904, 316

20 του Alexiou : καὶ ἐτούτον Ε καὶ Krumbacher, 1904, 316

22 κατονειδίζης Krumbacher, 1904, 316: κ^τνιδίζης Ε

24 καρδίαν ὁ ἄγουρος Ε: ὁ ἄγουρος καρδίαν Alexiou γλήγορα νὰ γυρίζη Lambros,

1904, 383: ὅτι να γυρίζη ἐγλύγορα Ε

25 του τὴν Trapp: τούτην Ε

26-32 See the notes to the translation

- "... Don't let noises and blows and threats shock you, don't fear death rather than your mother's curse; look out for your mother's curse and not for wounds and pain.
- 4 Even if they cut you to pieces, see that you don't disgrace yourself.
- 6 Let them kill the five of us and then let them take her. Just set out eagerly against the emir's daring. Take good care of your two hands and may God help us." The emir mounted and went towards him.

10 He had mounted a horse that was piebald and starred, it had a golden star in front on its forehead, its four hoofs were trimmed with silver, it was shod with solid silver nails, its tail was perfumed, set with pearls.

15 There was a green and rose eagle silk behind the saddle, and this shaded its flanks from the rays of the sun.

The emir wielded a blue, gilded spear.

Then in turn he uttered these words:

"After much fighting and great hardship
once again I expect to achieve victory over him."

A Saracen addressed the emir in his own tongue: "Do not mock him, emir, do not scoff at him; I see a fine boy who is mighty in war, and if the youngster has the spirit to turn quickly,

25 I can see he has the daring to capture his sister and all our booty"

The text in E lacks its opening pages and up to around 100 lines, and begins on f. 139r after a space left blank for illustration; see Introduction, pp. xix-xxii. The abducted girl's brothers are encouraging the youngest in his challenge to the emir; the missing narrative was probably similar to G1.1-133.

Lines 1-609 (cf. G1.134-3.343) are defined by Alexiou (cf. Ricks, 1990) as 'The Song of the Emir'; there is no manuscript evidence for this division. The episode would have been part of *Digenis: see Beaton, 1993b.

10-16 Compare the description of Maximou's horse at E1486-8.

15 Haldon, 1990, 221-2 refers to the multi-coloured eagle silks of Byzantine court ceremonial in the tenth century, which were used for garments rather than saddlecloths. 21, 30, 46 Why is it surprising that the emir and his henchmen speak the same language, whether Arabic or Syriac? Is there reference here to a dialect (Karayanni. 1976, 83)? At G1.218 an interpreter is needed between the Byzantine Greeks and the Saracen peasant.

28 σπεύδει γὰρ καὶ ὁ φθόνος του μὴ καὶ εἰς δειλίαν τὸν φέρη. 27 Ταχέως ἐκαβαλίκευσαν, 'ς τὸν κάμπον κατεβαίνουν. Σαρακηνὸς ἐλάλησεν τὸν ἀμιρὰν τῆς γλώσσης: «Πίασε, μούλε, τὸν ἄγουρον, ταχέως νὰ τὸν νικήσης· 29 αὐτὸς σκυλὶ Ρωμαῖος ἔν', μὴ σὲ κακοδικήση,» G1.189 32 Εὐθὺς ἐκαβαλίκευσαν, 'ς τὸν κάμπον κατεβαίνουν. G1.172 ως δράκοντες ἐσύριζαν καὶ ὡς λέοντες ἐβρυχοῦντα G1.173-4 καὶ ώς ἀετοὶ ἐπέτουντα, καὶ ἐσμίξασιν οἱ δύο-G1.173 35 καὶ τότε νὰ ἰδῆς πόλεμον καλῶν παλληκαρίων. Καὶ ἀπὸ τῆς μάχης τῆς πολλῆς κροῦσιν διΙασυντόμως 140r καὶ ἀπὸ τὸν κτύπον τὸν πολὺν καὶ ἀπὸ τὸ δὸς καὶ λάβε οί κάμποι φόβον είχασιν καὶ τὰ βουνιὰ ἀηδονοῦσαν, G1.180 τὰ δένδρη έξεριζώνουντα καὶ ὁ ἥλιος ἐσκοτίσθη. 40 Τὸ αἶμαν ἐκατέρεεν εἰς τὰ σκαλόλουρά των G1.181 καὶ ὁ ίδρος τους ἐξέβαινεν ἀπάνω ἀπ' τὰ λουρίκια. Ήτον <καί> γὰρ τοῦ Κωνσταντῆ γοργότερος ὁ μαῦρος, καὶ θαυμαστὸς νεώτερος ἦτον ὁ καβελάρης. κατέβηκε εἰς τὸν ἀμιρὰν καὶ κρούει του ραβδέα 45 καὶ τότε ἐχέρισε ὁ ἀμιρὰς νὰ τρέμη καὶ νὰ φεύγη. Σαρακηνὸς ἐλάλησεν τὸν ἀμιρὰν τῆς γλώσσης: «Πίασε, μούλε, τὸν ἄγουρον, ταχέως νὰ τὸν νικήσης, μὴ είς σύντομόν του γύρισμα πάρη τὴν κεφαλήν σουαὐτὸς καλὰ σ' ἐσέβηκεν, τώρα νὰ σὲ γκρεμνίση. 50 Ἐγώ, μούλε, οὐ τὸ ἐγνοιάζομαι νὰ τὸν καταπονέσης, άλλα μὴ τὸ καυχάσεται ὅτι ἔτρεψεν φουσάτα.» Καὶ ὁ ἁμιρὰς ὡς τὸ ἤκουσεν, μακρέα τὸν ἀποξέβην, ἔριψεν τὸ κοντάριν του καὶ δάκτυλον τοῦ δείχνει G1.193-4 καὶ μετὰ τοῦ δακτύλου του τοιοῦτον λόγον λέγει:

κε = μὴ οὐκ) δειλίαν Alexiou: δηλεία Ε 27's Alexiou: eis E 32 'ς Trapp: είς Ε 38 βουνιά Trapp: βουνία Ε άηδονοῦσαν Politis, 1973, 344: ήδονοῦσαν Ε 41 ἀπ' Trapp: ἀπὸ Ε 42 Hτον καὶ Alexiou: ήτον Ε ήτονε Krumbacher, 1904, 317 43 θαυμαστός Alexiou, cf. Z340: καλώς Ε

28 σπεύδει Alexiou: σπουδή Ε (perhaps correctly; Prombonas, 1993, 74: μή καὶ = μή

44 κατέβηκε Alexiou: καὶ ἐκατέβηκεν Ε 45 ἐχέρισε Karayanni, 1976, 81-2, cf. Spadaro, 1989, 175; ἐχέρισεν Ε

47 Πίασε Alexiou, cf. 31: 🖏 πίασε Ε

48 είς Alexiou: είς τὸ Ε

50 Έγώ, μούλε, οὐ τὸ Alexiou, note: ἐγὼ δἔ μοῦλε οὐδὲν τὸν Ε μούλε, ἐγὼ οὐδὲν τὸ Spadaro, 1988, 145

51 φουσάτα Krumbacher, 1904, 317: φουσάτε Ε

- 28 for his jealousy urged him on, hoping to make the emir show cowardice.
- 27 They mounted swiftly and they came to the battlefield.
- A Saracen addressed the emir in his own tongue: "Seize the youngster, my lord, and grab a quick victory.
- 29 He is a Roman cur! Don't let him do you down!"
- 32 They mounted at once and they came to the battlefield. They hissed like serpents, they roared like lions. they soared like eagles, and the two clashed.
- 35 And then you could see a fight between fine brave youths. In the heat of the battle they struck continuously, and from the great clashing and the cut and thrust the plains grew fearful and the mountains re-echoed, trees were uprooted and the sun was darkened.
- 40 Blood flowed down over their horse-trappings and their sweat ran out over their breastplates. Constantine's black horse was speedier, and its rider was a marvellous young man. He charged at the emir and struck him a blow with his stick

45 and then the emir began to tremble and flee.

A Saracen addressed the emir in his own tongue: "Seize the youngster, my lord, and grab a quick victory, so that he doesn't take your head off with his sudden turn. He has made a fine attack on you and now he might finish you off.

50 I don't think, my lord, you are going to do him much harm. but don't let him boast that he routed an army."

When the emir heard this, he withdrew some way from the youth, he threw away his spear and showed him his finger. and with this gesture he said these words:

²⁷⁻³² This passage, though defended by Prombonas (1993, 72-6), has given all editors problems. Kalonaros and Trapp remove 27, 30 and 31, Alexiou obelises 27, Ricks obelises 27, 28. With the lines rearranged thus (28, 27, 30, 31, 29, 32), E30-2 form a narrative doublet to E21-7, opening with the Saracen's address and closing with the speakers galloping off (cf. Fenik, 1991, 42-50).

³¹ The Arabic origin of μούλε (= lord) is discussed by Karayanni (1976, 83).

⁴⁴ In G the stick is the weapon most characteristic of Digenis; we meet it early in E, in the hands of the hero's future maternal uncle.

⁵³⁻⁴ It has been suggested that this is a Muslim indication of submission, referring to belief in the one God (Alexiou, 1979, 35 and 1985, note), At G1.194 the emir crosses his fingers, apparently in defeat. Given the lack of clear medieval parallels, it is hard to decide how either gesture is to be interpreted.

55 "7fic và vaiocaai verbrene 28 ván -- 2 2 - 2 2

55	«Ζῆς, νὰ χαίρεσαι, νεώτερε, ἐδικόν σου ἔν' τὸ νίκος.»	G1.196
	Τὸν λόγον οὐκ ἐπλήρωσεν, ἐστράφη ἐντροπιασμένος.	
	καὶ ὁ Κωνσταντίνος <ὁ μικρὸς> ὑπάει εἰς τοὺς ἐδικούς του.	
	Καὶ οἱ πέντε ἐκαβαλίκευσαν, 'ς τὸν ἀμιρὰν ὑπάγουν: 140ν	
	« ω άμιρά, πρωταμιρά καὶ πρῶτε τῆς Συρίας,	G1.100
60	ώ ἀμιρά, δοῦλε Θεοῦ, πλήρωσον ὡς μᾶς εἶπες,	G1.100
	καὶ δεῖξε μας τὸ ἀδέλφιν μας νὰ χαροῦν οἱ ψυχές μας.»	G1.206
	Καὶ τότε πάλιν ὁ ἀμιρὰς μαινόμενος τοὺς λέγει:	G1.200
	« Εβγάτε είς τὰ φουσάτα μου, γυρεύσετε τὰς τέντας,	G1 200
	καὶ ἄν εὕρετε τὸ ἀδέλφι σας, εἰς μίαν νὰ σᾶς τὸ δώσω.»	G1.209
65	Καὶ τότε οἱ πέντε ἀδελφοὶ τὰς τέντας ἐγυρεῦσαν,	
	έγύρευσαν καὶ οὐκ ηὖραν την, ἤρξαντο πάλιν κλαίειν.	C1 214
	Σαρακηνὸν ὑπάντησαν ἀπέξωθεν τὰς τέντας,	G1.214 G1.216
	καὶ λόγια τοὺς ἐλάλησεν μετὰ πολλῆς ὀδύνης:	G1.216
	«Κᾶν ψηλαφατε, οἱ ἄρχοντες, ὡς δι' ἄγαμον κοράσιον,	
70	νὰ εἶν' καὶ ἡ κόρη θαυμαστή, νὰ Ι ἔνι καὶ Ρωμαίσσα; 141r	
	Διέλθατε τὸ ἐπανώφορον, <εὑρήσετε> ρυάκιν·	G1.223
	χθες εν αὐτῷ ἐσφάξαμεν ἡδονικὰ κοράσια,	G1.223 G1.224
	διότι οὐδὲν ἠθέλασιν ὡσὰν τὰς ἐλαλοῦμαν.»	G1.224 G1.225
	Καὶ ώσὰν τὸ ἐκοῦσαν οἱ ἄρχοντες, ἐθλίβησαν μεγάλως	01.225
7 5	καὶ ὧραν πολλὴν ἐποίσασιν καὶ εἰς λογισμοὺς ἐμπῆκαν	
	καὶ μετὰ ώρας περισσὰς ἐφέρασιν τὸν νοῦν τους.	
	τὰ δάκρυα τους σφουγγίζουσιν, τὰ ρέτενα γυρίζουν,	
	καὶ ἥλθασιν καὶ ηυρασιν τὸ ἑρμηνευθὲν τὸ ρυάκιν.	
	Έκει ηὖραν τὰ κοράσια εἰς τὸ αἶμαν κυλισμένα.	G1.227
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	G1.227
	55 Ζῆς, νὰ χαίρεσαι, νεώτερε Spadaro, 1989, 176: ζῆς να χαΐρεσε καλὲ νεώ- ζῆς, καλὲ νεώτερε Lambros, 1904, 383 ἔν' Trapp: ἔνε Ε 56 ἐστράφη Karayanni, 1976, 85: ἐστράφην Ε 57 ὁ μικρὸς added by Alexiou 58 'ς Trapp: εἰς Ε	τερε Ε νὰ
	62 μαινόμενος Ε: ψευδόμενος Kalonaros τοὺς Kalonaros: τοῦς Ε	
	64 μιαν να Alexiou: μίανα Ε	
	66 ἥρξαντο Krumbacher, 1904, 317: ἥρξατο Ε πάλιν κλαίειν Chatzis, 1 πάλη να κλέουν Ε	930, 28:
	67 τὰς Ε: τῆς Alexiou	
	68 τους ἐλάλησεν Kalonaros: τοῦ ἐλαλήσασιν Ε	
	69 δι' άγαμον Grégoire-Letocart, 1939, 211: διαγάμον Ε κοράσιον Karayanr 85: κορασίου Ε	i, 1976,

71 Διέλθατε Grégoire-Letocart, 1939, 212: μη ἕλθατε Ε ἐπανώφορον Alexiou:

ἐπάνμορφον Ε ευρήσετε added by Grégoire-Letocart, cf. G1.223

75 ἐποίσασιν Xanthoudidis, 1912, 546, cf. Z394: ἐπιάσασιν Ε

77 σφουγγίζουσιν Alexiou: ἐσφουγκίζασιν Ε

78 ερμηνευθέν το Ε: ερμηνευθέντα Alexiou

55 "May you live and rejoice, young man, victory is yours."

He didn't finish what he was saying but he turned away in shame and the young Constantine went off to his brothers.

The five mounted and they came to the emir: "Emir, first of emirs and first man in Syria,

- emir, servant of God, carry out what you promised us and show us our sister, so that our souls may rejoice."

 Then the emir in his fury said to them:
 "Go out into my army, search the tents and if you find your sister I'll give her to you at once."
- So then the five brothers searched the tents, they searched and did not find her, they began to weep once more. They met a Saracen outside the tents and he addressed them in great anguish:
 "Perhaps you are looking, lords, for an unmarried girl,
- 70 a girl who is marvellous and also a Roman?
 Go up to the high ground, you will find a ditch.
 Yesterday we slaughtered some enchanting girls in it because they didn't want to do what we told them."

When the lords heard this, they were greatly distressed;
they delayed for a long time, lost in thought,
and after very many hours they came to their senses.
They wiped their tears, they shook their reins
and went and found the ditch that had been spoken of.
There they found the girls dripping with blood,

55 The first words of this speech virtually mean "Congratulations!"

⁵⁷ Note the patterning in this combat scene: the repeated interventions from the Saracen (21, 30, 46), the piled-up animal similes (33-34) and those from empathising nature (38-9); see Fenik, 1991, 57-66. The space left for an illustration and the large capital marking line 58 indicates that the scribe perceived this as a significant stage in the narrative.

⁶⁹ At G1.128 the brothers are merely 'youngsters'.

⁷³ There are probably sexual undertones here; cf. E123 and the brothers' relief that their sister's virginity has been preserved.

