

MATLAB Symbolic
ROBOTICS toolbox by SPM
Corke

Generate pdf for HW
(or jpeg)

(Word \rightarrow pdf)
Latex

subst

$$\cos(\theta_1) \rightarrow c1$$

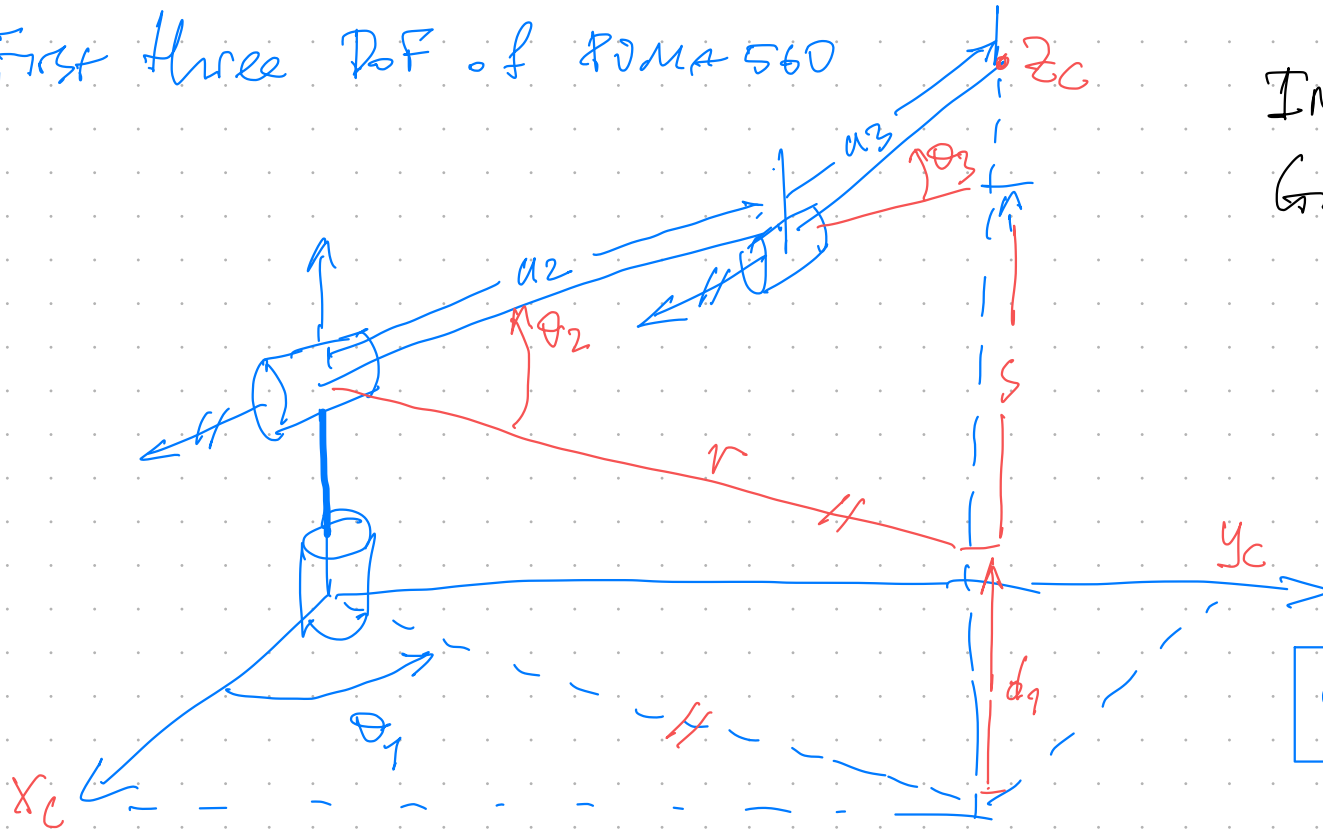
simplify

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x \rightarrow 1$$

$$\sin \theta_1$$

by LEE, GONZALEZ & FU
(for PUMA 560)

