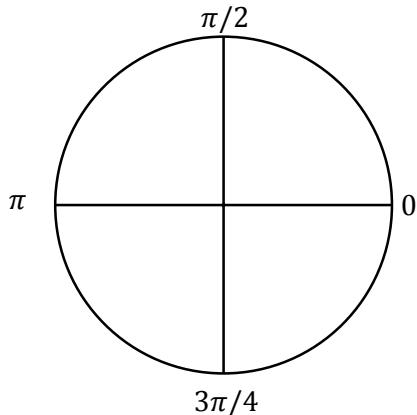


ΤΥΠΟΛΟΓΙΟ ΤΡΙΓΩΝΟΜΕΤΡΙΑΣ

x	$\sin x$	$\cos x$
0	0	1
$\pi/6$	$1/2$	$\sqrt{3}/2$
$\pi/4$	$\sqrt{2}/2$	$\sqrt{2}/2$
$\pi/3$	$\sqrt{3}/2$	$1/2$
$\pi/2$	1	0



$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{1 + \tan^2 x}$$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{1}{\cot^2 x}$$

$$\cos^2 a = \frac{1 + \cos 2a}{2}$$

$$\sin^2 a = \frac{1 - \cos 2a}{2}$$

$$\sin(a \pm b) = \sin a \cos b \pm \sin b \cos a$$

$$\cos(a \pm b) = \cos a \cos b \mp \sin a \sin b$$

$$\sin a \pm \sin b = 2 \sin\left(\frac{a \pm b}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a \mp b}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos a + \cos b = 2 \cos\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{a-b}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos a - \cos b = -2 \sin\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a-b}{2}\right)$$

$$\sin 2a = 2 \sin a \cos a$$

$$\cos 2a = \cos^2 a - \sin^2 a$$