80	τῶν μὲν αἱ χεῖρες ἔλειπον, ἄλλων οἱ κεφαλές των,	G1.228
	μαχαιροκοπημένες ἦν καὶ εἰς τὸ αἶμαν κυλισμένες.	G1.227
	Τὰς χεῖρας των ἐξήπλωσαν, τὰς κεφαλὰς κρατοῦσιν	
	καὶ βλέπουν καὶ τὰ πρόσωπα, νὰ εύροῦν τὴν ἀδελφήν τους	
	καὶ ὅλας ἐγυρεύσασιν, στέκουν καὶ θεωροῦν τας	
85	καὶ οὐδὲν ἐγνωρίσασιν ποσῶς τὴν ἀδελφήν τους,	G1.230
87	ότι συζουλισμένες ἦν καὶ εἰς τὸ αἶμαν κυλισμένες.	G1.227
	Καὶ ὡς εἴδασιν παράνομα, τὰ ποῖα οὐδὲν ἐλπίζαν,	
89	είς θλίψιν ἐσεβήκασιν καὶ κάθουνται καὶ κλαίουν-	
86	χοῦμαν ἐπῆραν ἐκ τῆς γῆς, <'ς> τὰς κεφαλὰς τὸ βάνουν,	G1.232
90	τὸν ἥλιον ἐντρυχώνοντες μεΙτὰ πολλῶν δακρύων: 141ν	
	«Κὺρ "Ηλιε, τί νὰ ποιήσωμεν νὰ εὑροῦμεν τὸ ἀδέλφιν,	
	καὶ πῶς νὰ τὴν γνωρίσωμεν, νὰ τὴν θέλωμεν θάψει;	
	Ποῖον μαντάτο νὰ ὑπάγωμεν τὴν ταπεινήν μας μάνα;	
	Κὺρ ή Ηλιε, τί μᾶς ἔποικες καὶ ἐκακοδίκησές μας;	
95	Καὶ ἀπὲ τοῦ νῦν οὐ πρέπει μας νὰ εἴμεσθε εἰς τὸν κόσμον.	
	'ς τὸν κόσμον πολεμήσαμεν καὶ δικαιώνουν ἄλλους.	
	Γῆ <οιλη>, θρήνησον πικρῶς καὶ τὸ θέαμα κλαῦσον	
	είδες θαυμάσματα πολλά, νὰ σφάξουν ἀδελφήν μας.	
	"Η πάλι ὅτι αἰχμαλώτευσαν τὴν ἡλιογεννημένην;	
100	Κοράσια ἔσφαξαν πολλὰ καὶ ἐποῖκαν τα θυσίας	

είς ναούς τῶν είδώλων, είς μασγίδια τουρκικά καὶ είς ναούς μεγάλους. 'Αφοῦ κατῆλθεν ὁ Χριστὸς ἐξ οὐρανοῦ εἰς τὸν κόσμον, έδίωξεν τὰς παράνομας καὶ μυσαρὰς θυσίας,

80 τῶν μὲν Hesseling, cf. Z398: ἐμὲν (= αἱ μὲν) Ε

81 μαχαιροκοπημένες Alexiou: όλες μαχεροκοπιμένες Ε

82 κρατούσιν Alexiou, cf. Z403: των κρούσιν Ε

83 εύροῦν Alexiou: ἐγνωρίσουν Ε

85 εγνωρίσασιν corr., from εγνωρίσασι Alexiou: υμπορέσασιν, να εγνορίσουσιν Ε

86-89 This rearrangement (85, 87, 88, 89, 86) is proposed by Ricks

86 ἐππροαν Hesseling: ἐπλήραν Ε 'ς added by Trapp κεφαλάς Τrapp: κεφαλάς των Ε 91 Κύρ Ήλιε Trapp: κυρίλιέ μου Ε νὰ ευρούμεν τὸ ἀδέλφιν Trapp: να ευρούμεν τὴν άδελφήν μας Ε τὸ άδέλφιν μας νὰ ευρούμεν Alexiou

92 γνωρίσωμεν Τταρρ: έγνωρίσομεν Ε

93 và Alexiou: va thy E

96 'ς corr. : ὅτι ἐμεῖς εἰς Ε ἐμεῖς 'ς Alexiou πολεμήσαμεν corr.: πολεμοῦμεν Ε δικαιώνουν Alexiou: δικαιώμεν Ε

97 δλπ added

98 είδες Alexiou: ὅτι είδες Ε πολλά Alexiou: πολλά καὶ κακὰ Ε νὰ σφάξουν άδελφήν μας corr.: να σφάξουν τὴν ἀδελφήν μας Ε τὸ ἀδέλφιν μας νὰ σφάξουν Alexiou 99 πάλι Karayanni: πάλην Ε

100 Κοράσια Kyriakidis, 1951, 358: καὶ κοράσια Ε

101 omitted by Alexiou

102 τουρκικά Τταρρ: τούρκικα Ε

- 80 some lacked hands, others their heads. they had been stabbed with daggers and were dripping with blood. The brothers stretched out their hands, they picked up the heads. and they looked at the faces too, to find their sister: they examined all of them, they stood and looked at them
- 85 but in no way could they recognise their sister
- 87 because the girls had been crushed together and covered in blood.
- 88 When they saw these lawless deeds of a kind they had never expected,
- 89 they began to grieve, they sat and wept:
- 86 they took dust from the ground and sprinkled it on their heads,
- 90 beseeching the sun with many tears:

"Lord Sun, what shall we do to find our sister, and how shall we recognise her to be able to bury her? What message shall we bring to our miserable mother? Lord Sun, why have you done this to us and wronged us?

95 From now on we should no longer live in the world; we have fought in the world but vengeance is taken on others. All the earth, lament bitterly and weep at this spectacle; you have seen many incredible things, that they should have slaughtered our sister.

Or have they rather made the sun-born girl a prisoner? 100 They have slaughtered many girls and made sacrifices of them in the temples of idols,

in Turkish mosques and in great temples. When Christ came down to the world from heaven. he rejected lawless and vile sacrifices,

86-9 The brothers sprinkle dust on their heads as a sign of mourning. 91 With its appeals to the sun and earth this speech has some of the marks of a ritual lament, a tradition of great antiquity (Alexiou, M., 1974, 55-78; Alexiou, note ad loc. on evidence from papyri). 'Sun-born' is reserved by E to describe the emir's mother (E99, 143, 218, 441) while in G it is used of Digenis' bride (4.350, 6.134) and Digenis himself

(4.635, 4.807).

101-2 While idols are inappropriate in an aniconic Muslim place of worship and thus E101 is suspect (Kyriakidis, 1951, 358; Alexiou, note), the assumption of human sacrifice shows that strict accuracy about Muslim practices is not to be sought in the words of their Christian opponents.

105 ἔδειξεν καὶ τὸν θάνατον καλὸν 'ς τὸν κόσμον τοῦτον.
Καὶ μόνον δὲν τοὺς ἔσωζεν νὰ ἐβγάλουν τὴν ψυχήν σου, ἀμὴ ἔκοψαν τὰ κάλλη σου καὶ οὐδὲν σὲ ἐγνωρίζουν.
Καὶ ἰδοὺ τὸ σῶμα φαίνεται, <ἀδέλφιν μας,> ὀμπρός μας, τὴν δὲ μορφήν σου οὐ βλέπομεν, ἔδε ἀνομία μεγάλη.

110 'Αμὴ ἡ ψυχὴ ὅταν ἐβγῆ, χάνεται καὶ ἡ Ι ὄψις. 142r Ὁϊμέν, ἀδέλφι μας καλόν, οὐδὲν σὲ θεωροῦμεν ἔξέβηκέν σου καὶ ἡ ψυχή, ἐχάθη καὶ τὸ κάλλος. Ὁ σκύλος σὲ ἐσκότωσεν καὶ ἔχάσεν σου τὰ κάλλη. τω πονηρίας, ἀμότητος, ὢ βία τῶν ἀλλοφύλων.

115 ὧ παναθλία, τί ἔπαθες ἐκ τῆς παραδικίας.
Καὶ οὐ βλέπει ὁ Θεὸς ἐξ οὐρανοῦ χυθέντα σου τὸ αἷμα;
Καὶ ὑπέμεινες, μακρόθυμε, τούτην τὴν ἀνομίαν;
Δέξου, καὶ λάβε, ἀδέλφι μας, θρήνους τῶν ἀδελφῶν σουἄσπιλε, παμμακάριστε, δέξου πηγὰς δακρύων.

120 Μίαν μόνην σὲ εἴχαμεν, παραμυθίαν μεγάλην.

'Ϣς προσδοκοῦμεν, ἔθανες καὶ δόξα σοι, ὁ Κύριος,

<δόξα σοι> ὅτι ἐφύλαξες τὴν παρθενίαν σου, κόρη.»

Τότε πολλὰ ἀναγκάσθησαν κλαίοντες τὴν ἀδελφήν τους,
καὶ ψηλαφῶντες ἀκριβῶς οὐκ ἡμποροῦν τὴν εὕρειν.

125 Κοινὸν τάφον ἐποίησαν καὶ ὅλες ἀπέσω ἐθάψαν 142ν G1.256 καὶ ἐστράφησαν 'ς τὸν ἀμιρὰν μετὰ κακῆς καρδίας. G1.257 Ελυσαν τὰ φηκάρια τους καὶ οἱ πέντε ἐξεσπαθῶσαν

G1.255

G1.100

καὶ εἰς πρόσωπον τὸν ἀμιρὰν οὕτως τὸν συντυχαίνουν:
«ˇϢ ἀμιρά, πρωτοαμιρὰ καὶ σκύλε τῆς Συρίας.

130 τὸ ἀδέλφιν μας τὸ ἔρπαξες, μηδὲν μᾶς τὸ στερέψης.

105 καλὸν 'ς Alexiou: καλῶς είς Ε

107 εκοψαν Τταρρ: εκοψαν καὶ Ε

108 ἀδέλφιν μας added by Alexiou

110 'Αμή Τταρρ: ἀμή ὅμως Ε ἐβγῆ Τταρρ: εὕγη Ε

111 ἀδέλφι μας καλόν Τrapp: άδελφή μας καλὸν ἐχάθης καὶ Ε

112 έχάθη Alexiou: έχάθηκεν Ε

116 ού βλέπει Alexiou: οὐκ ἐβλέπει Ε χυθέντα Alexiou: χιθέντος Ε

118 ἀδέλφι Hesseling: ἀδελφή Ε 119 ἄσπιλε Alexiou: ἄπλωσε Ε

121 έθανες Chatzis, 1930, 28: ἐπόθανες Ε Κύριος Alexiou: Θεός Ε

122 δόξα σοι added by Alexiou

123 Τότε Alexiou: καὶ τότε Ε

126 'ς Trapp: είς Ε

127 Tous Hesseling: Tou E

128 είς πρόσωπον τὸν ἀμιρὰν Alexiou: κατὰ πρόσωπα τὸν ἀμυρὰν Ε καταπρόσωπα αὐτὸν Trapp, cf. Z442

and showed that even death is good in this world.

And not only was it not enough for them to take your life but they have put an end to your beauty, and you cannot be recognised.

And look, your body is visible to us, sister of ours, but we cannot distinguish which form is yours – oh, what great lawlessness!

110 But when the soul departs, the countenance is lost too.

Alas, our lovely sister, we shall look on you no more;
your soul has departed and your beauty too has been lost.

The cur has killed you and destroyed your beauty.

Oh, the deceitfulness, the atrocity, the violence of foreigners!

115 Oh, most unhappy sister, what have you suffered from this travesty of justice!

Does God not see from heaven your blood that has been spilt? And have you endured this outrage, long-suffering one? Accept and receive, sister of ours, your brothers' laments, untainted and most blessed one, accept our streams of tears.

120 You were our one, our only sister, our great consolation.

You have died, or so we assume, but praise be to you, o Lord, praise be to the Lord that you, girl, preserved your virginity."

Then they were very distressed as they wept for their sister and in spite of searching around carefully they could not find her.

125 They made a common grave and buried them all in it and returned to the emir in bitter spirits.

They undid their scabbards and the five drew their swords, they addressed the emir thus to his face:

"Emir, first of emirs and cur of Syria,

130 you have abducted our sister, do not deprive us of her.

¹²² G1.234-54 does not explicitly make an issue of the girl's virginity; preservation of virginity tended to be a preoccupation of twelfth-century, rather than later, texts (Beck, 1984, 112-28).

¹³⁰⁻¹ The brothers' vacillation over acceptance of their sister's death may be defended on psychological grounds against accusations of textual inconsistency.

	"Η δεῖξε μας τὸ ἀδέλφι μας ἢ κόπτομε καὶ ἐσέναν.»	
	Καὶ ὡς εἶδεν τούτους ὁ ἀμιράς, πολλὰ τοὺς ἐφοβήθην,	
	έστάθη καὶ ἀνερώταν τους: «Τίνες καὶ πόθεν είστε,	G1.263
	καὶ ποίας γενεᾶς ὑπάρχετε ἀπὸ τῆς Ρωμανίας;»	G1.264
135		G1.20 4
	« Ήμεῖς γὰρ εύρισκόμεθα ἀπὸ γενεᾶς μεγάλης.	
	† ὁ πατήρ μας ἦτον τῶν Δουκάδων τὴν μερέαν †	G1.266
	† † ή μήτηρ μας ἀπὸ τοὺς Κιρμαγάστρους.	G1.267
	δώδεκα θείους είχαμεν καὶ ἔξι ἐξαδέλφους.	G1.268-9
140	Τὸν κύρην μας ἔξόρισαν διὰ μούρτη εἰς τὰ φουσάτα-	G1.270
	έκεῖνοι ἂν σὲ εἶχαν εὑρεῖ, Συρίαν οὐκ ἐθεώρεις.	21.2,0
	Πέντε άδελφοὺς ἐγέννησεν ἡ μάνα μας, τοὺς βλέπεις,	
	καὶ μίαν εἴχαμε ἀδελφήν, τὴν ἡλιογεννημένην.	
144	καὶ οὕτως τὴν ἐχαιρόμασθε μὲ τὰς Ι ἀνδραγαθίας.» 143r	
148	Καὶ τότε πάλιν ὁ ἀμιρὰς οὕτως ἀπιλογᾶται:	
145	«Πατήρ μας ήτον 'Ααρών καὶ θεῖος ὁ Καροήλης,	G1.285, 4.37
	ό Μουσελώμ ό έξάκουστος πατήρ ήν τοῦ πατρός μας	01,203, 1.3,
	καὶ ἐκεῖ τοὺς ἐνταφίασαν 'ς τὸν τάφον τοῦ προφήτου.	
149	Εμέν ποτὲ οὐκ ἐπήντησεν στρατηγὸς ἢ τοπάρχης.	G1.297
150	φουσάτα πάλιν ἔντρεψα πέρσικα καὶ ρωμαίκα	01.237
	καὶ κάστρα ἐπαράλαβα ἀμύθητα καὶ <πλεῖστα>,	
	ήγεμόνας ἐπίασα Πέρσας καὶ στρατιώτας.	
	Τὸ θέαμα τὸ ἔπαθα εἰς ἐσᾶς ποτὲ οὐκ ἐλησμονῶ το	
	άφῶν ἠρξάμην πολεμεῖν ἀνδραγαθίας μεγάλας,	
155	ούδεν ηύρέθηκεν κανεὶς ἵνα μὲ καταφθάση	
	καὶ πολεμήση, νεώτεροι, καὶ ἐπάρη μου τὸ κοῦρσος.	
	Καὶ ἐδάρτε τὸ ἔπαθα εἰς ἐσᾶς ποτὲ οὐκ ἐλησμονῶ το	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

131 καὶ [κ'] ἐσέναν Alexiou: τὴν κεφαλήν σου Ε
136 εὐρισκόμεθα Hesseling: ἐβρισκόμ Ε (rest of word illegible)
137 . . . Ε (ink washed away): Hesseling supplied ἀπὸ μερέαν Alexiou: μερέαν, καὶ γενέαν Ε
138 . . . : .δ. Ε ἡ δὲ Χαητρουιδία, 1912, 547 μας corr.: μας εἶτον Ε
140 εἰς τὰ Alexiou: καὶ διὰ Ε
141 εὐρεῖ Τταρρ: εὖρη Ε Συρίαν Alexiou: ποτὲ, Συρίαν Ε
143 εἴχαμε Alexiou: ἡχαμεν Ε
144 ετροsitioned by Grégoire, 1940/1, 99
145 Πατήρ Τταρρ: ὁ πατήρ Ε θεῖος Alexiou: ὁ θείος μας Ε
146 ἡν Chatzis, 1932, 286: εἶτον Ε
147 'ς Τταρρ: εἰς Ε
150 πέρσικα καὶ ρωμαίκα Alexiou: ρωμαϊκὰ καὶ πέρσικα Ε
152 πλεῖστα added by Τταρρ
156 πολεμήση Τταρρ: πολεμίσι με Ε νεώτεροι Kalonaros: νεώτερε Ε

Either show us our sister or we cut you down too."

When the emir saw them, he was terrified of them;
he stood and asked them: "Who are you and where are you from?
And from what family are you in the Roman territory?"

135 Then the first brother replied like this:
"We happen to be from a great family.
Our father was . . . of the Doukas faction,
and our mother . . . from the Kirmagastroi;
we had twelve uncles and six cousins.

140 Our lord father was exiled for mutiny in the army; if they had found you, you would never look on Syria again. Our mother bore five brothers, whom you see, and we had one sister, the sun-born girl.

