

LINEAR VELOCITY

$$\dot{O}_0^u = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial O_0^u}{\partial q_i} \dot{q}_i \quad J_{V,i} = \frac{\partial O_0^u}{\partial q_i}$$

- Prismatic joint (i^{th} joint is prismatic)

$$\begin{aligned} A_0^u &= \left[\begin{array}{c|c} R_0^u & O_0^u \\ \hline 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] = A_0^{L-1} A_1^i A_L^u \\ &= \left[\begin{array}{c|c} R_0^{L-1} & O_0^{L-1} \\ \hline 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c|c} R_1^i & O_1^i \\ \hline 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c|c} R_L^u & O_L^u \\ \hline 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \\ &= \left[\begin{array}{c|c} R_0^u & R_0^{L-1} O_1^i + R_0^{L-1} O_{L-1}^i + O_0^{L-1} \\ \hline 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$O_0^u = R_0^u O_1^i + R_0^{L-1} O_{L-1}^i + O_0^{L-1}$$

$$\frac{\partial O_0^u}{\partial q_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_i} R_0^{L-1} O_{L-1}^i \quad q_i \triangleq d_i$$

$$= R_0^{L-1} \frac{\partial}{\partial d_i} \begin{bmatrix} c_i & s_i \\ -s_i & c_i \end{bmatrix} = d_i R_0^{L-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = d_i Z_0^{L-1}$$

$J_{V,i} = Z_0^{L-1}$

- Revolute Joint $\dot{\theta}_i \triangleq \dot{\theta}_i$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_i} \vec{O}_0^n = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_i} [R_0^i \vec{O}_v^n + R_0^{i-1} \vec{O}_{i-1}^n]$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_i} R_0^i \vec{O}_v^n + R_0^{i-1} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_i} \vec{O}_{i-1}^n$$

$$= \dot{\theta}_i S(z_0^{i-1}) R_0^i \vec{O}_v^n + \dot{\theta}_i S(z_0^{i-1}) R_0^{i-1} \vec{O}_{i-1}^n$$

$$= \dot{\theta}_i z_0^{i-1} \times (\vec{O}_v^n - \vec{O}_{i-1}^n)$$

$$\vec{J}_{Vi} = z_0^{i-1} \times (\vec{O}_v^n - \vec{O}_{i-1}^n)$$

$$A_0^n = \begin{bmatrix} & \vec{O}_0^n \\ & \hline \end{bmatrix}$$

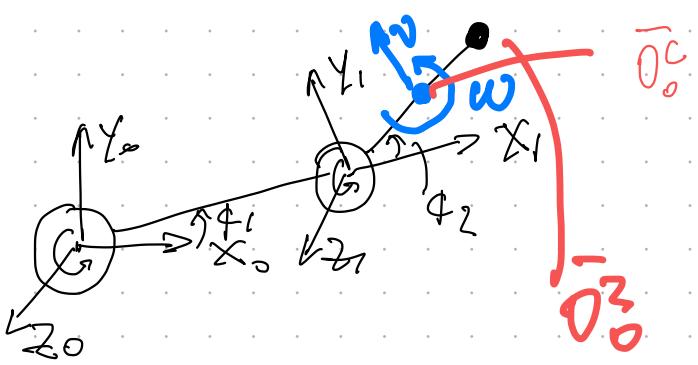
$$J = \left[\dots \left| \frac{\vec{J}_{Vi}}{\vec{J}_{W_0}} \right| \dots \right]$$

i^{th} joint is revolute

Postmatic

$$A_{i-1}^n = \begin{bmatrix} & \vec{O}_{i-1}^n \\ & \hline \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{A_0^{i-1} \left[\begin{array}{c|c} z_0^{i-1} & \vec{O}_v^n - \vec{O}_{i-1}^n \\ \hline & \end{array} \right]}{z_0^{i-1}}$$



