

Επίλυση Chapman - Enskog.

$$D_{AB} = \frac{1.858 \cdot 10^{-7}}{P \cdot G_{AB} \cdot \Omega_{D,AB}} \sqrt{T^3 \left(\frac{1}{M_A} + \frac{1}{M_B} \right)} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A = \text{H}_2 \quad M_A = 2 \\ B = \text{NH}_3 \quad M_B = 17 \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} A = \text{H}_2 \\ B = \text{NH}_3 \end{array}} \right\} \text{g/mol} \quad \begin{array}{l} P = 1 \text{ atm} \\ T = 298 \text{ K} \end{array}$$

Πίνακας Π. 2.1 (eclass)

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Για } \text{H}_2 : \quad \sigma_A = 2.968 \text{ \AA} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad \varepsilon_A / \text{K} = 33.3 \text{ K} \end{array}$$

Για NH_3 : ΔΕΧ ΥΠΑΡΧΟΥΝ ΔΕΔΟΜΕΝΑ.

$$\bullet \quad \sigma_B = 2.44 \cdot \left(\frac{T_c}{P_c} \right)^{1/3} = 2.44 \cdot \left(\frac{405.4}{111.5} \right)^{1/3} = 3.75 \text{ \AA}$$

$$\bullet \quad \varepsilon_B / \text{K} = 0.75 T_c = 304 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{Άρα} \quad \sigma_{AB} = \frac{\sigma_A + \sigma_B}{2} = 3.359 \text{ \AA}$$

$$\frac{\varepsilon_{AB}}{\text{K}} = \sqrt{\frac{\varepsilon_A}{\text{K}} \cdot \frac{\varepsilon_B}{\text{K}}} = 100.6 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{Είναι } \frac{KT}{\epsilon_{AB}} = \frac{1}{100.6} * 298 = 2.962$$

και από Πίνακα Π.2.2 (eclass)

$$\frac{O}{D} = 0.9576 \text{ για } \frac{KT}{\epsilon_{AB}} = 2.9$$

$$\frac{O}{D} = 0.9440 \text{ για } \frac{KT}{\epsilon_{AB}} = 3$$

Άρα για μια μέση τιμή $\frac{O}{D} \approx 0.95$

$$(1) \rightarrow D_{AB} = \frac{1.858 \cdot 10^{-7}}{1 * 3.359^2 * 0.95} \sqrt{298^3 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{17} \right)}$$

$$\rightarrow D_{AB} = 0.67 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$$

• Από τον Πίνακα Π.3.1. (eclass)

$$D_{H_2-NH_3} = 0.849 \cdot 10^{-4} \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}} \text{ @ } 293 \text{ K.}$$

• Θερμοκρασιακή Σύρδωση

$$D_{AB_{298}} = D_{AB_{293}} \left(\frac{298}{293} \right)^{1.8} = 0.875 \cdot 10^{-4} \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}}$$

$$\text{Απόσπασμα} = \frac{0.875 - 0.67}{0.875} = 23.3\%$$