144 And thus we have rejoiced in her, with our valiant deeds."

148 And then the emir replied in his turn:

145 "Our father was Aaron and our uncle Karoïlis, and the famed Mouselom was our father's father, and they buried them there at the Prophet's tomb.

149 No general or governor has ever stood in my way.

I have in turn routed armies both Persian and Roman,
and I have captured untold and innumerable fortresses,
I have seized Persian leaders and soldiers.
The humiliation which I endured at your hands I shall never forget.
From the moment I began to achieve great deeds of valour in war,

no one could be found to get the better of meand fight me, young men, and take my booty.But now what I have suffered at your hands I shall never forget;

132 The emir in this version is not conspicuous for bravery.

134 At this point G1.264 refers to the brothers' 'theme', a term of territorial division of diminished relevance by the twelfth century; cf. Galatariotou, 1993, 40.

 $137{-}8$ On the genealogies and the clan names, see the Introduction, pp. xxxiv–xxxvi and the Name Index.

148 The re-ordering of lines first proposed by Grégoire separates the two sets of ancestors, and corresponds to the information given in G.

147 The prophet Mohammed's tomb is at Medina and prominent Muslims were formerly buried within its precincts (EI under 'Baki ak Gharkad' and 'Madina'). E shows familiarity with names and practices associated with Islam (e.g. at E164-5, 245-8, 285, 288-91, 53%-8); see Alexiou, 1979, 33-5 and Galatariotou, 1993, 39.

150 'Persian' may refer to the early years of Islam but is not necessarily to be taken literally: see Name Index. The places raided by the emir are listed at E732.

185 Τὸ κάλλος ἐμαραίνετον τῆς θαυμαστῆς τῆς κόρης ἢ συμφορὰ καὶ θέαμα Ι καὶ ἀσωτίας ἔργον. 144r Καὶ ὡς εἴδασιν τὰ ἀδέλφια της τὴν κόρην μαραμένην, ἀντάμα οἱ πέντε ἐστέναξαν, τοιοῦτον λόγον εἶπαν:

« Έγείρου, ή βεργόλικος, γλυκύν μας τὸ ἀδέλφιν190 ἐμεῖς γὰρ ἐκρατοῦμαν σε ὡς γιὰ ἀποθαμένην
καὶ ἐσὲν ὁ Θεὸς ἐφύλαξεν διὰ τὰ ὡραῖα σου κάλλη.
Τὸ ἄνθος τοῦ προσώπου σου ἐμάρανεν ἡ θλίψις.
Πολέμους οὐ φοβούμεθα διὰ τὴν σὴν ἀγάπην.»
Οἱ πέντε τὴν καταφιλοῦν καὶ ἐλιγοθυμῆσαν,

195 οἱ μὲν φιλοῦν τὰ χείλη της, οἱ ἄλλοι τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς της. G1.204

G1.324

Κάθουνται οἱ πέντε ἀδελφοὶ καὶ ὁ ἀμιρὰς ἐκεῖνος·
κοινὴν βουλὴν ἐδώκασιν νὰ πάρουν τον γαμπρόν τους,
εἰς Ρωμανίαν νὰ ἔβγουν.

Καὶ εἰς μίαν ὅΙρισε ὁ ἀμιράς·
144ν

200 τοὺς ἀγούρους τοὺς θαυμαστοὺς τοὺς εἶχε εἰς τὴν βουλήν του,

200a ἐκράτησεν μετ' αὖτοντοὺς ἄλλους ἐπιλόγιασε καὶ ὑπᾶν εἰς τὴν Συρίαν.

Καὶ ὁ ἀμιρὰς ἐδιάγειρε <ἀντάμα> μὲ τὴν κόρην

203/4 καὶ μὲ τοὺς γυναικαδελφούς, 'ς τὴν Ρωμανίαν ὑπᾶσιν.

205 'Ομπρὸς ὑπᾶν οἱ ἀγοῦροι του καὶ ὁ ἀμιρὰς ὀπίσω καὶ τὸ κοράσιον εἰς κλουβίν, βαστοῦν την πέντε μοῦλεςτριγύρου τὴν παρακρατοῦν τὰ πέντε της ἀδέλφια.

Καὶ βλέπει ὅλος ὁ λαὸς τὴν χαρὰν ταύτην ὅλην·

όπίσω τὴν ἀκολουθοῦν θαυμάζοντες τὴν κόρην.

185 θαυμαστῆς Hesseling: θαυμασθῆς Ε

188 ἐστέναξαν Trapp: ἐστενάξασιν Ε

190 γὰρ ἐκρατοῦμαν σε ὡς γιὰ ἀποθαμένην corr.: ἐμεῖς ὡς γιαποθαμένην σε κρατοῦμαν Ε

193 οὐ φοβούμεθα Alexiou: ἐμεῖς οὐκ ἐφοβήθημαν Ε οὐ ὀφοβήθημαν Τrapp ʹκ΄ ἐφοβήθημαν Prombonas, 1993, 72

194 έλιγοθυμήσαν Τταρρ: έλιγοθυμήσασιν Ε

197 τον Ricks: τὸν Ε

198 ἔβγουν Τταρρ: εὐγοῦν Ε

199 όρισε Politis, 1973, 344: όρισεν Ε άμιράς Alexiou: άμυρας έκεῖνος Ε

200 άγούρους corr.: άγούρους του Ε είχε Politis, 1973, 344: ήχεν Ε

201 τούς Τταρρ: καὶ τούς Ε ἐπιλόγιασε Τταρρ: ἐπιλογίασε Ε

202 ἀντάμα added by Alexiou

203/4 γυναικαδελφούς Alexiou: γυναικαδελφούς του Ε 'ς Trapp: είς Ε

206 βαστοῦν Hesseling: βαστού Ε

209 ακολουθοῦν Hesseling: ακουλουθοῦν Ε

The marvellous girl's beauty had faded –
what a disaster, what humiliation and folly!
When her brothers saw that the girl's beauty had faded, the five groaned together and said this:

"Rise up, slender girl, our sweet sister;

but God has protected you because of your lovely beauty, though grief has faded the flower of your face.

Because of our love for you, we have no fear of battles."

The five kissed her and fainted away.

195 some kissed her lips, the others her eyes.

The five brothers sat down and so did the emir; they made an agreement together to take him as their brother-in-law, and to go to Roman territory.

And in an instant the emir gave instructions;

200 the marvellous youngsters whom he had under his command,

200a he kept with him;

the others he dismissed and they went to Syria.

So the emir returned together with the girl 203/4 and his wife's brothers; they went to Roman territory.

205 His youngsters went in front and the emir behind, and the girl came in a litter, carried by five mules; her five brothers were around her in support.

Everyone observed the whole celebration, they followed behind her, wondering at the girl.

¹⁹⁰⁻³ A disjointed set of thoughts. Ricks moves 192 after 189.

¹⁹⁸ The preservation of the girl's virginity makes the subsequent marriage less shameful, especially since the abduction had taken place under conditions of war (Laiou, 1993, 210).

^{203/4} A premature assumption of the relationship.

210 ἔβλεπαν τὴν αἰχμαλωσίαν
τὸ πῶς τὴν ἐλευθέρωσεν διὰ τὴν ἀγάπην κόρης.
Τὸ «Κύριε ἐλέησον» ἔκραξαν ὁποὺ τὴν ἐγλυτῶσαν
καὶ ἱ ἐδάρτε ἦν ἐξακουστὸν εἰς ἄπασαν τὸν κόσμον 145r G1.335
ὅτι κοράσιον πάντερπνον ἐνίκησεν φουσάτον G1.336-7
215 κἄν χιλιάδες ἑκατὸν ὡς γιὰ τὰ ὡραῖα της κάλλη
και ἐδιάγειρεν τὸν ἀμιρὰν τὸν πρῶτον τῆς Συρίας.
Καὶ ἀφότις εὐλογήθησαν, ἐχαίρετον μετ' αὖτην.

Καὶ ἀφότις ἐκοιμήθηκεν τὴν ἡλιογεννημένην, ἔτεκαν παῖδα θαυμαστόν, τὸν Διγενὴν ἀκρίτην, 62.48

220 φωστήραν τὸν αὐγερινόν, ἥλιον τὸν φωσφόρον, καὶ περιέκλαμπρον τὸ φῶς εἰς ἄπασαν τὴν κτίσιν, καὶ εἰς ἀπελάτας δυνατὸν καὶ εἰς τοὺς ἀνδρειωμένους. Ἐγεννήθη, ἐμεγάλωσεν καὶ ἐγίνην τετραέτης, ἐχέρισε καὶ ἐμάνθανε τὰς γονικάς του ἀνδρείας.

232/3 Δὲν εἶν κοράσια εἰς τὸν Παδά, εἰς τοῦ Παστρᾶ τὸ κάστρον, δὲν εἶν κοράσια ἔμορφα κάτω εἰς τὴν Βαβυλώνα.

210 τὴν Politis, 1973, 345: ὅτι Ε αἰχμαλωσίαν Ε: αἰχμαλωσίαν καὶ ὅλον του τὸ κοῦρσος Ricks, cf. Ε26

211 ἐλευθέρωσεν Politis, 1973, 345: ἐλευθέρωσεν ὁ ἀμυρὰς Ε ἀγάπην Αlexiou: ἀγάπην τῆς Ε

215 καν Alexiou: καὶ Ε χιλιάδες ἐκατὸν Τταρρ: ἐκατὸν χιλιάδες Ε

218 την Politis, 1973, 345: με την Ε

221 περιέκλαμπρου Karayanni, 1976, 91: περιέλαμπρου Ε

222 είς Alexiou: είς τοὺς Ε δυνατὸν Kalonaros: δυνατὸς Ε

223 Έγεννήθη Alexiou: έγενήθην καὶ Ε

225 με τους χρόνους τους πολλους Ε: μετά χρόνον ου πολύν Alexiou (notes)

226 ἔπεψε ή μάνα του Alexiou: ἔπεψεν και ή μάνα του τὸν ἀμυρὰν Ε

227 χαρτὶν τοὺς added by Alexiou ἀνειδισμοὺς Alexiou, cf. G2.51: ὀδυνηρὰς Ε ὀδυνηροὺς Kalonaros

228 ἀναπλοκή Ε (Karayanni, 1976, 91; Spadaro, 1989, 177): ἀναπνοή Hesseling

229 ἐαυτόν Hesseling: ἐνιαυτόν Ε

230 έντροπίασες Τταρρ: έντροπίασες πολλά Ε

231 χωριάτες ὀνειδίζουν μας Alexiou: καὶ ὀνιδίζουν μας ἡ χωριάτες Ε

232/3 Δὲν εἶν ' Alexiou: καὶ δὲν εἶναι Ε Παδά Alexiou: παδά, εἰς τοῦ παπαδὰ Ε 234 δὲν Trapp: καὶ οὐδὲν Ε εἶν ' Politis, 1973, 345: εἶναι Ε κάτω Karayanni, 1976,

92: ἑκτ (= ἑκατὸν) Ε

210 They saw the emir's prisoners
and how he had released them out of love for a girl.
Those who had rescued her shouted out the "Lord, have mercy",
and from then on it was renowned throughout the whole world
that a quite delightful girl had defeated an army,

about a hundred thousand men, through her fair beauty, and had won over the emir, the first man in Syria.

And when they were blessed in marriage, he had pleasure with her.

When he slept with the sun-born girl, they bore a marvellous child, Digenis Akritis, the Frontiersman of Double Descent,

the morning star, the light-bearing sun,
and a brilliant light over all creation,
mighty amongst the guerrillas and men of bravery.
He was born, he grew up and reached the age of four,
and then he began to learn his father's bravery.

the emir's mother sent him a letter from Syria, a letter full of laments, reproaches and grief:

"My most beloved child, my soul, my comfort,

why have you dimmed my eyes, why have you destroyed yoursels?

230 You have humiliated your family throughout all Syria; peasants will be reproaching us all the years of our lives.

232/3 Are there no girls in Baghdad, in the fortress of Basra, are there no beautiful girls down in Babylon

217 G1 ends at this point.

218–24 This passage, represented also in G at 2.47–9 (and hence also part of *Digenis), interrupts the flow of the emir's story where loyalty to his mother is about to endanger his new happiness. Alexiou considers that there is a lacuna before E225, Ricks that these lines are an early interpolation. Here, as in G, the name Frontiersman and the term 'guerrillas' are introduced without explanation, with a presumption of familiarity. It is uncertain whether Digenis Akritis is a name or a title, and so it has been translated here (and elsewhere) as both.

228-91 Cf. G2.51-98. The two versions have many details in common but different emphases: E foregrounds the attractions of the girls in Syria, G the breaking of faith.

235	τὸν ἥλιον <ν'> ἀντιτάσσουν;	
	Τὰ εὐγενικὰ τοῦ Χάλεπε κοράσια οὐκ ἐνθυμᾶσαι,	
	νὰ λάμπουν ώς ὁ ἥλιος καὶ μυρίζουν ώς μόσχος;	
	Καὶ δὲν θυμᾶσαι, τέκνον μου, κοράσια ὁποὺ ἀγάπας	
	καὶ δέρνουσιν τὰ στήθη των, παρηγορίαν οὐκ ἔχουν;	
240	Οὐκ ἐνθυμᾶσαι, τέκνον μου, τοὺς θαυμαστούς σου παῖδας;	
	Έμεν τὰ παραρίκτουσιν καὶ ὀνειδίζουσίν με	
	καὶ οἱ συγγενεῖς οἱ πρόλοιποι καὶ ὅλον τὸ φουσάτον,	
	έμὲν κατονειδίζουσιν ὡς διὰ σένα, τέκνον.	
	"Ήκουσα ἐγέννησας παιδίν, δράκοντα τῆς Συρίας,	
245	καὶ ἀλὶ ἐμέν, <ἀλὶ ἐμέν,> ἄν μάθουν οἱ Κασίσοι,	
243	άν τὸ μάθουν ἀπὸ τὸ Ἐμὲκ καὶ <τὸ> ὑραζαβοῦρον,	
	μὴ ἀνοίξουν Ι τὸ μασγίδιν των τοῦ μέγα Μαχουμέτη, 146	
	νὰ κλάψουν είς τὸ μυῆμαν του καὶ νὰ σοῦ καταρῶνται.	
	Καὶ οὐδὲν θυμᾶσαι, τέκνον μου, τί ἐποίκαμεν οἱ δύο μας;	
250	Καὶ ἀπέκει ἐκατέβημαν 'ς τὸ μνῆμαν τοῦ προφήτου	
	καὶ ὑπέκλινες τὴν κεφαλήν, εὐχίσθηκά σου, τέκνον-	<i>a</i>
	καὶ ὅταν ἤθελες δοξασθῆν καὶ ἐπαινεθῆν μεγάλως,	G2.81
	έρνήθης καὶ τὸ γένος σου καὶ ὅλην σου τὴν Συρίαν.	
	Οὐδὲν θυμᾶσαι, τέκνον μου, τί ἔποικεν ὁ παππούς σου,	G2.60
255	πόσους Ρωμαίους ἔσφαξεν, πόσους δούλους ἐπῆρεν;	G2.61
	Τὰς φυλακὰς ἐγέμισεν ἄρχοντας τῶν Ρωμαίων.	G2.62
	Καὶ οὐδὲν θυμᾶσαι, τέκνον μου, τί ἔποικεν ὁ πατήρ σου;	
	Τὸ Κόνιον ἐκούρσευσεν μέχρι καὶ εἰς τὸ ἀμόρι,	
	εἰς Νικομήδειαν ἔφθασεν καὶ εἰς Πραίνετον ἐπέβην,	
260	καὶ ἄν οὐδὲν ἦτο ἡ θάλασσα, ἀκόμη εἶχε ὑπαγαίνει.	
	235 v' added by Alexiou	
	238 δὲν θυμᾶσαι Ε, cf. E254, 264: οὐκ ἐνθυμᾶσαι Prombonas, 1993, 71, cf. E2	236, 240
	241 'Εμὲν Alexiou: ὅτι ἐμέναν Ε ἐμὲ Trapp 244 "Ήκουσα Alexiou: ἐγὼ ἥκουσα ὅτι Ε	
	245 ἀλὶ ἐμέν added by Alexiou αν Alexiou: ἀν τὸ Ε	
	246 τὸ added by Trapp	
	247 μὴ Trapp: οὐ μὴ Ε	P
	248 νὰ κλάψουν είς τὸ μνῆμαν του Trapp: καὶ είς τὸ μνήμαν του να κλάψο 249 Alexiou suggests that one or two lines have been omitted at this point	UV E
	250 's Trapp: eis E	
	255 πόσους ¹ Trapp: τὸ πόσους Ε πόσους ² Alexiou: καὶ πόσους Ε	

256 φυλακάς Grégoire, 1929/30, 330: φάλαγγας Ε φάραγγας Hesseling

260 ήτο Alexiou (1990): είτον Ε άκόμη είχε Alexiou: άκόμοι πάντα ήχεν Ε πάντα

258 τὸ 'Auóρι Vogiatzidis, 1923/4, 62, cf. Ε 732: τὸν ἄμων Ε

257 οὐδὲν Trapp: πάλην οὐδὲν Ε

είχεν Trapp

259 Πραίνετον Pertusi, 1962, 44: πέρνετὸν Ε

to rival the sun? 235 Do you not remember the noble girls of Aleppo, that they shine like the sun and are perfumed like musk? And do you not remember, my child, the girls whom you loved and who beat their breasts and find no consolation? 240 Do you not remember, my child, your marvellous sons? As for me, the rest of our kinsmen and all the army accuse me of this and reproach me, they reproach me severely because of you, my child. I have heard that you have fathered a son, the dragon of Syria. 245 and woe is me, woe is me if the Kasisi learn of this. if the people of Emek and Orazabouron learn of this. in case they open their great mosque of Mohammed to weep at his tomb and to curse you. And do you not remember, my child, what the two of us did? 250 and from there we went to the Prophet's tomb and you bowed your head, I gave you my blessing, my child; but when you were about to be honoured and win great praise. you renounced your family and the whole of your Syria. Do you not remember, my child, what your grandfather did,

255 how many Romans he slew, how many slaves he captured?
He filled the prisons with Roman lords.
And do you not remember, my child, what your father did?
He raided Ikonion, as far even as Amorion,
he reached Nikomedia, and captured Prainetos

260 and if there had been no sea, he would have gone still further.