First three DoF of PUMA 560



INVERSE KINEMATICS

Given x_c, y_c, z_c

compute $\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3$

~~$$\theta_1 = \arctan\left(\frac{y_c}{x_c}\right)$$

$$\arctan\left(\frac{-y_c}{x_c}\right)$$~~

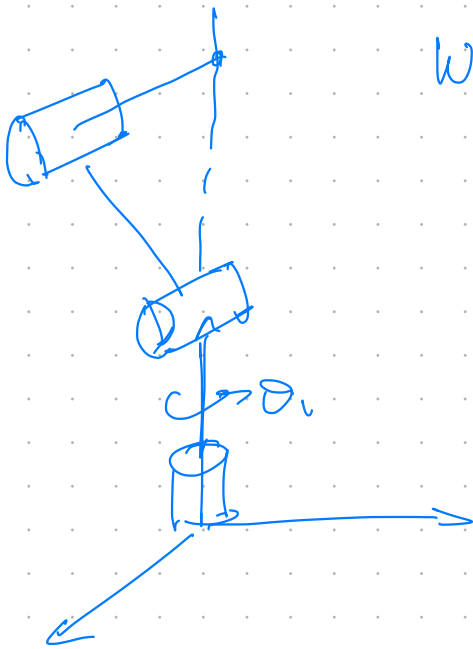
$$\theta_1 = \arctan 2(x_c, y_c)$$

$$\theta_1 = \pi + \arctan 2(x_c, y_c)$$

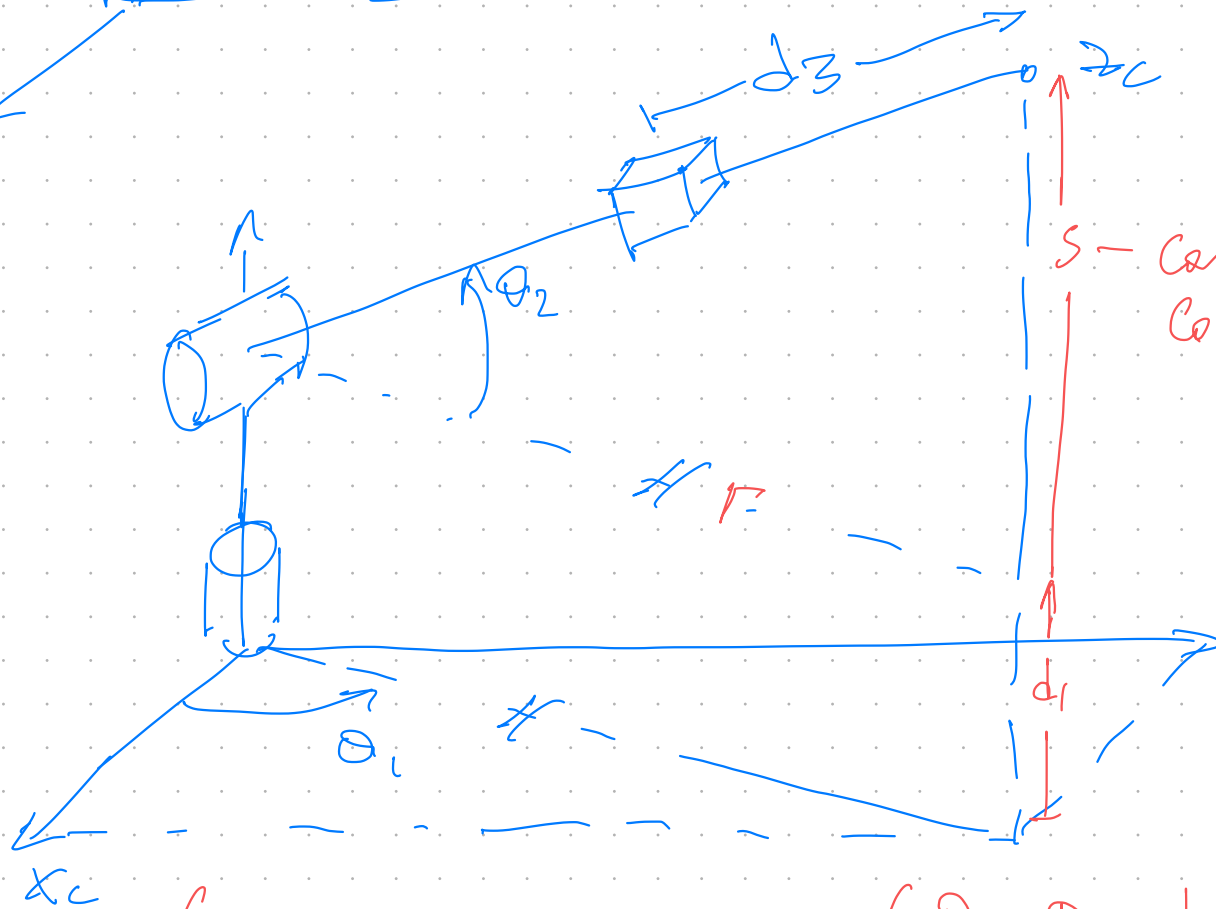
$$r = \sqrt{x_c^2 + y_c^2}$$

What if $x_c = y_c = z_c = 0$ \exists singularity

Any θ_1 -value is OK



θ_1, θ_2, d_3



$$r = \sqrt{x_c^2 + y_c^2}$$

$$s = z_c - d_1$$

s - can be
computed

↑
given

$$d_3 = \sqrt{r^2 + s^2}$$

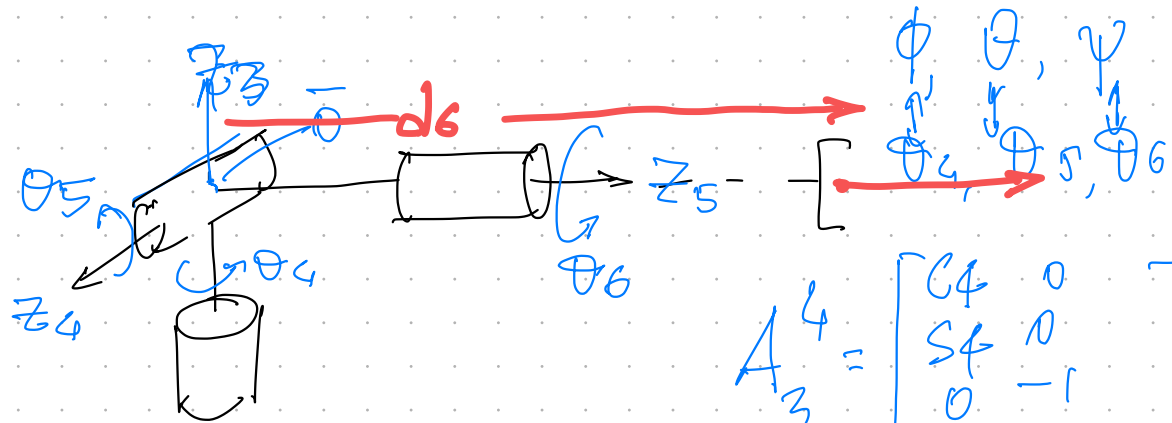
$$= \sqrt{x_c^2 + y_c^2 + (z_c - d_1)^2}$$

$$\theta_2 = \arctan 2(r, s)$$

$$(x_c, y_c, z_c) \longrightarrow (\theta_1, \theta_2, d_3)$$

Spherical wrist

(axes z_3, z_4, z_6 intersect @ pt. \bar{O})



roll, pitch, yaw

$$A_3^4 = \begin{bmatrix} C_4 & 0 & -S_4 & 0 \\ S_4 & 0 & C_4 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline & & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$S_5 = \sin(\theta_5)$
 $C_5 = \cos(\theta_5)$

$$A_4^5 = \begin{bmatrix} C_5 & S_5 & 0 & 0 \\ S_5 & -C_5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ \hline & & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_3^6 = \begin{bmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & t_{13} \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & t_{23} \\ t_{31} & t_{32} & t_{33} \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_5^6 = \begin{bmatrix} C_6 & -S_6 & 0 & 0 \\ S_6 & C_6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_6 \\ \hline & & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_3^6 = \begin{bmatrix} C_4 C_5 C_6 - S_4 S_6 & -C_4 C_5 S_6 - S_4 C_6 & C_4 S_5 & d_6 C_4 S_5 \\ S_4 C_5 C_6 + C_4 S_6 & -S_4 C_5 S_6 + C_4 C_6 & S_4 S_5 & d_6 S_4 S_5 \\ -S_5 C_6 & S_5 S_6 & C_5 & d_6 C_5 \\ \hline & & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta_5 = \cos^{-1}(T_{33})$$

$$d_6 \sqrt{(C_4 S_5)^2 + (S_4 S_5)^2 + (C_5)^2} = d_6$$

$$\theta_5 = \arctan_2(T_{33}, \sqrt{1-T_{33}^2}) \quad \theta_5 = \arctan_2(T_{33}, -\sqrt{1-T_{33}^2})$$

let $\sin(\theta_5) > 0$

$$\theta_4 = \arctan_2(T_{13}, T_{23})$$

$$\theta_6 = \arctan_2(-T_{31}, T_{32})$$

if $\sin(\theta_5) < 0$

$$\theta_4 = \arctan_2(-T_{13}, -T_{23})$$

$$\theta_6 = \arctan_2(T_{31}, -T_{32})$$

$$\cos(\theta_4 + \theta_6) =$$

$$\cos\theta_4 \cos\theta_6 -$$

$$\sin\theta_4 \sin\theta_6$$

if $T_{33} = \pm 1$

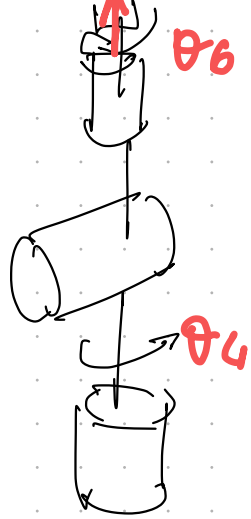
$$\boxed{\theta_5 = 0^\circ}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} t_{11} & t_{12} & 0 \\ t_{21} & t_{22} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \pm 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_4 C_6 - S_4 S_6 & -C_4 S_6 - S_4 C_6 & 0 \\ S_4 S_6 + C_4 C_6 & -S_4 S_6 + C_4 C_6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \pm 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta_4, \theta_6$$

$$\theta_4 + \theta_6 = \arctan_2(t_{11}, t_{21})$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} C_4 + C_6 & -S_4 + C_6 & 0 \\ S_4 + C_6 & C_4 + C_6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$\theta_4 + \theta_6$ - can be computed

θ_4, θ_6 cannot be computed
∞ infinite solutions

if $T_{33} = -1$

$$\theta_5 = -90^\circ$$

$$\theta_4 - \theta_6 = \text{atan2}(-T_{11}, -T_{12})$$