$$\dot{\varphi}_1 = \dot{\theta}_1$$

$$\dot{\varphi}_2 = \dot{\theta}_2$$

$$J \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \left[\frac{\bar{z}_0 \times (\bar{O}_0^c - \bar{O}_0)}{\bar{z}_0} \right] \left[\frac{\bar{z}_0^1 \times (\bar{O}^2 - \bar{O}^1)}{\bar{z}_0^1} \right]$$

$$J = \left[\frac{\bar{z}_0 \times (\bar{O}^2 - \bar{O}^0)}{\bar{z}_0} \quad \frac{\bar{z}_0^1 \times (\bar{O}^2 - \bar{O}^1)}{\bar{z}_0^1} \right]$$

$$\bar{O}^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{O}^1 = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 c_1 \\ a_1 s_1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{O}^2 = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 c_1 + a_2 c_{12} \\ a_1 s_1 + a_2 s_{12} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

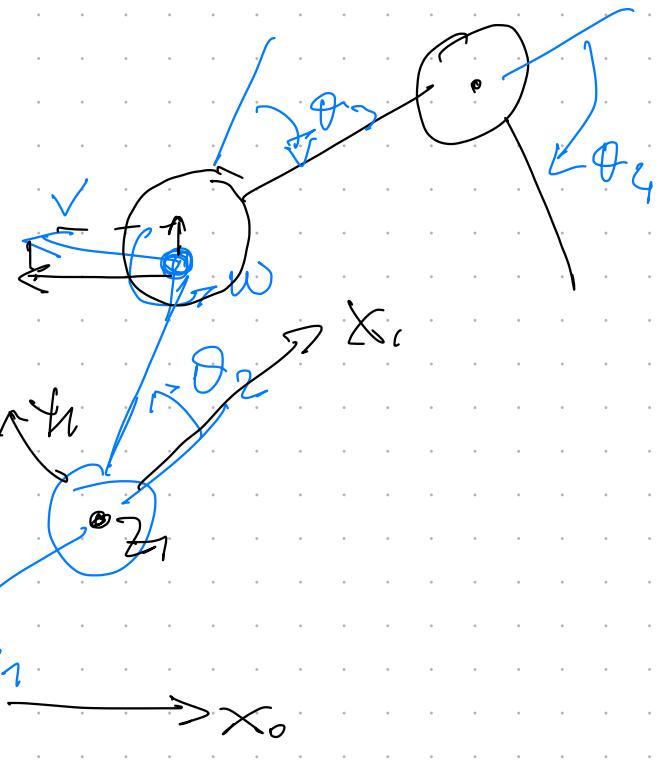
$$A_O^1 = \left[\begin{array}{c|cc} 0 & a_1 c_1 \\ 0 & a_1 s_1 \\ \hline 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\bar{z}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{z}_0^1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_O^2 = \left[\begin{array}{c|cc} a_1 c_1 + a_2 c_{12} & a_1 c_1 + a_2 c_{12} \\ a_1 s_1 + a_2 s_{12} & a_1 s_1 + a_2 s_{12} \\ \hline 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} -q_1 s_1 - q_2 s_{12} & -q_2 s_{12} \\ q_1 c_1 + q_2 c_{12} & q_2 c_{12} \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad 6 \times 2$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} V \\ W \end{bmatrix} = J \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

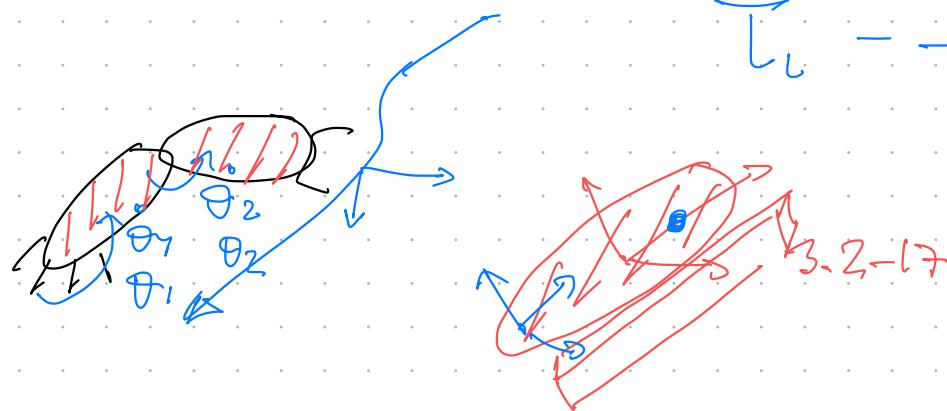
$$\begin{bmatrix} V \\ W \end{bmatrix} = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \text{link 1} & \text{link 2} \\ \text{link 3} & \text{link 4} \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \dot{\theta}_3 \\ \dot{\theta}_4 \end{bmatrix} \quad 6 \times 4$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c|c} \text{link 1} & \text{link 2} \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_0^n = \begin{bmatrix} R_0^n & | \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Robot Dynamics (Energy = Kinetic + Potential energy)