²³⁸⁻⁴⁰ As in G2.86, the emir in his rapturous love for the girl had previously omitted to mention his family elsewhere.

²⁴⁵ On possible identifications for these and the following names, see Name Index.

²⁴⁹ At this point a line meaning 'When we went to Mecca' has probably fallen out of the text.

²⁵⁸ The emir's father and uncle sweep across Asia Minor in a route reminiscent of the Arab raids of the seventh and eighth centuries; cf. his uncle's route at G2.75-9.

	Καὶ ὁ ἀδελφός μου, ὁ θεῖος σου, ὁ Μουρστασίτ, ἐπῆγεν, τὸν ερμοναν ἀνέδραμεν καὶ τὸν Ζυγὸν ἐπιάσεν, τὴν δὲ ᾿Αρμενίαν ἐξήλειψεν, πολὺν κακὸν ἐποίησεν.	G2.75
	Καὶ οὐδὲν θυμᾶσαι, τέκνον μου, τί ἐποῖκεν ὁ πατήρ σου;	
265	Πόσα κοράσια ἦφερεν εἰς τῆς Συρίας τὰ κάστρα, 146ν	
	ρωμαϊκὰ καὶ περσικά; Καὶ ἐσὺ ἐπαραξέβηκες ἀπὸ τοὺς συγγενούς σου,	
	τούς φίλους σου τούς εύγενεῖς, διὰ Ρωμαίας ἀγάπην.	
		02.00
220	Καὶ πῶς σὲ παρεξέβαλεν ἡ χατζιροφαγούσα	G2.82
270	καὶ ἀρνήθης καὶ τὴν πίστιν σου καὶ ὅλην σου τὴν Συρίαν;	
	Τήν είχες είς τὸν στάβλον σου καὶ είχες την καὶ σκλάβαν,	
	έποῖκες την κυράν σου	
	καὶ γδύνεται καὶ θέτεις την σιμά σου, εἰς τὴν ἀγκάλην.	
_	"Όμως ἄν θέλης, τέκνον μου, νὰ ἔχης τὴν εὐχήν μου,	
275	αύτου φαρία σὲ ἔστειλα ἐπιλεκτά, δρομαῖα	G2.94
	καὶ ἀγένεια παλληκάρια, εὐγενεῖς ᾿Αραβίτας,	
	πεντακοσίους ἄρχοντας χρυσοκλιβανιασμένους	
	καὶ τὸ λουρίκιν τὸ χρυσὸν τὸ ἐφόρει ὁ πατήρ σου.	
79/80		G2.95
	καὶ οἱ φάρες ἄν σὲ ἀκολουθοῦν, ἐσὲν κανεὶς οὐ φθάνει.	
	Εἰ δὲ ἀγαπᾶς την περισσά, τέκνον, ὡσὰν μοῦ λέγουν,	
	ἔπαρε καὶ αὐτὴν μετὰ ἐσέναν.	
	Εί δὲ καὶ οὐκ ἔλθης τὸ γοργόν,	
285	μὰ τὸν προφήτην τὸν καλόν, τὸν μέγαν Μαχουμέτην,	
	τὰ τέκνα σου νὰ σφάξουσιν καὶ ἐμέναν θέλουν πνίξει-	G2.85, 86
	τὰ δὲ κοράσια τὰ καλὰ ἄλλους νὰ περιλάβουν. 147τ	G2.87, 108
	Καὶ ἄν οὐδὲν ἔλθης τὸ γοργόν, κατέβην ἔχω εἰς Μάγγε	
	ς τὸ μνῆμαν τοῦ προφήτου,	
290	καὶ κλίνειν έχω κεφαλὴν ὑπέρ εὐχῆς μου πρώτης,	
	75 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

261 μου Τταρρ: μου καὶ Ε σου Kalonaros: μου Ε Μουρστασίτ Alexiou: μουροτασίτης Ε 262 ἐπιάσεν Τταρρ: ἐπίασεν Ε 263 ἐξήλειψεν, πολύν κακὸν Τrapp: ἐξύληψέν την παντελῶς καὶ πολλὴν κακὸν τὴν Ε 268 τούς φίλους σου τούς εύγενεῖς Politis, 1973, 343: ἀπὸ τοὺς εὐγενοῖς σου φίλους Ε 273 σιμά σου, είς τὴν ἀγκάλην Alexiou: σιμὰ είς τὴν ἀγκάλην σου Ε 275 έπιλεκτά Τραρρ: ἐπιλεκτὰ καὶ Ε 279/80 Τὸν βάδεον καβαλίκευσε καὶ βάλε Alexiou: καὶ τὸν βάδεον τὸν καβαλήκευγεν, καὶ καβαλήκευσέ τον · καὶ ἔβαλε καὶ Ε 281 ἀκολουθοῦν Alexiou: ἀκουλουθοῦν Ε 282 δὲ Τταρρ; δὲ καὶ Ε 287 κοράσια Τrapp: κοράσια σου Ε 288 είς Τταρρ: είς τὸ Ε 289 's Trapp: eis E

And my brother, your uncle, Mourstasit, went out and crossed over the Hermon and captured the Zygos mountain; he wiped out Armenia, he did much damage.

And do you not remember, my child, what your father did?

265 How many girls did he bring to the fortresses of Syria, Roman and Persian?

And you have broken away from your kinsmen and your high-born friends, for the love of a Roman girl. How did she, the pig-eater, so distract you

270 that you renounced your faith and the whole of your Syria?

The girl whom you kept in your stable and had as a slave
you have made your lady,
and she takes off her clothes and you hold her close to you in your
arms.

However, if you wish, my child, to have my blessing,

275 I have sent you there choice swift steeds

and brave beardless youths, high-born Arabs, five hundred lords clad in gold cuirasses,

and the gold breastplate which your father wore.

279/80 Mount the chestnut horse and put on the breastplate, and even if steeds pursue you, no one will overtake you.

If you love her very much, child, as they tell me,

bring her with you too.

But if you do not come quickly,

by the good Prophet, the great Mohammed, they will slaughter your children and they will strangle me, and the lovely girls will embrace other men.
If you do not come quickly. I shall be on my way to Mecca, to the Prophet's tomb,

290 and I will bow my head over my first blessing,

²⁷⁷ The 'cuirasses' are part of the *kataphrakt* armour revived in the tenth century: cf. Goliath at G7.75.
287 (cf. E238-9) The lovely girls are the emir's Syrian wives.

295

καὶ νὰ ἔχης τὴν κατάραν μου ὑπὲρ εὐχῆς γονέων.»	G2.98
Κ' έδῶκεν τους τὰ γράμματα καὶ εἰς Ρωμανίαν έβγῆκαν,	G2.100
καὶ ήλθασιν καὶ ἀπλικεύσασιν <ἐκεῖ> εἰς τὸ Χαλκοπέτριν.	G2.102
Τὰ γράμματα ἔστειλαν κρυφὰ 'ς τὸν ἀμιρὰν ἐκεῖνον	
καὶ οὕτως γὰρ ἐγράφασιν τὰ πιτάκια ἐκεῖνα:	
«'Ο ἀμιράς, ἀφέντης μας, τὸ φέγγος φέγγει ὅλον·	
νύκτα ἄν περιπατήσωμεν, τὸ φέγγος φέγγει πάλε.»	G2.104

Ανέγνωσαν τὰ γράμματα καὶ οὕτως ἐδηλῶναν·
καὶ ὡς ἤκουσεν τὰ γράμματα, ἐθλίβην ἡ ψυχή του,
300 ἐκαύσθηκαν Ι τὰ σπλάγχνα του, ἐχάθην ἡ καρδία του, 147ν
ἤκουσεν διὰ τὴν μάναν του, τὰ τέκνα του ἐνθυμήθη
καὶ τὰ κοράσια τὰ καλὰ τὰ πολυπόθητά του,
καὶ ἐνέγνωθεν τὰ γράμματα καὶ ἀπέκει ἐφίλησέν τα.
'Ϣς λέων ἐβρυχίσθηκεν, σεβαίνει εἰς τὸ κουβούκλιν
305 καὶ τὴν καλήν του τὰ λαλεῖ καὶ τὴν βουλήν του λέγει
καὶ τέτοια συμβουλεύεται καὶ οὕτως τὴν συντυχαίνει:

«Ἡ μήτηρ μου μὲ ἀπέστειλεν γράμματα ἀπὸ Συρίας καὶ ἀγούρους μοῦ ἀπέστειλεν ἐνταῦθα νὰ μὲ πάρουν καὶ νὰ μὲ πάρουσιν γοργόν, νὰ ὑπάγω μετ' ἐκείνους,

310 νὰ ἰδῶ καὶ τὴν μητέραν μου καὶ πάλι νὰ διαγείρω.»
Καὶ ταῦτα ἡ κόρη ὡς ἤκουσεν, βαρία ἀναστενάζει καὶ ἐπήδησαν τὰ δάκρυα της καὶ ἐχάθηκεν ὁ νοῦς της-καὶ ὁ νοῦς της συλλογίζεται ἵνα τὰ μαντατεύση τὰ ἀΙδέλφιά της τὰ γλυκιά.

315 καὶ πάλιν περικόπτεται διὰ ταραχὰς καὶ μάχας καὶ πείθει την ὁ λογισμὸς <νὰ> μὴ τὸ ὁμολογήση, G4.518 μὴ ἐκφανερώση τὰ κρυπτὰ μυστήρια τοῦ καλοῦ της.

Καὶ ὁ ὕστερός της ἀδελφὸς 'ς τὸν ὕπνον του <τὸ> εἶδεν·

G2.136

292 Κ' ἐδῶκεν Hesseling: Καὶ δῶκεν Ε

293 ἀπλικεύσασιν Kalonaros: ἐπλεύσασιν Ε ἐκεῖ added by Alexiou

294 ἔστειλαν Alexiou: ἀπέστειλαν Ε 'ς Trapp: είς Ε

297 αν περιπατήσωμεν Alexiou, cf. Z652: καὶ αν περιπατοῦν Ε

καὶ σκοτεινὰ σηκώνεται, λέγει τῶν ἀδελφῶν του:

310 να 1 Trapp: καὶ να Ε

311 ώς Alexiou: ώς τὸ E

315 διά Trapp, cf. Z 681: ώς δια Ε

316 καὶ Alexiou: ὅμως Ε την ὁ λογισμὸς νὰ Alexiou: τον τὸν λογισμὸν Ε

317 μη Trapp, cf. Z 682: να μη Ε

318 's Alexiou: είς Ε τὸ added by Alexiou

319 λέγει Τταρρ: λέγι το Ε

and you will have my curse in place of your parents' blessing." She gave them the letter and they went off to Roman territory, and they arrived and camped there at Chalkopetrin. They sent the letter secretly to the emir,

and this is what they wrote in that message:
"Emir, our lord, the moon is shining at the full and if we set off by night, the moon will be shining still."

They read out the letter and this is what it revealed.

When the emir heard the letter, his soul was grieved,

is affections were on fire, his heart was broken;

he heard about his mother, he remembered his children

and his lovely, most desirable girls;

he read the letter and then he kissed it.

He roared like a lion, he entered their chamber

and spoke to his beloved about this, and told her his plans;

he consulted her about them, and addressed her thus:

"My mother has sent me a letter from Syria and she has sent me youngsters here to take me, to take me quickly so that I go with them
310 and see my mother and return once more."

When the girl heard this, she sighed deeply, her tears sprang up and she went out of her mind.

her tears sprang up and she went out of her mind. And it came to mind that she should inform her sweet brothers of this;

315 but once more she was alarmed about uproar and battles, and her reason persuaded her not to confess the news and not to reveal her beloved's hidden secrets.

But her youngest brother saw this in his sleep and got up in the dark and said to his brothers:

²⁹² The emir's mother is repenting of her blessing mentioned at E251.
295 The letter was read aloud in the usual pre-modern manner (cf. E299) by unspecified persons and the contents are given proleptically.

	262 Διγενής Άκρίτης	
320	«'Απόψε είδα ὄνειρον καὶ οὔτως γὰρ δηλώνει·	
	εἶδα εἰς τὸ Χαλκόπετρον γέρακας πετομένους	G2.140, 152
	καὶ ἀετὸς χρυσόπτερος ἐσέβη εἰς τὸ κουβούκλιν·	G2.143
	περιστερὰν ἐδίωκεν ἄσπρην ὡς εἶν' τὸ χιόνιν	G2.141
	καὶ ἥπλωσα τὰ χέρια μου κ' ἐπίασα καὶ τὰ δύο	G2.145
325	καὶ ἡ ψυχή μου ἐπόνεσε, καὶ ταχεῖα ἐσηκώθην.»	G2.146
	Καὶ τότε ὁ πρῶτος ἀδελφὸς οὕτως ἀπιλογᾶται:	G2.147
	«Φαίνεταί μου ὅτι οἱ γέρακες ἄνδρες ἀρπάκτες ἔνι	G2.148
	καὶ ὁ ἀετὸς ὁ χρυσόπτερος, φαίνεται, ἔνι ὁ γαμπρός μας,	G2.149
	περιστερά τὸ ἀδέλφι μας μὴ τὸ κακοδικήση.	G2.150
330	Καὶ ἄς καβαλικεύσωμεν καὶ ἄς περιγυριστοῦμεν,	
	οπου είδας τὸ ὄνειρον, ὅπου είδας τὰ γεράκια.»	G2.151
	Οἱ πέντε ἐκαβαλίκευσαν καὶ ὑπᾶν 'ς τὸ Χαλκοπέτριν.	G2.153
	Έκεῖ ηὖραν τοὺς Σαρακηνούς, εὐγενεῖς ᾿Αραβίτας-	G2.154
	γελώντας τοὺς ἐλάλησαν, νὰ μὴ τοὺς ἐγνωρίσουν: Ι	
335	«Καλῶς τὰ παλληκάρια μας, γεράκια τοῦ γαμπροῦ μας-	148v G2.156
	τί ὧδε ἐπεζεύσατε καὶ οὐκ ἥλθετε εἰς τὸν οἶκον;»	52.130
	Σαρακηνὸς ἐλάλησεν, τὸν λέγασιν Μουσούφρην:	

τί ὧδε ἐπεζεύσατε καὶ οὐκ ἤλθετε εἰς τὸν οἶκον;»
Σαρακηνὸς ἐλάλησεν, τὸν λέγασιν Μουσούφρην:
«Χθὲς ἐπαραβραδιάστημαν καὶ ἐμείναμεν ἀπῶδε.»
Καὶ τότε οἱ πέντε ἀδελφοὶ ἐς τὸν οἶκον ὑπαγαίνουν·
340 μὲ ταραχὰς ὑπήντησαν, τὸν ἀμιρὰν λαλοῦσιν:
«Αὐτοῦ φαρία σὲ ἀπέστειλαν, ἐπίλεκτα, δρομαῖα καὶ ἀγένεια παλληκάρια ἀπὸ τοὺς ᾿Αραβίτας καὶ τὸ λουρίκιν τὸ χρυσόν, τὸ ἐφόρει ὁ πατήρ σου·

320 είδα Τταρρ: ἴδα ἀδέλφια μου Ε

321 είδα Τταρρ: ἐφάνη μου ὅτι είδα Ε γέρακας πετομένους Alexiou: γεράκας πετομένας Ε (Prombonas, 1985, 10)

322 ἐσέβη Alexiou: ἐσέβην Ε

325 ή ψυχή μου ἐπόνεσε Alexiou: πόνεσε ή ψυχή μου Ε καὶ Trapp: καὶ διατοῦτο Ε

327 μου Politis, 1973, 345: μου ἀδέλφιά μου Ε

328 φαίνεται Alexiou, cf. Spadaro, 1989, 177; φένετε μου Ε

329 περιστερά Trapp: ἡ περιστέρα Ε

330 Καὶ Trapp: καὶ διασυντόμως Ε

331 εἶδας . . . εἶδας Trapp, cf, G2.151; ἴδαμεν . . . ἴδαμεν Ε

332 's Trapp: eis E

334 νὰ μὴ τοὺς ἐγνωρίσουν Alexiou: ἀμὴ οὐδὲν τοὺς ἐγνορίσαν Ε

336 οἶκον Trapp, cf. Z733: οἶκον τοῦ γαμπρού μας Ε

337 Σαρακηνὸς Trapp: καὶ τότε εἶς σαρακηνὸς Ε

338 Χθές Alexiou: έχθές Ε

339 'ς Trapp: είς Ε

340 με ταραχάς Hesseling: μεταχαράς Ε

343 καὶ Trapp: καὶ ἔστειλάν σου καὶ Ε

320 "I saw a dream tonight and this is what it reveals: I saw hawks flying at Chalkopetron and a gold-winged eagle entered the chamber, it pursued a dove white as snow, I held out my hands and caught both of them,

and my soul was troubled, so I got up quickly."

