UNIVERSITY OF PATRAS DEPT. OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING & INFORMATICS

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

5th Assignment

1. Consider the following rule base:

R1: if A and B then C
R2: if C and D then E
R3: if A and I then ¬H
R4: if A and ¬D then E
R5: if C and ¬D then I
R6: if E and I then ¬H
R7: if E and H then ¬G
R8: if E and ¬H then G

- (a) Draw the rule base network.
- (b) Deduct G, if
 - the initial content of working memory is $WM = \{A, B, \neg D, \neg H\}$
 - forward chaining is used
 - follow the "textual order" conflict resolution strategy: the first rule met that its conditions match the WM is fired
 - the same rule is not fired more than once

Describe the deduction steps and illustrate deductions on the rule base net (drawn in (a)).

- (c) The same as in (b), but use as the primary conflict resolution strategy "recency" and "textual order" as the secondary one. Is there any difference? Explain.
- (d) The same as in (b), but use backward chaining instead of forward. Indicate the differences with (b).
- **2.** Consider the following rule base consisting of five rules with certainty factors.

R1	R4
if shape is round	if shape is round
then fruit is orange (0.3)	and color is yellow
	then fruit is apricot (0.6)
R2	
If shape is round	R5
then fruit is apricot (0.2)	if shape is round and color is yellow
R3	and size is small
if shape is round and surface is weasand	then fruit is apricot (0.8)
then fruit is orange (0.8)	

The following data in this order are given by the user (within paraentheses the certainty of each data is given): "shape is round", "color is yellow (0.6)", "size is small (0.7)" $\kappa\alpha\iota$ "surface is weasand (0.9)". Describe the steps of deducing a conclusion. What is the final conclusion?