

Math Competition Preparation Seminar

Continuity and derivatives

November 24, 2025

1 Theory/Background

1.1 Extreme value Theorem

Let $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous on $[a, b]$. Then $\exists x_0 \in [a, b] : f(x) \leq f(x_0), \forall x \in [a, b]$.

1.2 Intermediate value Theorem

Let $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous on $[a, b]$ and $\eta \in \mathbb{R}$ be between $f(a), f(b)$ (either $f(a) < \eta < f(b)$ or $f(b) < \eta < f(a)$). Then $\exists \xi \in (a, b) : f(\xi) = \eta$.

1.3 Mean value Theorem(Lagrange)

Let $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous on $[a, b]$ and differentiable on (a, b) . Then $\exists \xi \in (a, b) :$

$$f'(\xi) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$

1.4 Darboux's Theorem

Let $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be differentiable on $[a, b]$ and $\eta \in \mathbb{R}$ between $f'(a), f'(b)$ (either $f'(a) < \eta < f'(b)$ or $f'(b) < \eta < f'(a)$). Then $\exists \xi \in (a, b) : f'(\xi) = \eta$.

2 Problems

Problem 1 Find all continuously differentiable functions $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, satisfying

$$f^2(x) = \int_0^x [f^2(t) + f'^2(t)]dt + 2025, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

Problem 2 Let $n \in \mathbb{N}_{n \geq 2}$ and $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{n-2} \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $x_i \neq x_j, \forall i, j \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\} : i \neq j$ and define $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$f(x) = (x - x_1)(x - x_2) \dots (x - x_n)$$

$$g(x) = x^{n-1} + a_{n-2}x^{n-2} + \dots + a_0$$

Show that

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{g(x_i)}{f'(x_i)} = 1$$

Problem 3 Compute the following limit for $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[m]{\cos x} - \sqrt[n]{\cos x}}{x^2}$$

Problem 4 Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous and decreasing. Prove that the following system has a unique solution

$$f(x) = y, f(y) = z, f(z) = x.$$

Problem 5 Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous such that $|f(x) - f(y)| \geq |x - y|$. Prove that $Im(f) = \mathbb{R}$.

Problem 6 Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be twice differentiable such that $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$ and f'' is bounded. Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f'(x) = 0$

Problem 7 A runner can run 6 kilometers in exactly 30 minutes. Prove that along his course he will run a single kilometer in exactly 5 minutes.

Problem 8 Let $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R} : a < b < c$ and $f : [a, c] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Prove that there exist $\xi_1, \xi_2 \in \mathbb{R} : f(a) - f(b) = f(\xi_1)(a - b), f(b) - f(c) = f(\xi_2)(b - c), \xi_1 < \xi_2$

Problem 9 Let $f, g : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous functions satisfying $\max_{x \in [a, b]} f(x) = \max_{x \in [a, b]} g(x)$. Prove that for some $\xi \in [a, b]$

$$f^2(\xi) + 3f(\xi) = g^2(\xi) + 3g(\xi).$$

Problem 10 Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous such that the composition of f with itself n times has a unique fixed point x_0 . Prove that $f(x_0) = x_0$.

Problem 11 Let $f : (a, b) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ have finite one sided derivatives at all points in (a, b) . show that f is differentiable in (a, b) except for a countable set.

Problem 12 Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be differentiable and $\exists c > 0$ such that

$$|f'(x)| \leq cf(x), \forall x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

i) Show that $\exists M > 0$ such that $f(x) \leq Me^{cx}, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$.

ii) If $\exists \xi \in \mathbb{R} : f(\xi) = 0$, prove that f is identically 0.

Problem 13 Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be twice differentiable such that

$$f''(x) + e^{f(x)} = e, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Show that f cannot have a minimum value greater than 1 or a maximum value less than 1.