And then the eldest brother replied thus:

"It seems to me that the hawks are abductors, and the gold-winged eagle, it seems, is our brother-in-law,

the dove our sister; he must not harm her.

330 But let us mount our horses and search around where you saw the dream and where you saw the hawks."

The five mounted and went to Chalkopetrin.

There they found the Saracens, high-born Arabs.

They said to them laughingly, so that they should not understand their purpose:

Why have you dismounted here and not come to the house?"

A Saracen – his name was Mousoufris – said:

"We arrived rather late yesterday and stayed here."

And then the five brothers went to the house:

340 in perturbation they confronted the emir and addressed him:
"They have sent choice swift steeds to you here,
and brave beardless youths from among the Arabs,

and the golden breastplate which your father wore.

³²¹ Bird symbolism seems deeply embedded in *Digenis* and the whole romance tradition. The dove regularly represents a young girl and the eagle a hero, while the hawk can be both villain and hero (cf. E966).

³³⁷ No individual Arabs are named in G at this point.

³⁴³ The brothers should not be aware of these details since the contents of the emir's mother's letter have not been revealed to them. Recapitulation of details is a feature of oral story-telling; contrast G2.156-7 which avoids precision. Both versions include the threat of not returning to Syria.

345	καὶ ἄν μισεύσειν βούλεσαι ἀπὸ τὴν Ρωμανίαν, σήμερον ἔπαρε τὰ σὰ καὶ τὰ ἦφερες μὴ ἀφήσης.	G2.169
	Τὴν ἀδελφήν μας ἄφις την, τὸν παΐδα σου ἀπαρνήσου	G2.168
	καὶ ἡμεῖς νὰ τὸν ἐκθρέψωμεν καὶ ὁ Θεὸς νὰ τὸν δικαιώση.	
	Μὴ βουληθῆς, ὧ ἀμιρά, νὰ ἔβγης κρυφῶς Ι ἀπῶδε 149r	
	καὶ ὅπου σὲ καταφθάσωμεν, ἄλλον Συρίαν οὐ βλέπεις.»	G2.166
350	Καὶ ὡς τὸ ἤκουσεν ὁ ἀμιράς, πολλὰ τοὺς ἐφοβήθη, ὁ νοῦς του ἐσυνετρόμαξεν καὶ οὐδὲν τοὺς ἀπεκρίθην. ὑως λέων ἀρυόμενος ἐσέβη εἰς τὸ κουβούκλιν,	G2.170
	τὴν κόρην ὀνειδίζοντα οὕτως τὴν συντυχαίνει:	
355	«Φὔτως εἰσὶν οἱ Χριστιανοὶ καὶ οὕτως φυλάσσουν ὅρκους; Καὶ οὐδὲν θυμᾶσαι ἀπὸ ἀρχῆς τὸ τί ἔπαθα δι᾽ ἐσέναν;	149v
	Δούλην σὲ ἐπῆρα ἀπὸ ἀρχῆς ἀπὸ τὰ γονικά σου	
	καὶ ἐσὺ ἔχεις ἐμέναν τώρα δοῦλον	G2.189
	καὶ τὰ ὅριζες ἐγίνουντα, τὰ ἥθελες ἐποίουν.	
360	Σκλάβαν σὲ ἐπῆρα <ἀπὸ ἀρχῆς> καὶ εἶχα σεν ὡς κυράν μου. Ἐμὲν ποτὲ οὐκ ἐπήντησεν στρατηγὸς ἢ τοπάρχης· στανεό μου οὐδὲν μοῦ ἐμίλησαν, τινὰς μὴ τὸ καυχᾶται·	G2.188
	καὶ ὁ πόθος σου μὲ ἠνέγκασεν καὶ εἰς Ρωμανίαν ἐξέβην	G2.191
	καὶ τὴν πίστιν μου ἀρνήθηκα, κυρά μου, ὡς διὰ ἐσέναν,	G2.9
	τοὺς θαυμαστοὺς ἀγούρους μου, καὶ μετὰ ἐσέναν ἦρθα.	
365	Καὶ ἐδάρε μὲ κακοδικεῖς καὶ ἐπιβουλεύγεσαί με-	
	καὶ μὲ σκοτώσει θέλουσιν οἱ πέντε ἀδελφοί σου.	
	Πάντως ἂν σύρω τὸ σπαθὶν καὶ σφάξω τὸν ἑαυτόν μου,	G2.196
	αὔριον νὰ σὲ ὀνειδίζουσιν οἱ εὐγενεῖς Ρωμαῖοι,	G2.198

344 μισεύσειν βούλεσαι Alexiou: βούλεσε μισεύσιν κριφὸς Ε

347 έκθρέψωμεν Alexiou: ἀναθρέψομεν Ε

348 ἀπῶδε Kalonaros: ἐπόθεν Ε

352 ἐσέβη Alexiou: ἐσέβην Ε

353 ονειδίζοντα Trapp: κατονιδίζοντα Ε

356 ἀπὸ ἀρχῆς Alexiou: ἀπαρχὴς Ε

359 ἀπὸ ἀρχῆς added by Alexiou ώς Hesseling: οὐ Ε

360 στρατηγός Hesseling: στράτιος Ε, Alexiou (see Trapp. 1982, 351)

361 στανεό Kalonaros: καὶ στεανό Ε τινὰς Τrapp: τινὸς· τινὰς Ε

362 ήνέγκασεν Ε: ήνάγκασεν Kalonaros

364 τούς θαυμαστούς άγούρους μου Alexiou: καὶ τούς άγούρους μου τοὺς θαυμαστούς Ε

366 καὶ μὲ σκοτώσει θέλουσιν Τrapp: καὶ θέλουν με σκοτόσοι Ε

367 Πάντως Kalonaros: παντός Ε

368 αὔριον Alexiou: καὶ αὔριον Ε

So if you wish to leave Roman territory,

345 collect up your belongings today and don't leave behind anything that you brought.

Leave our sister behind, renounce your son and we will bring him up and God will avenge him. Don't expect, emir, to get away from here in secret, and wherever we catch up with you, you will never see Syria again."

And when the emir heard this, he was very afraid of them, his mind was terrified and he gave them no reply.

Bellowing like a lion, he entered their chamber, and reproaching the girl he addressed her thus:

"Is this what Christians are like, and is this how they keep their oaths?

Do you not remember what I suffered because of you at the beginning?

I took you as a slave at the beginning from your father's estates, and now you have me as your slave;

what you commanded has taken place and what you wanted I have done.

I took you as a slave in the beginning but I looked on you as my lady.

360 No general or governor has ever stood against me;

they have never spoken to me against my will – let no one boast of that.

Desire for you compelled me and I came to Roman territory, and for your sake I renounced my faith, my lady, and my marvellous youngsters, and I followed you.

365 But now you do me wrong and plot against me, and your five brothers want to kill me.
Surely, if I draw my sword and kill myself, tomorrow the high-born Romans will reproach you

³⁵¹ Once again the emir is shown as a somewhat vulnerable figure.

³⁵⁷ The exemplification of the power of love through, e.g., the reversal of expected social roles (as here) is fundamental to the poem.

³⁶⁴ Most of the 'youngsters' were sent back from the Roman-Syrian border when the emir made his initial journey to the girl's home (E200).

ότι τὸν είχες είς βουλὴν καὶ ἐκεῖνος πάλι ἐσέναν

370 Τοὺς ἄνδρας κτείνει μάχαιρα, τὰ δὲ κοράσια ὁ "Αδης. 'Αλλά, ψυχή μου, όμμάτια μου, καρδιά μου, ἀναπνοή μου, μὴ τὸ θλιβής γὰρ λέγω σε, μὴ τὸ καρδιοπονέσης. Ή ἀγάπη γὰρ μὲ ἀνάγκασεν, πρὸς ὀλίγας ἡμέρας, της ταπεινής μου της μητρός καὶ όλων τῶν συγγενῶν μου. 375 θέλω νὰ πάω νὰ τοὺς ἰδῶ καὶ πάλι νὰ ὑποστρέψω. Είδα <καί> γάρ, ὀμμάτια μου, τὰ δάκρυα τῆς μητρός μου καὶ Ι ὡς δι' αὖτον ὑπαγαίνω 150r Μὰ τὸν κριτὴν τὸν φοβερόν, τὸν τρέμει πᾶσα ἡ κτίσις, τὸν τρέμουν οἱ Σαρακηνοὶ καὶ οἱ Χριστιανοὶ <καὶ οἱ> πάντες, 380 δώδεκα νυκτοήμερα νὰ ποιήσω είς τὰ έδικά μου καὶ ἄλλα εἰκοσιτέσσερα ὧστε νὰ πάγω νά ρθω.» Καὶ τότε τὸ κοράσιον βαρέα ἀναστενάζει: «Μάρτυρας νὰ εἶναι ὁ Ἦλιος ὁ φαίνων εἰς τὸν κόσμον: ἀφ' ἦς ἡμέρας μὲ ἔδειξες τὸ γράμμαν τῆς μητρός σου 385 καὶ ἀπότες έμολόγησες τὰ κρυφά σου μυστήρια. αν τὰ εἶπα ἐγὼ τῶν ἀδελφῶν ἢ ἀνθρώπου γεννημένου, νὰ τύγω εἰς θάνατον πικρόν, τὸν ποῖον οὐδὲν ὀλπίζω, νὰ στερηθῶ σε καὶ τὸ φῶς τοῦ λάμποντος Ἡλίου.» Καὶ τότε τὸ κοράσιον ἐστράφηκεν ὀπίσω, 390 τῶν ἀδελφῶν της ἔλεγεν μετὰ κακῆς καρδίας:

«"Αρτι, άδέλφια μου καλά, διατί νὰ τὸν λυπᾶτε; 150ν Διατί τὸν ὀνειδίζετε καὶ ἦλθεν λυπημένος: Κλαίοντα καὶ όδυρόμενος κεῖται εἰς τὸ κλινάριν καὶ ἀποφυσᾶ ὡς ἡ θάλασσα καὶ βρουχᾶται ὡς λέων,

369 πάλι Alexiou: πάλην Ε After 369 Alexiou suggests a line is omitted 370 ὁ Aδης Ε: ὀνείδη Grégoire-Letocart, 1939, 215 371 καρδιά Trapp: καρδία Ε 375 θέλω Trapp: καὶ θέλω Ε 376 Είδα καὶ γάρ corr.: είδα γάρ Ε Είδασι γὰρ τὰ Alexiou 377 αὖτον Alexiou: αὐτὸν Ε 378 Mà Trapp: καὶ μα Ε 379 kgì oi added by Alexiou 380 νυκτοήμερα Alexiou: νυκτίμερα μόνον Ε 386 ἀδελφῶν ἢ Alexiou: ἀδελφῶν μου ἢ ἀν τὰ ὁμολόγησα Ε 388 νὰ στερηθῶ σε corr.: καὶ νασε στεριθῶ Ε 390 των άδελφων της Trapp: τον άδελφον της τον Ε 392 Διατί τὸν Trapp: διατί να τὸν Ε

because the man whom you had in your confidence as you were in his

370 Men are killed by the dagger, but girls by Hades. But, my soul, my eyes, my heart, my breath. don't grieve, I tell you, don't let your heart be pained. It is love that has constrained me for a few days. love for my unhappy mother and all my kinsmen.

375 I wish to go to see them, and to come back again. For, my eyes, I have seen my mother's tears and it is for that reason that I am going.

By the fearsome judge before whom all creation trembles. before whom Saracens and all Christians tremble.

380 I shall spend twelve days and nights in my own country. and a further twenty-four to go and to return." And then the girl sighed deeply:

"May the Sun which shines over the world be witness: from the day you showed me the letter from your mother

385 and from the time you confessed your hidden secrets to me, if I uttered them to my brothers or to any man alive. may I suffer a bitter death of the sort I would never look for. and may I be deprived of you and of the Sun's radiant light." And then the girl went back

390 and said to her brothers with a bitter heart:

"Why, my fine brothers, do you upset him now? Why do you reproach him, so that he has come in distressed? He lies on the couch weeping and wailing and rages like the sea and roars like a lion

³⁶⁹ It is very likely that a line on the girl's betrayal has dropped out of the E tradition, and perhaps a threat of suicide by the emir (cf. E370); G2.199-200 is more reasonable. Trapp's solution is to reposition E370 after 367. 383 Once more an appeal to the Sun; cf. E91 above.

395 καὶ θέλει ἀπὸ τῆς θλίψεως χαθῆ ἀπὸ τὸν κόσμον. Πάντως μετὰ θελήσεώς σας αὐτὸν ἐπῆρα ἄνδρα καὶ ἡξεύρετε καλὰ ὅτι δι' ἐμέναν έρνήθηκεν την πίστιν του καὶ Χριστιανὸς έγίνη, είς Ρωμανίαν έξέβηκεν διὰ έμὲν καὶ σᾶς τοὺς πέντε-400 καὶ ἐδὰ παραπονεῖτε τον καὶ ἐμέναν ὀνειδίζει. Καὶ <αὐτὸς> ἐμέναν ἔδειξεν τὸ γράμμαν τῆς μητρός του καὶ ἐμέναν κατεθάρρεψεν καὶ τὰς βουλάς του μοῦ εἶπενμητρός κατάραν θλίβεται καὶ θέλει νὰ ὑπάγη. G2.228 Καὶ ἐσεῖς πῶς ἐφυλάξατε κατάραν τῆς μητρός σας, G2.231 405 ὅταν ἐκατεφθάσατε τὴν ἄκραν τῆς κλεισούρας; G2.233Θάνατον ού 'φοβήθητε διὰ τὴν μητρὸς κατάραν.» G2.234 Τὰ ἀδέλφιά της λέγουσιν λόγους παρηγορίας: « Εμεῖς ἐσέναν ἔχομεν ζωὴν καὶ ἀναπνοήν μας G2.240 καὶ ὡς δι' αὐτὸν τὸ θλιβόμεθεν, μὴ πάγη καὶ ἀπομείνη-410 ὅμως ἄν βούλεται ἀπελθεῖν, νὰ ἰδῆ καὶ τὴν μητέραν του καὶ πάλιν νὰ διαγείρη. ότι νὰ ἔρθη τὸ γοργὸν ἐμᾶς ἄς μᾶς ὀμόση, νὰ μὴν γενῆ Σαρακηνὸς καὶ ἐσὲν ἀλησμονήση. Καὶ νὰ τὸν ἀΙποβγάλωμεν καὶ ὁ Θεὸς νὰ τὸν βοηθήση.» 151r

Φἱ πέντε ἀντάμα ἐστάθησαν μετὰ τῆς ἀδελφῆς των καὶ εἰς τὸ κουβούκλιν ἤμπασιν, ᾽ς τὴν κλίνην τοῦ γαμπροῦ τους, καὶ ηὖρασιν τὸν νεώτερον κειτόμενον ᾽ς τὴν κλίνηντὸν γρόθον του εἰς τὸ μάγουλον εἶχεν ἀκουμπισμένον, τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς του ἠγρίωσεν ὡς λέων πειρασμένοςτὰ δάκρυα του ἐκατέβαιναν ὡς ὄμβροι τοῦ Μαΐου.
Καὶ ὡς εἶδεν ὁ νεώτερος τοὺς γυναικαδελφούς του, γοργὸν ἐκατεπήδησεν καὶ προσυπήντησέ τους.