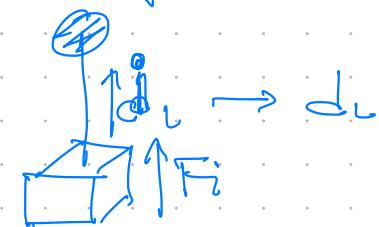


T_i - torque if i th joint

is revolute



if i th joint is prismatic



$$L = K + P$$

Lagrange-Euler

Chapter 3.2 L-E formulation

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial q_i} = T_i$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^i \sum_{k=1}^i \left(T_F (V_{ij} \dot{T}_i V_{ik}^T) \dot{q}_j \dot{q}_k \right) + \sum_{i=1}^n m_i \vec{g} \vec{A}_o \vec{F}_i$$

inertia
matrix

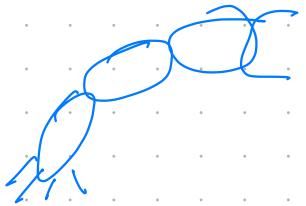
$$V_{ij} = \frac{\partial \vec{A}_i}{\partial q_j}$$

$$T_F = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n m_i \vec{g} \vec{A}_o \vec{F}_i$$

$$T_i = \sum_{K=1}^n D_{ik} \ddot{q}_k + \sum_{K=1}^n \sum_{M=1}^n h_{ikm} \dot{q}_k \dot{q}_m + C_i(\bar{q})$$



inertial
accelerations



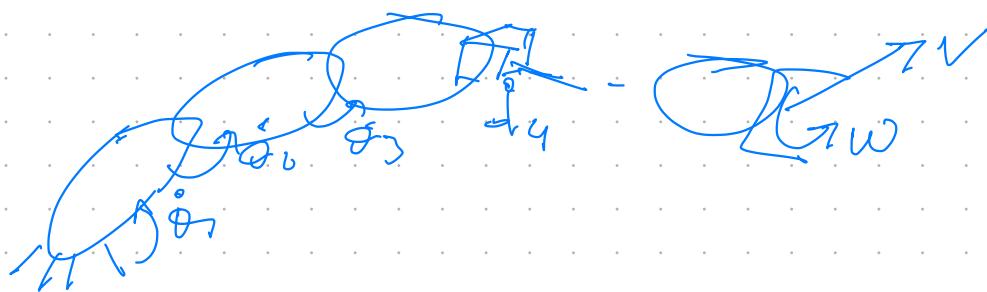
Coriolis
centripetal
centrifugal

$$C_i = \sum_{j=i}^n (-m_j \bar{g} \bar{U}_{ji} \bar{F}_j^j)$$

$$D_{ik} = D_{ki}$$

$$D_{ii}$$

$$\rightarrow T_i = D_{ii} \ddot{q}_i + C_i(\bar{q})$$



Pseudoinverse

(n=7, KUKA iiWA)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{v} \\ \dot{w} \end{bmatrix}_{6 \times 1} = J_{6 \times n}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{q}_1 \\ \ddot{q}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \ddot{q}_n \end{bmatrix}$$

Let
n=6

$$\ddot{q} = J_{6 \times n}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{v} \\ \dot{w} \end{bmatrix}$$

prosthetics