395 θέλει ἀπὸ τῆς θλίψεως Trapp: ἀπὸ τῆς θλίψεωσας θέλη Ε
396 Πάντως Trapp: παντὸς Ε αὐτὸν corr. τὸν Ε
399 διὰ Trapp: ὡς δια Ε
400 ἐδὰ Trapp: ἐδάρε Ε
401 αὐτὸς added by Alexiou
406 Θάνατον οὐ ˙φοβήθητε Trapp: θάνατον οὐκ ἐφοβήθητε Ε θανεῖν οὐκ ἐφοβήθητε Alexiou τὴν μητρὸς Alexiou: τῆς μητρός σας τὴν Ε
412 ὅτι νὰ ἔρθη τὸ γοργὸν ἐμᾶς ἄς μᾶς ὀμόση Trapp: ἐμὰς ἀς μας ὀμῶσι ὅτι να ἔρθη τὸ γοργὸν Ε
413 γενῆ Trapp: γενῆ πάλην Ε
414 Καὶ Alexiou: καὶ ἡμεῖς Ε
416 ˙ς Trapp: εἰς Ε
417 ˙ς Trapp: εἰς Ε
418 εἰς τὸ μάγουλον εἶχεν Trapp: ἡχεν εἰς τὸ μάγουλόν του Ε

395 and is about to be lost to the world because of his grief. Surely it was with your consent that I took him as my husband and you well know that for my sake he renounced his faith and became a Christian: he set out for Roman territory because of me and you five, 400 and now you are upsetting him and he is reproaching me. He showed me the letter from his mother and he trusted me and told me his plans: he is grieved over his mother's curse and wants to go. But how did you watch out for your mother's curse 405 when you reached the top of the pass? You did not fear death more than your mother's curse." Her brothers spoke words of comfort to her: "We think of you as our life and breath, and so we are concerned for him, in case he leaves and stays away; 410 but if he wants to go to see his mother and to come back again. let him swear to us that he will go quickly and not become a Saracen and forget you. Let us send him on his way and may God help him."

415 The five stood up together with their sister and went into the chamber, to their brother-in-law's couch. They found the young man lying on his couch; he had leant his fist on his cheek, his eyes were wild like a tormented lion's,

420 his tears rained down like showers in May.

When the young man saw his wife's brothers, he jumped up quickly and confronted them.

425 Χθὲς ἐκαβαλικεύσαμεν ἀμάδι καὶ οἱ πέντε
καὶ ἐπήγαμεν <ἐκεῖ> εἰς τὸ Χαλκοπέτριν,
ὡς διὰ νὰ κυνηγήσωμεν τίποτε τῶν ἀγρίωνκαὶ εἴδαμεν Ι ἀπὸ μακρά, πέραν τοῦ ποταμίου, 151ν
παλουκωσίες <καὶ> ἠστέκοντα δεμένα τὰ φαρία,

430 καὶ οἱ πέντε ἐπιλαλήσαμεν καὶ ἐπήγαμεν νὰ ἰδοῦμεν. Καὶ ηὕραμεν τοὺς Σαρακηνούς, εὐγενεῖς ᾿Αραβίτας· οἱ μὲν λουρικιασμένοι ἦσαν, ἄλλοι σουσανιασμένοι καὶ ἐκρατοῦσαν ᾽ς τὰ χέρια των κοντάρια καὶ ραβδία, πράσινα μακρυκόνταρα μετ᾽ ἀσήμιν δεμένα.

435 Καὶ εἰς μίαν τοὺς ἐγνωρίσαμεν ὅτι ὡς διὰ ἐσέναν ἦλθαν, διὰ ἐσέναν ἐκοπίασαν ἀπέσω ἀπὸ Συρίαν, ἵνα σὲ ἐπάρουσιν κρυφῶς, καὶ νὰ ὑπᾶς μετὰ κείνουςκαὶ κατὰ τὴν ὑπόληψιν ἤλθαμεν εἰς ἐσένανκαὶ μὴ μᾶς μέφεσαι, γαμπρέ, διατὶ σὲ ἀγριομιλοῦμεν.

440 Καὶ ἄν θέλης πᾶν εἰς τὴν Συρίαν, θέλομεν νὰ ὀμόσης, τῆς κόρης νὰ μὴν λησμονῆς, τῆς ἡλιογεννημένης, καὶ τοῦ παγκάλου σου υἱοῦ, τοῦ Διγενῆ τ' ᾿Ακρίτη. Καὶ μηδὲν σοῦ φανῆ κακὸν διατὶ ὀνειδίσαμέν σε, ἀμὴ ἔβγαλέ την τὴν κακὴν καρδίαν ἀπὸ τὸν νοῦν σου

445 καὶ ἔχε ἡμερότηταν, μᾶλλον δὲ καὶ πραότην,
νὰ εἶσαι καὶ πανεύφημος ἐς ὅλην τὴν οἰκουμένην.
Καὶ ἐμεῖς νὰ σὲ ἀποβγάλωμεν καὶ ὁ Θεὸς νὰ σὲ βοηθήση,
ὁποὺ τὸν κόσμον διακρατεῖ καὶ πάντας ἐπιβλέπει |
καὶ πάλιν νὰ ὑποστραφὴς, νὰ ἔλθης διασυντόμως. 152r

450 Εἰ δὲ καὶ βούλεσαι, γαμπρέ, ἄλλον <νὰ> μὴ ὑποστρέψης καὶ νὰ ἀρνηθῆς τὸ ἀδέλφι μας

426 ÈKEĨ added by Alexiou

429 καὶ added by Kalonaros

432 λουρικιασμένοι ήσαν [ήσαν] Alexiou, cf. E945: λουρίκια ἐφοροῦσασιν Ε σουσανιασμένοι Koukoules, 1913/4, 316, cf. E945: σουσινιασμένοι Ε

G2.131

433 's Trapp: eis E

436 διὰ Alexiou: ὡς διὰ Ε

440 Καὶ Τrapp: καὶ ἐσὰ Ε νὰ Alexiou: να μας Ε

441 τῆς κόρης νὰ μὴν λησμονῆς Alexiou: να μὴν λησμονίσις τῆς κόρης Ε

443 κακὸν διατὶ ὀνειδίσαμέν σε Alexiou: νεότερε κακὸν, διατί σε ὀνειδείσαμεν ὀψὲς Ε

444 ἔβγαλέ την τὴν κακὴν καρδίαν Alexiou: τὴν κακὴν καρδίαν ἔβγαλέ την Ε

445 ἔχε Hesseling: ἔχει Ε 446 'ς Trapp: εἰς Ε

448 επιβλέπει Hesseling: ὑπὸβλέπει Ε

450 và added by Alexiou

They spoke to him with peaceable words:

"Do not grieve, young man, for your mother's sake.

425 Yesterday we five mounted together

and we went there to Chalkopetrin,

to hunt some wild animals.

And we saw from a long way off, beyond the river,

stakes with steeds tethered to them.

430 So we five spurred on and went to look.

And we found Saracens, high-born Arabs;
some were wearing breastplates, others mail,
and they held spears and sticks in their hands,
long green spears bound with silver.

435 And in an instant we realised that they had come for you, it was for you that they had made the long journey from Syria, to take you away secretly, and for you to go with them; and in consequence we have come to see you.

Do not blame us, brother-in-law, for speaking to you harshly.

440 And if you want to go to Syria, we want you to swear not to forget the sun-born girl

and your very handsome son, Digenis Akritis, the Frontiersman of Double Descent.

So do not think it wrong that we reproached you, but think no more of your bitter attitude

and choose mildness, or rather meekness, so that you become famous throughout the civilised world. We will see you off from here and may God help you, God who controls the world and watches over everyone. May you return and come back rapidly.

450 But if you intend, brother-in-law, not to return again and to renounce our sister

⁴²⁴⁻³⁷ This recapitulation, once again perhaps showing patterning from oral story-telling, contrasts with the succinct report of G2.245-8. The knowledge shown by the brothers of the contents of the various messages is inconsistent but dramatic effect is the over-riding consideration.

⁴⁴² Again it is not clear whether these are names or titles, perhaps an indication that this is a well-known story.

ἢ τὸ ἄνθος, τὸν αὐγερινόν, τὸν Διγενή σου παῖδαν, έλπίζομεν είς τὸν Θεόν, ὁποὺ τοὺς πάντας βλέπει, <ἄλλον> νὰ μὴ ἴδης τὴν Συρίαν, ἄν οὐδὲν ὑποστρέψης.» Καὶ τότε ὁ νεώτερος βαρέως ἀναστενάζει 455 καὶ ἐπήδησαν τὰ δάκρυα του, τοιοῦτον λόγον λέγει: «Κύριε, ἐὰν ἐγὼ ἐνθυμηθῶ ἐσᾶς νὰ λησμονήσω ἢ τὸ ἄνθος τὸ ἐκλεκτόν, τὸν Διγενή μου παῖδα, G3.54 καὶ ἂν οὐ διαγείρω ἐγλήγορα μετὰ καὶ τῆς μητρός μου, 460 νὰ ἐπάρω καὶ τὰ ἀδέλφια μου, νὰ ἔλθουν μετὰ ἐμέναν, νὰ πάρω καὶ τὸ πλοῦτος μου καὶ τὰ φαρία μου ὅλα, νὰ ἐβγάλω καὶ τὰ ἀμάλωτα ὁποὺ εἶναι εἰς τὴν Συρίαν, μὴ ἰδῶ τὸν ἥλιον λάμποντα μηδὲ τὸ φῶς τοῦ κόσμου.» G3.137 Καὶ πάραυτα ηὐτρέπισαν ἵνα τὸν ἀποβγάλουν 465 οἱ πέντε οἱ γυναικαδελφοὶ καὶ ὁ Διγενὴς ᾿Ακρίτης. καὶ κονομάται ὁ νεώτερος ἵνα καβαλικεύση. έσέβη είς τὸ κουβούκλιν του νὰ φιλήση τὴν κόρην-G2.266 τὰ δάκρυα του ἐκατέβαιναν ὡς ὅμβροι τοῦ Μαΐου. G2.267 οί στεναγμοί του ἔβγαιναν ώσὰν βρονταὶ Ι καὶ κτύποι 152ν G2.268 470 καὶ μὲ τὰ δάκρυα τὰ πολλά, τοὺς ἀναστεναγμούς του έλάλησεν ὁ νεώτερος τὴν πολυποθητήν του: «Δός μου, φῶς μου ἀνέσπερον, χρυσόμορφέ μου εἰκόνα, G2.269 τὸ δακτυλίδιν τὸ φορεῖς εἰς τὸ μικρὸ δακτύλιν, G2.269 νὰ τὸ ἔχω διὰ ἐνθύμησιν, κυρά, νὰ σοῦ θυμοῦμαι.» 475 Τὸ δακτυλίδιν ήβγαλεν, γλήγορα τοῦ τὸ δίδεικαὶ ὁ νεώτερος τὸ ἔβαλεν μετὰ πολλῶν δακρύων, καὶ λόγια τὸν ἐλάλησεν ἐκ στεναγμοῦ καρδίας: «Εύρη σε ὁ Θεός, αὐθέντη μου, ἃ μὲ ἀπαλησμονήσης η <πάλιν> αν <ἐν>θυμηθης ἄλλην νὰ περιλάβης.» G2.273

452 ἢ Alexiou: ἢ πάλιν Ε
453 ὁποὺ τοὺς πάντας βλέπει Alexiou: ὁ τοὺς πάντας ἐβλέπων Ε
454 ἄλλον added by Alexiou
459 οὐ Trapp: κοὰ νὰ Ε
460 νὰ¹ Trapp: κοὰ νὰ Ε
462 νὰ Trapp: κοὰ νὰ Ε
463 μὴ Trapp: νὰ μὴ Ε
467 ἐσέβη Alexiou: ἐσέβην Ε
470 τοὺς Alexiou: ἐσέβην Ε
470 τοὺς Alexiou: κοὰ τοὺς Ε
475 Τὸ δακτυλίδιν ἤβγαλεν Trapp: Κοὰ ἤβγαλεν τὸ δακτιλίδην της κοὰ Ε
476 κοὰ Alexiou: κοὰ τότε Ε
479 πάλιν added by Trapp ἐνθυμηθῆς Trapp: θυμιθεὶς Ε

or the flower, the morning star, your son Digenis of Double Descent, we trust in God, who watches over all mankind, that you will not see Syria again, if you do not return."

And then the young man sighed deeply, and his tears sprang up, and he said this:

"Lord, if ever I have in mind to forget you or the choice flower, my son Digenis of Double Descent, and if I do not return quickly with my mother

and get my brothers to come with me, and fetch my wealth and all my steeds and bring the prisoners who are in Syria, may I not see the radiant sun nor the light of the world."

So immediately they made preparations to see him off, his wife's five brothers and Digenis Akritis, the Frontiersman of

Double Descent;
the young man got ready to mount.
He entered the chamber to kiss the girl,
his tears rained down like showers in May;
his sighs resounded like rolling thunder

470 and with many tears and groans
the young man spoke to his dearly longed-for girl:

"Give me, my light without dusk, my golden icon, the ring which you wear on your little finger, to have as a remembrance, my lady, to remember you."

475 She took off her ring, she gave it to him quickly and the young man put it on with many tears as she addressed him from the misery of her heart:

"May God find you out, my lord, if you forget me, or indeed if you ever think of embracing another woman."

⁴⁵⁷ This passage is unusual in this poem in not alluding to the attractions of the beloved woman. Perhaps the masculine values are here briefly redefined, or perhaps a line referring to the girl has dropped out.

⁴⁶⁰ These brothers, only otherwise mentioned at E496, may be the kinsmen who were trying to do away with the emir's mother.

⁴⁶⁵ Cf. E225; sufficient time has elapsed since his parents' marriage for Digenis to have progressed beyond babyhood.

480 Καὶ τότε ἐπεριλάβασιν καὶ ἐθέκαν 'ς τὸ κουβούκλιν·
στρεφνά, γλυκιὰ ἐφιλήσασιν τῆς ἀποχωρισίας.

Καὶ εὐθὺς ἐκαβαλίκευσε, ἐκ τὸν οἶκον του ἀποβγαίνουν·
όμπρὸς ὑἰπαν τὰ ἀδέλφια της καὶ οἱ συγγενεῖς ὀπίσω·
καὶ ὅνταν ἀποχαιρέτησεν τοὺς γυναικαδελφούς του,
485 ὀπίσω ἐστοχάζετον διὰ τὴν ποθητήν του

85 όπίσω ἐστοχάζετον διὰ τὴν ποθητήν του καὶ ἀναστέναζεν πικρῶς ὡς ὅσον ἐδυνέτον.

Καὶ τοὺς ἀγούρους του ἔλεγεν: «'Αγοῦροι, ἐνδυναμοῦσθεποτὲ μηδὲν ὀκνήσετε, μὴ νύκταν μηδὲ ἡμέραν, ὡς διὰ νὰ γείρω ἐγλήγορα ὡς διὰ τὴν ποθητήν μου.

490 Βροχάς, χειμώνας, παγετοὺς πάντες ἀγωνισθῆτε G3.24 καὶ πάντα ἔχετε τὸν νοῦν εἰς τὰς στενὰς κλεισούρας, μὴ ἀργήσω καὶ μὴ ἀριορκισθῶ καὶ λυπηθῆ ἡ ψυχή μου καὶ ὁμοίως καὶ ἡ καλή μου.»

Καὶ ὁ ἀμιρὰς ἐκίνησεν, τὴν στράταν του ὑπαγαίνει.
495 ἔΕρωταν εἶχεν περισσὸν ὡς διὰ τὴν ποθητήν του·
καὶ διὰ τὴν μητέραν του καὶ διὶὰ τοὺς ἀδελφούς του 153ν
τρεῖς καβαλάρους ἔστειλεν, διὰ νὰ ὑπᾶν μαντάτον.
Καὶ τὰς ἀνδραγαθίας του ἐχέρισεν νὰ λέγη,
τοὺς ἀγούρους του ἔλεγεν, τὰ τέτοια τῶν ἐλάλει:
500 «᾿Αγοῦροι μου, ἄν θυμᾶσθε,

τὸ πῶς σᾶς ὑπεξέβαλα ἀπὸ πολλῶν πολέμων <καὶ> τὸ πῶς σᾶς ἐγλύτωσα διὰ τὰς ἀνδραγαθίας μου. Πάντως, ἀγοῦροι μου, εἴδατε εἰς τὰ Μυλοκοπεῖα, ὅταν ἔφθασαν στρατηγοὶ καὶ ἐπῆραν σας δεμένους

480 ἐθέκαν 'ς Karayanni, 1976, 99: ἐθέκασιν είς Ε

481 στρεφνά, γλυκιά Alexiou: στρευνά γλυκία Ε

482 έκαβαλίκευσε Alexiou: έκαβαλήκευσεν Ε έκ Xanthoudidis, 1912, 552: είς Ε

483 οἱ συγγενεῖς Τταρρ: τὸ συγγενικόν της Ε

484 ἀποχαιρέτησεν Kalonaros: ὑπὸχαιρέτησαν Ε

485 οπίσω Τταρρ: ὁ ἀμυρὰς ὀπίσω Ε

488 ὀκνήσετε Politis, 1973, 343-4: ὀκνίτε Ε

490 πάντες Kalonaros: πάντας Ε

491 νοῦν Τταρρ: νοῦν σας Ε

492 'φιορκισθώ Morgan, 1960, 58: φιωρκίσω Ε

497 ἔστειλεν Alexiou: ἔστειλαν Ε

498 τὰς ἀνδραγαθίας του ἐχέρισεν νὰ λέγη Alexiou: τότε ἐχέρισεν να λέγει περὶ τὰς ἀνδραγαθίας του Ε

500 'Αγούροι μου Alexiou: λέγω σας, άγούροι μου· ὅτι Ε

501 πῶς σᾶς Hesseling: πόσας Ε

502 καὶ added by Trapp διὰ Trapp: ὡς διὰ Ε

503 Πάντως Trapp: καὶ πάντος Ε άγοῦροι Alexiou: άγόρι Ε

504 ἔφθασαν Trapp: εὐφθάσασιν Ε

And then they embraced and lay down together in the chamber; they kissed closely, sweetly because of their separation.

Immediately he mounted, and they left his house; her brothers went in front and her kinsmen behind; and when he had said farewell to his wife's brothers,

485 he gazed back at his beloved and sighed bitterly with all his might.

And he said to his youngsters: "Youngsters, be strong, don't be lazy either by night or by day, so that I can return quickly to my beloved.

490 All of you, struggle against rain, storms and frosts, and always be alert in the narrow passes so that I am not late and break my oath and my soul is grieved and also my beloved."

The emir set out, he went off on his journey.

He had an excessive passion for his beloved;
to his mother and his brothers
he sent three horsemen to bring the news.

And he began to tell of his valiant deeds,
he told them to his youngsters; this is what he said to them:

6500 "My youngsters, you may remember how I got you out of many wars, how I rescued you through my valiant deeds.

Surely, my youngsters, you saw at Mylokopia, when the generals arrived and captured and bound you

⁴⁸⁶ Although the role of love is as fundamental to the plot of E as of G, E has nothing to match the musings on Eros at the beginning of G3; the first lexical equivalents of this section are at G3.22 and E487.

⁴⁹⁷ Only one batch of messengers is sent by the emir, unlike the daily bulletins of G3.39. 503 On suggested identifications for this battle and its personalities, see the Introduction, pp. xxxvii–xxxviii and the Name Index.

277

505 καὶ ἐγὰν ἐκυνήγουν, ἄγουροι, μὲ πέντε παλληκάρια, μετά τοῦ Μουσῆ τὸν υἱὸν καὶ μὲ τὸν ᾿Αποχάλπην, τὸν ἔγγοναν τοῦ Μαϊακή, καὶ ἄλλους τρεῖς στρατιῶτες. καὶ ὡς τῶν ἡκούσαμεν φωνὴν καὶ κτύπον τῶν ἀρμάτων, κατέβημεν χαρζανιστοὶ ἀνάμεσα τὸν κάμπον 510 καὶ τὰς τέντας εὐρήκαμεν σχοινοκομμένας ὅλας καὶ ὁ κορνιακτὸς ἐστύλωνεν <'ς> τὸν οὐρανὸν ἀπάνω. τὸ πῶς τοὺς ἐπροδράμαμεν καὶ ἐπιάσαμεν κλεισούρας.» Καὶ μέσον ὁδοῦ ἐδιάβαιναν ἀδιάβατον καλάμινλεοντάριν είδαν δυνατὸν τρώγοντα δαμαλίναν. G3.92 515 Καὶ <τότε> ώσὰν τὸ εἴδασιν οἱ ἀγοῦροι τοῦ νεωτέρου, G3.93 όμπρὸς ὀπίσω ἐστράφησαν, κατεπίασαν τὰ πλάγια. 154r Καὶ ὡς εἶδεν τοῦτον ὁ ἀμιράς, ἄκο τὸ τίντα λέγει: «Ἄν σὲ ἀφήσω, λέοντα, αὔριον νὰ τὸ καυχᾶσαι

520 Καὶ σύρνει τὸ σπαθίτσιν του, κόπτει τὴν κεφαλήν του, καὶ ἔσχισέν τον μέσα.

καὶ νὰ μᾶς τ' ὀνειδίζουσιν οἱ θαυμαστοὶ ἀνδρειωμένοι.»

«'Αλαλαΐ,» έφώναξεν τὸν πρωτοστράτοράν του· «πέζευσε σύντομα, γοργόν, νὰ ἐπάρης τὸ δερμάτιν, τὰ ὀδόντια καὶ τὰ ὀνύχια ὅλων τῶν ποδαρίων G3.102 - 3525 καὶ ἀπέκει ἄγωμέτε τα τὸν Διγενὴν ᾿Ακρίτην, G3.106 <νὰ τὰ φορῆ,> νὰ τὰ θεωρῆ καὶ ἄ λάχη μᾶς θυμᾶται.» Καὶ ὡσὰν ἀπεσώσασιν εἰς τοῦ Ραχὲ τὸ κάστρον, G3.68. 111 <οί άγοῦροι του> ἐπλικεύσασιν ἀπέξωθεν τοῦ κάστρου-

505 ἄγουροι, μὲ Αἰεχίου: ἀγούροι μου, μετὰ Ε

506 μετά Trapp: μὲ E

507 έγγοναν Τrapp: έγγοναν τοῦ γέροντος Ε άλλους Alexiou: άλλοι Ε

508 των Xanthoudidis, 1912, 553: τὸ Ε φωνὴν Trapp: τὴν φωνὴν Ε

509 κατέβημεν Chatzis, 1930, 28: ἐκατέβημεν Ε

510 σχοινοκομμένας Alexiou: σχηνοκοπιμένας Ε

511 's added by Alexiou

512 κλεισούρας Alexiou: τὰς κλησούρας Ε

513 μέσον όδοῦ Ε, cf. Mackridge, 1993b, 336, note 2: μέσον όπου Alexiou ἐδιάβαιναν

Xanthoudidis, 1912, 552: ἐδιάβενα Ε άδιάβατον Hesseling: διάβατον Ε

514 είδαν Xanthoudidis, 1912, 552: ἴδα Ε

515 τότε added by Alexiou

522 'Αλαλαΐ Alexiou, cf. Eideneier, 1982, 75: άλλα Ε

523 πέζευσε Hesseling: ἐπέζευσεν Ε

524 τὰ ὀδόντια Alexiou: καὶ τοὺς ὀδόντας του τοὺς μεγάλους Ε

525 ἄγωμέτε Xanthoudidis, 1912, 555: ἄγωμέ Ε

526 νὰ τὰ φορῆ added by Alexiou νὰ² Alexiou: ίνα Ε μᾶς Trapp: να μας Ε

528 οἱ ἀγοῦροι του Alexiou: ἔξω Ε

505 while I was off hunting, youngsters, with five brave young men, with the son of Mousis and with Apohalpis, the grandson of Maiakis, and three other soldiers; when we heard their cry and the clash of weapons. we came down onto the battlefield, lashing our horses,

510 and found the tents all with their ropes cut and the dust was spiralling up to heaven above - how we caught up with them and captured the passes." While on their way they were passing through a trackless reed-bed; they saw a mighty lion devouring a heifer.

515 And then when the young man's youngsters saw this. they rushed backwards and forwards and took to the slopes. But when the emir saw this, listen to what he said: "If I leave you, lion, tomorrow you will boast of it and the marvellous men of courage will reproach us for it."

520 And he drew his sword, he cut off its head and split it down the middle.

"Hurrah!" he shouted to his protostrator. "dismount immediately, quickly take its hide, its teeth and the claws from all its paws,

525 and later let's bring them to Digenis Akritis, the Frontiersman of Double Descent.

for him to wear, to look at and, maybe, to remember us." And when they had made their way to the fortress of Ragga, his youngsters set up camp outside the fortress,

καὶ ἔδραμεν ἡ μητέρα του ἀπέξω ἀπὸ τὸ κάστρον Ι 530 μετὰ τρεῖς ἄβρας †καὶ† μὲ τὸ συγγενικόν της. 154ν Καὶ ἑβδομήντα γέροντες ἐκ τοῦ Ραχὲ τὸ κάστρον κανίσκια ὑπάγουσιν τοῦ νέου, ὁποὺ οὐκ ὀρπίζαν νὰ ἴδουν.

533 Καὶ τοῦ ἀμιρᾶ ἡ μάνα

533α οὖτως τὸν ἐπερίλαβεν, γλυκέα τὸν ἐφίλει

καὶ τέτοιον λόγον λέγει:

335 «'Αλί, <ἀλί μου> τὴν ψυχὴν καὶ τὸ κακό μου γῆρας,
ἄν τὸ ἀκούσουν εἰς Αἴγυπτον, κάτω εἰς Βαβυλώνα,
ἵνα <τὸ> ἀναγράψωσιν εἰς τοῦ Μακὲ τὸ μνῆμαν,
ἐσέναν καὶ τὸ γένος μας ἵνα μᾶς καταροῦνται.
Τέκνον μου πολυπόθητον, καρδία μου, ἀναπνοή μου,
540
τὸ φῶς τῶν ὀφθαλμῶν μου,

<οὐκ> εἶδες, τέκνον μου καλόν, τὸ μνῆμαν τοῦ προφήτου;» G3.139 Καὶ τότε πάλιν ὁ ἀμιρὰς τῆς μητέρας του λέγει: «Σώπασε, μήτηρ μου· καλὰ 'ν' αὐτὰ τὰ συντυχαίνεις; 'Έγὼ ἐγύρευσα Συρίαν, καὶ Ρωμανίαν ἀπόσω· l 155r

545 Ἐγὼ <τότε> ἐδιάβηκα χώρας τῶν Αἰθιόπων, <καὶ> λόγους ἦκουσα ψευδεῖς καὶ γέλι ἦσαν καθόλου, καὶ ποτὲ θεοὺς αὐτοὺς οὐδὲν τοὺς λέγω, ὅτι εἴδωλα εἶναι. ᾿Αμ εἰς τὴν Ρωμανίαν

†εἶδαν οἱ ὀφθαλμοί μου τὴν† πανύμνητον Θεοτόκον·
550 ὢ καὶ <τὸ> τί τὴν ἀγαπῶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς ψυχῆς μου.
Καὶ εἶδα, μάνα μου, νεκροὺς κ' ἐτρέχαν τὸ ἄγιον μύρος·

529 ἀπέξω Trapp: ἀπέξω καὶ ἀπάνω Ε

530 μετά τρεῖς ἄβρας Alexiou: με τρεῖς ἀμερὰς Ε της corr.: της ὅλον Ε

531 ἑβδομήντα (originally written o') Alexiou: ὡς Ε

532 ὑπάγουσιν Alexiou: τοῦ ὑπαγένουσιν Ε οὐκ Alexiou: δὲν Ε ἴδουν Alexiou: ἱδοῦσιν Ε

535 άλί μου τὴν ψυχὴν Alexiou: τὴν ψυχήν μου Ε

536 ἀκούσουν Kalonaros; ἀκοῦσον Ε

537 τὸ ἀναγράψωσιν Alexiou: ἀντιγράψωσιν Ε

539 πολυπόθητον corr.: πολυπόθητον- ομάτιά μου Ε

541 oux added by Alexiou

543 τὰ Alexiou: τὰ με E

544 ἀπόσω Trapp: ἀπόσω ἐκατέβηκα Ε

545 τότε added

546 καὶ added by Alexiou ψευδεῖς Alexiou: ψεματέρηνους Ε

548 'Aμ' εἰς Kalonaros: ἀμήναι εἰς Ε

549 εἴδαν οἱ ὀφθαλμοί μου τὴν Ε: perhaps εἴδασι τὰ ὀμμάτια μου

550 τὸ added by Alexiou

551 νεκρούς κ' έτρέχαν Alexiou: καὶ ἀνθρώπους νεκρούς, καὶ τρέχαν Ε τὸ Trapp: τὸν Ρ

and his mother ran out from the fortress
530 with three attendants and her kinsfolk.
And seventy elders from the fortress of Raqqa
brought gifts to the young man whom they had not expected to see.

533 The emir's mother

533a embraced him thus, and kissed him sweetly and spoke to him in this way:

if they hear of this in Egypt and down there in Cairo so that they write it up on the tomb at Mecca and curse you and our family!

540 My much loved child, my heart, my breath,
light of my eyes,
have you not seen, my dear child, the Prophet's tomb?"
And then the emir said in reply to his mother:
"Hush, my mother; is what you are saying proper?

545 I ventured then across the lands of the Ethiopians, and I have heard false stories and they were quite ridiculous, and those I would never call gods because they are idols.

But in Roman territory

I have wandered over Syria and within Roman territory.

my eyes saw the much-hymned Theotokos

550 - oh, and how I love her with all my soul!

And I have seen, mother of mine, corpses from which flowed holy oil.

537 Alexiou's emendation reconstructs a Muslim practice of increasing a curse's effect by placing a document on a holy man's grave. Even so there is confusion since Mohammed's tomb was at Medina and not Mecca; see note at E147.

541 At this point G3.140-52 includes a list of miracles observed near the Prophet's tomb

543 This style of censorious question recurs at E875, 957 and 1169. E and G have little in common in this speech, apart from the emir's mother's conversion; G3.171-98, for example, includes a paraphrase of the Nicene Creed.

καὶ ὁ Παράδεισος <αὐτὸς> εἰς Ρωμανίαν ἔναι.
Ἡ πίστις ἡ ἀληθινή, οἱ Χριστιανοὶ τὴν ἔχουν.
Καὶ ὁποὺ θέλει νὰ ἐλθῆ, μετὰ μέναν ἄς ἔλθη,

555 νὰ ἀκολουθήση σύντομα, <σύντομα> νὰ ὑπαγαίνω,
καὶ ὅσοι οὐδὲν θέλουν νὰ ἐλθοῦν, ἐδῶ ἄς ἀπομείνουν.
Σὰ δέ, μήτηρ γλυκεῖα μου, <ψυχῆς> παρηγορία,
ἔμπροσθέν μου ὑπάγαινε, νὰ ὑπάγω εἰς τὴν καλήν μουεἰ δέ, <μήτηρ,> καὶ οὐκ ἔρχεσαι, εὕχου μου ὅτι ὑπαγαίνω.»

Καὶ τότε ἡ μητέρα του, ἄκο καὶ τί τοῦ λέγει:
«Τέκνον μου ποθεινότατον, ἔρχομαι ὅπου θέλεις-

<ἔρχομαι> διὰ τὸ σπλάγχνον σου καὶ τὴν πολλήν σου ἀγάπηνἀρνοῦμαι καὶ τὸ γένος μου, ἀρνοῦμαι καὶ τὸν Μαχουμέτ, τὸν μέγαν μας προφήτην. 565 ᾿Αλὶ καὶ τί μὲ ἐποίησες, ἀλὶ καὶ τί μὲ ἐποῖκες;»

Καὶ πάραυτα ὁ ἀμιρὰς πηδᾶ, καβαλικεύγει. Ι

Μὲ τὸν λαὸν καὶ ἀγούρους του πηδᾶ, καβαλικεύγει 155ν

Μὲ τὸν λαὸν καὶ ἀγούρους του πηδᾶ, καβαλικεύγει 155ν καὶ ἀπεσύναξεν αὐτὸς πᾶσαν αἰχμαλωσίαν καὶ <ἐξαπ>έστειλεν αὐτὰ τὴν πολυπόθητήν του 570 καὶ μετὰ τὰ ἀμάλωτα ἄριφνους ἀνδρειωμένους.

571 Καὶ ἐχώρισεν καὶ ἐφόρτωσεν καμήλια κᾶν διακόσια,

573 κἂν ἑκατὸν μουλάρια ἀσήμιν καὶ χρυσάφινκαὶ ἐφόρτωσεν ὁ ἀμιρὰς ὁλόχρυσα βλατία.

575 Καὶ <πάλιν> διεχώρισεν κἂν ἑκατὸν φαρία, ὅλα καλὰ καὶ θαυμαστά, σελοχαλινωμένα, καὶ <μετὰ ταῦτα> ἐκίνησεν εἰς Ρωμανίαν νὰ ὑπάγη.

552 αὐτὸς added by Trapp

554 ἐλθῆ Alexiou: ἔλθη Ε

555 ακολουθήση Kalonaros: ἀκολουθή Ε $\,$ σύντομα 2 added by Alexiou

557 ψυχῆς added by Trapp

559 μήτηρ added by Alexiou

562 ἔρχομαι added by Alexiou

564 Μαχουμέτ Τταρρ: μαχουμέτην Ε

567 Μὲ τὸν λαὸν καὶ ἀγούρους Alexiou: καὶ με τὸν λαόν του καὶ με τοὺς ἀγούρους Ε

568 Before καὶ Ricks deletes είς τοῦ παγδά ειπαγένει

569 έξαπέστειλεν Alexiou: ἔστειλεν Ε

570 μετά Trapp: με Ε άμάλωτα Kalonaros: ὁμάλωτα Ε

571 έφόρτωσεν Alexiou: ἐφόρτωσεν καὶ ἔστειλεν Ε διακόσια Alexiou: διακόσια· καὶ ἐχώρισεν καὶ ἐφόρτωσεν (=572) Ε

574 καὶ Kalonaros: καὶ ὅλα Ε ὁλόχρυσα Hesseling: ὅλων χρυσὰ Ε

575 πάλιν added by Alexiou έκατον Alexiou: έκατον, διακόσια Ε

576 σελοχαλινωμένα Hesseling: σεληνοχαληνομένα Ε

577 μετά ταῦτα added by Trapp, cf. Z1151

And Paradise itself is in Roman territory!
As for the true faith, the Christians have it.
So whoever wants to come, let him come with me
555 and follow soon for I am leaving soon;

and all those who don't want to come, let them stay here. But you, my sweet mother, my soul's comfort, come with me so that I can go to my beloved.

Put if you do not some mother give me your blooms

But if you do not come, mother, give me your blessing when I go."

And then his mother, listen to what she said to him: "My much loved child, I will go wherever you wish,

I go out of compassion for you and out of my great love for you. I renounce my family.

I renounce Mohammed, our great Prophet.

565 Alas, what have you done to me, alas what did you do to me?"

And straight away the emir sprang into the saddle.

With his company and his youngsters he sprang into the saddle.

568 He collected together all his prisoners and sent them off to his dearly loved girl,

570 and with the captives he sent innumerable brave men.

571 He selected and loaded about two hundred camels,

573 and about a hundred mules with silver and gold and the emir loaded them with silken fabrics all of gold.

575 Once again he selected about a hundred steeds, all handsome and marvellous, with saddles and bridles; and the emir set off for Roman territory.

552-3 Ricks inverts these lines, to enhance the reference to Paradise, taken by him as a symbol of earthly love; gardens enclosing a young girl have erotic overtones in medieval Greek as well as Western medieval vernacular literature (Littlewood, 1979). But this passage deals on the surface with the advantages of Orthodox Christianity.

568 The deleted reference to Baghdad is logically suspect since the distances involved are

great and no reason has been given for the emir to have captives there.

569 At this point G3.246 makes only a general reference to the treasure the emir brings back with him.

Καὶ <πάλιν> διεχώρισεν χιλίους 'Αραβίτας, όλολουρίκους καὶ καλούς, χρυσοκλιβανιασμένους, 580 νὰ περπατοῦσιν ἔμπροσθεν τοῦ <θαυμαστοῦ> ἀγούρου καὶ ἄλλες κᾶν χιλιάδες δύο τὸν ἀμιρὰν ἀντάμα. Ι

583 ΙΚαὶ ἡ κόρη μὲ τὸν ἄγουρον μόνοι των 'ς τὸ κουβούκλιν 157r : G2.266 φιλοῦν, καὶ οἱ βάγιες ραίνουν τους μετὰ ροδοσταμάτων

585 καὶ ἐδρόσιζαν τὰ χείλη των ἐκ τὸν γλυκὺν τὸν πόθον.

Καὶ τότε ὡς τὸ ἤκουσαν οἱ γυναικαδελφοί του,

588 έξαίφνης ἐσεβήκασιν ἀπέσω εἰς τὸ κουβούκλιν καὶ τὸν γαμπρόν τους ηὕρηκαν μετὰ τῆς άδελφῆς των

590 καὶ ἐκάμνασιν τὸ ήξεύρετε, τὸ κάμνουν οἱ ἀγαποῦντες, καὶ ἐντράπησαν τὰ ἀδέλφια της καὶ ἐστάθησαν ἀπέξω καὶ εἶχαν χαρὰν ἐξαίρετην, χαρὰν ἀλλὰ μεγάλην.

Τὸν Διγενὴν ἐπῆραν τον οἱ βάγιες καὶ ἤφεράν τον. τὸ νὰ τὸν ἰδῆ ὁ ἀμιράς, ἐπίασε, ἐφίλησέν τον

595 καὶ ἐθεώρει τον λοιπὸν καὶ ἀποκαμάρωνέ τον καὶ ἐχαίρετο ὅτι εἶν' ἔμορφος μετὰ τῆς ποθητῆς του, άμάδιν καὶ ἡ μητέρα του καὶ οἱ γυναικαδελφοί του καὶ ὅλη ἡ συντροφία του καὶ ὅλον τὸ φουσάτον.

599/600

Καὶ τὰ γομάρια ἐφθάσασιν ἐκεῖ ὅπου ἐπιθυμοῦσαν, 601/2 καὶ τὰ ἔβαλαν 'ς τὸ σπίτιν του καὶ τὰ φαρία | εἰς τὸν στάβλον 157ν τοὺς δὲ ἀγούρους του τοὺς καλούς, Πέρσας καὶ ᾿Αραβίτας, φιλοτιμίας ἔδωσεν ἐκ τὰ πεθερικά του

578 πάλιν added by Alexiou

580 περπατούσιν corr., cf. E821: περιπατούσιν Ε θαυμαστού added

581 χιλιάδες δύο Alexiou: δύο χιλιάδες Ε

583 Before this line E includes a line of obscure sense (=582), first deleted by Kalonaros: ότι να τὸν ἴδω ήτους καὶ να με γλυκοφιλήσει

583 μόνοι των 'ς Alexiou: μοναχί τον είς Ε

584 φιλοῦν Alexiou: ἐφιλοῦσαν Ε΄ ραίνουν τους Alexiou: τοὺς ἔρεναν Ε

588 έξαίφνης Alexiou: με τήν μάναν τους άντάμα (=587) έξέφνης Ε έσεβήκασιν corr.: έξεπίδησαν, καὶ ἐσέβηκαν Ε

590 άγαποῦντες Hesseling: άγαποῦντε Ε

592 χαρὰν Alexiou: γὰρ Ε ἀλλὰ Ε (Spadaro, 1989, 173): πολλὰ Kalonaros

594 τὸ Alexiou: καὶ τὸ Ε ἐπίασε, ἐφίλησέν corr.: ἐπίασεν καὶ κατεφίλησέν Ε

595 έθεώρει Alexiou: έθόρι Ε

596 έχαίρετο ότι είν' εμορφος Alexiou: έθόρι τον ότι είτον αϊμορφον, και έχαίρετον Ε

597 ἀμάδιν [ἀμάδι] Alexiou: ἀμάδιν με τὸ τέκνον του Ε

599/600 ἐφθάσασιν Alexiou: ἐυθάσασιν, φορτωμένα τοῦ ἀμυρὰ Ε

601/2 τὰ ἔβαλαν 'ς corr.: ἔβαλαν τὸ πρᾶγμα εἰς Ε φαρία Alexiou: φαρία ἔβαλαν Ε 604 φιλοτιμίας έδωσεν corr.: όλους έδωσεν φιλοτιμίας μεγάλας, καὶ χαρίσματα Ε Alexiou proposes ἔδωσεν όλους <ὁ ἀμιρὰς> φιλοτιμίας μεγάλας Ι <καὶ ἐπῆραν> καὶ χαρίσματα

Once again he selected out a thousand Arabs, all with breastplates and handsome, with gold cuirasses, 580 to proceed in front of the marvellous youngster

and another two thousand or so to go with the emir.

583 The girl and the youngster, on their own in their chamber, kissed and the maid-servants sprinkled them with rose-water,

585 while they refreshed their lips with their sweet desire.

Then, when his wife's brothers heard of this,

588 they burst into the chamber unexpectedly and found their brother-in-law with their sister

590 and they were doing what you know lovers do: her brothers were abashed and stood outside, but they felt matchless joy, great joy indeed.

The maid-servants took Digenis and brought him in; when the emir saw him, he picked him up, he kissed him

585 and gazed at him then and admired him and rejoiced in his beauty with his wife. together with his mother and his wife's brothers and all their companions and the whole army.

599/600

The baggage arrived where they had been waiting for it: 601/602 they placed it in the house and the steeds in the stable. And as for his handsome youngsters, Persians and Arabs, the emir bestowed rewards on them from his parents-in-law

> 580 Who is this 'youngster'? Is it the young Digenis, for whom these men are to be an elite bodyguard on the emir's return?

584 Cf. G3.282-3. Splashing lovers with water has a parallel in Heliodoros; see Introduction, pp. xlvi-xlvii.

⁵⁸¹⁻² The final stages of the emir's return (cf. G3.248-80) would have been covered by f.156, now missing in E. E582 (which has been omitted, see apparatus) is garbled; Alexiou (cf. Spadaro, 1989, 177-8) suggests it represents the last line of the emir's speech of greeting.

605 καὶ <ἐξ>απέστειλεν αὐτοὺς πάλιν εἰς τὴν Συρίαν. Κἄν ᾿Αραβίτας ἑκατὸν ἐκράτησεν καὶ μόνον, καὶ ἐκράτησεν τὴν μάναν του μετὰ τοὺς ἀδελφούς του καὶ ἐβάπτισεν <ὁ ἀμιρὰς> ἄπαντα τὸν λαόν του καὶ τόπον τοὺς ἐχάρισε καὶ ἐκάθετο ὁ λαός του.

G3.330

G3.339

10 Καὶ τότε <πάλιν> τὸ παιδὶν ὁ Διγενὴς ᾿Ακρίτης <γλυκέα> ἀναθρέφετον, ὡς πρέπει καὶ ὡς ἀξιάζει, καὶ ὡς <ὁ> ἥλιος ἔλαμπεν <λαμπρὰ> τὸ πρόσωπόν του καὶ ὡς κυπαρίσσι ἐτρέφετον τὴν ἄπασαν ἡμέραν χέρι ἔβανε καὶ δύνεται ὥσπερ καὶ ἀνδρειωμένος.

615 Τὸ χαλινάρι ὅνταν κρατεῖ, ἐπῆρεν καὶ κοντάριν νὰ ὑπάγη μὲ τοὺς κυνηγοὺς διὰ νὰ περιδιαβάση. Κ' ἐθώρει τὸ παιδόπουλον τὸ πλῆθος τῶν θηρίων καὶ ἐκατέβηκεν τὸ παιδὶν 'ς τὴν μέσην τῶν θηρίων. 'Εδὰ ἄς σᾶς ἀφηγήσωμαι περὶ τὰς ἀμωρίας του.

620 Ο Θεὸς τοῦ ἔδωσε εὐτυχίαν εἰς τὴν πολλήν του ἀνδρείαν καὶ ὅπου καὶ ἀν τύχη † . . . † ποιεῖ ἀνδραγαθίας.

622/623 Ο θαυμαστὸς Βασίλειος, τὸ φῶς τῶν Ι ἀνδρειωμένων 158r περὶ ἀπελάτων ἤκουσε εὐγενικῶν καὶ ἀνδρείων,

625 ὅτι κρατοῦν στενώματα καὶ ποιοῦν ἀντραγαθίας καὶ ζῆλος ἦλθεν εἰς αὐτὸν νὰ ἰδῆ τοὺς ἀπελάτας. Καὶ ἔκατσεν καὶ εὐθείασεν ὡραῖον, τερπνὸν λαβοῦτον

605 έξαπέστειλεν Trapp: ἀπέστειλεν Ε

606 Καν Άραβίτας έκατὸν Alexiou: καν έκατὸν ἀραβήτας after καὶ ἐκράτησεν μόνον Ε ἐκράτησεν καὶ μόνον corr.: καὶ ἐκράτησεν μόνον Ε

607 μάναν Αlexiou: μράν (= μητέραν) Ε

608 ὁ ἀμιρὰς added by Alexiou

609 τόπον τους ἐχάρισε Τrapp: ἐχάρισέ τους τόπον Ε ἐκάθετο Τrapp: ἐκάθετον Ε

610 πάλιν added by Karayanni, 1976, 103

611 γλυκέα added ἀναθρέφετον Hesseling: ἀναθρεφέτων Ε

612 ὁ added λαμπρὰ added

613 κυπαρίσσι έτρέφετον corr.: κυπαρίσην άνατρέφετον Ε

614 χέρι έβανε καὶ corr.: καὶ έβανεν χαίριν καὶ να Ε

615 Το χαλινάρι όνταν κρατεῖ, ἐπῆρεν καὶ κοντάριν corr.: ὅτι ἐδύνετον κρατὴν τὸ χαληνάριν ἐπήρεν κοντάριν καὶ ραβδίν Ε

616 διὰ Trapp: ὡς διὰ Ε

617 Κ' έθώρει Trapp: καὶ θόρι Ε

618 's Trapp: eis E

619 ἀφηγήσωμαι Karayanni, 1976, 103: ἀφηγήσωμεν Ε

620 έδωσε corr.: έδωσεν Ε

622/623 ἀνδρειωμένων Alexiou: ἀπελάτων, ἡ δόίξα τῶν ἀνδριομένων (=623) Ε

625 ἀντραγαθίας Trapp: ἀντραγαθίας μεγάλας Ε

and sent them back to Syria.
He kept about a hundred Arabs only with him,
and he kept his mother and his brothers;
the emir baptised all his company
and granted them land, and his company settled there.

Then the child, Digenis Akritis, the Frontiersman of Double Descent, was brought up sweetly as is proper and fit, and his face glowed brightly like the sun and he continued to thrive every day like a cypress; he began to have strength like a brave man.

615 As soon as he could grasp the reins, he took a spear to go with the hunters and roam around.

And the little child saw a host of wild beasts and the child went in amongst the wild beasts.

Now let me tell you about his infancy.

620 God gave him good fortune in his acts of great bravery and wherever he went he achieved feats of valour.

The marvellous Vasilis, the light of the brave, heard about the noble and brave guerrillas,

625 that they held the passes and performed valiant deeds, and enthusiasm came over him to see the guerrillas. So he sat down and prepared a beautiful, delightful lute:

610–792 At this point questions of the structure of E and its relationship to G and *Digenis become acute. Kalonaros, largely followed by Trapp, suggests that the order of lines and episodes (cf. the sequence in G) should be: 609 (cf. G3.338–9), 702–41 (cf. G4.4–51: role of Eros and summary of the emir's story), 610–19 (cf. G4.52–71: growth of Digenis), 742–91 (cf. G4.72–163: Digenis's first hunt, with text missing after 791, see below), 620–701 (Digenis' first visit to the guerrillas), 792 ff. (cf. G4.373: return from hunt). Note that E620–701, placed by Z1028–92 between G4.253–4 during Digenis' return from the hunt, are not now represented in G at all and probably never were (MacAlister, 1984). E's order of lines has been retained here.

610-21 Relegated by Alexiou to an appendix on the grounds that they are a late attempt to impose a narrative flow on an episodic text, and repositioned by Kalonaros and Trapp, these lines are problematic and need even more intervention than elsewhere to heal the metre; they form a bridging passage from the emir's tale to the story of Digenis, though not marked off in any way in the manuscript. For similar bridging passages see G3.339-43 and 4.52-71.

622-701 This section forms Alexiou's 'Digenis and the Guerrillas'.

622/623 'Vasilis', the more modern equivalent in English of the hero's first name 'Basil', has been chosen to point the contrast between the linguistic usages of E and G.

624 Digenis' connection with the guerrillas is emphasised before he encounters them, an indication that the material on Digenis had its own traditions.

627 A stringed instrument is an unusual implement to take on a dangerous expedition; that it was part of Digenis' traditional accourtements is suggested by its presence in the so-called Akritic plates (Notopoulos, 1964; Frantz, 1940/1).