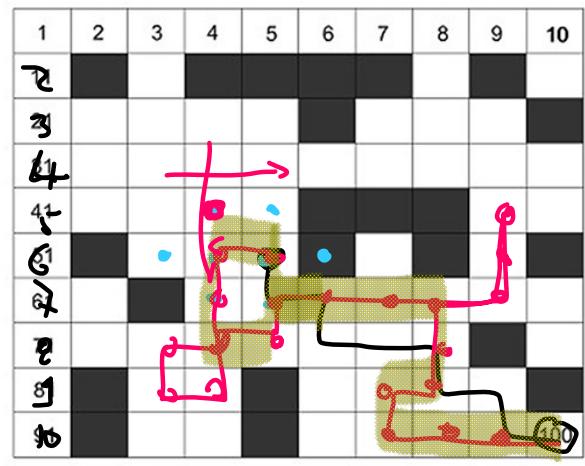


Εύρεση διαδρομής με τον αλγόριθμο ACO (ant colony optimization)



$$P_{ij}^k(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{(\tau_{ij}(t))^\alpha \cdot (\eta_{ij}(t))^\beta}{\sum_{s \in \text{allow}_k} (\tau_{is}(t))^\alpha \cdot (\eta_{is}(t))^\beta} & s \in \text{allow}_k \\ 0 & s \notin \text{allow}_k \end{cases}$$

$$\eta_{ij}(t) = \frac{1}{d_{ij}} = \sqrt{(x_j - x_i)^2 + (y_j - y_i)^2}$$

$\tau_{ij}(t)$ = ποσοτητα φερομονισ στο κενι



πις αλλαζει η φερομονια;

(5,6) → (4,6) ...

$$z_{ij}^{(t+1)} = (1-\rho) z_{ij}^{(t)} + \Delta z_{ij}^{(t)}$$

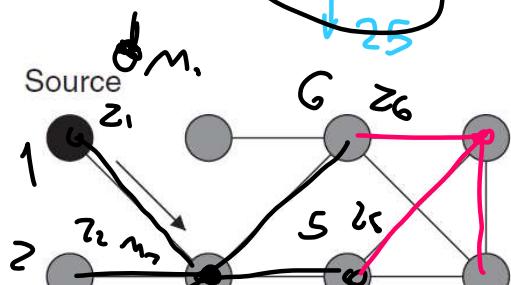
$$0 < \rho < 1$$

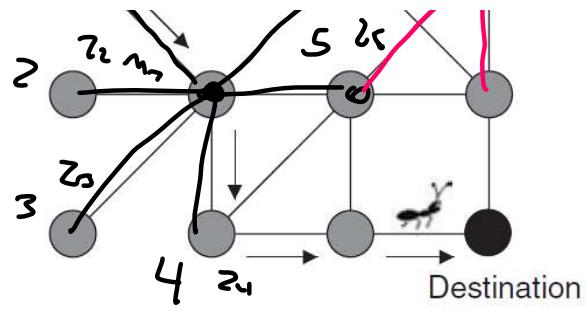
$$\Delta z_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^m \Delta z_{ij}^{(k)}$$

≡ αριθμος μυρι.

$$\Delta z_{ij}^{(k)} = Q / M$$

ΣΥΝΟΛΙΚΟ ΜΗΚΟΣ ΙΔΟΥΜΑΤΙΟΥ





$$P_i = \frac{z_i^\alpha \cdot h_i^\beta}{\sum r_i}$$

First node to scan

$$r_1 = z_1^\alpha \cdot h_1^\beta \quad \dots \quad -$$

$$r_2 = z_2^\alpha \cdot h_2^\beta \quad \dots \quad -$$

$$r_6 = z_6^\alpha \cdot h_6^\beta$$

Source

Scanning direction

Destination

Scanning for node 3

First occurrence of node
3 when scanning from
destination node

Source

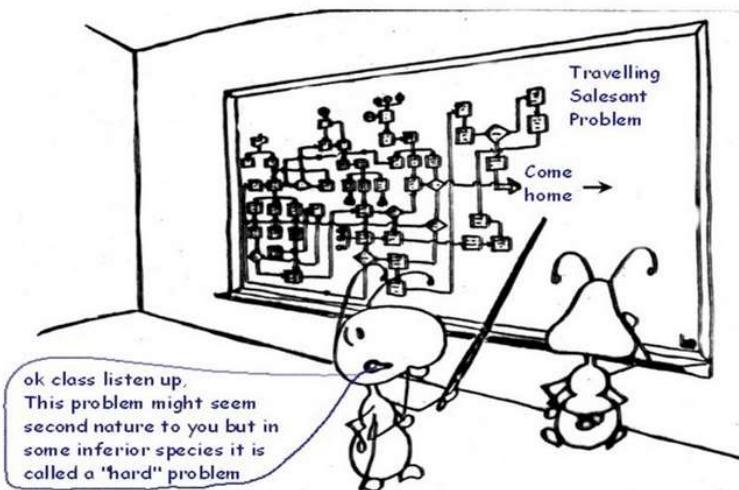
Destination

Eliminated loop

0 - 1 - 3 - 2 - 8 - 5 - 6 - 9

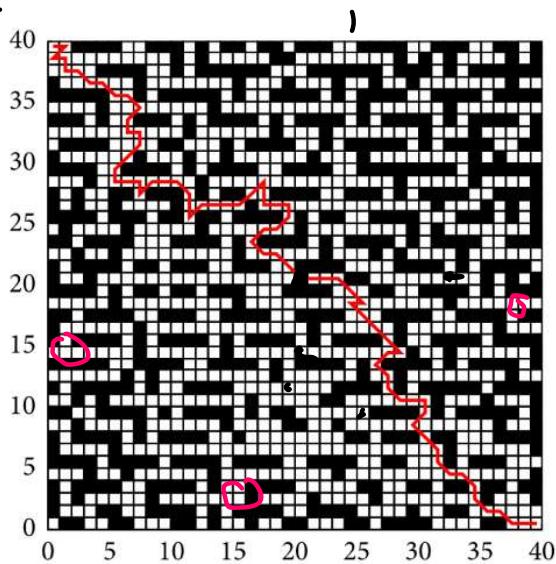
Final loop free path

Ant Colony Optimization

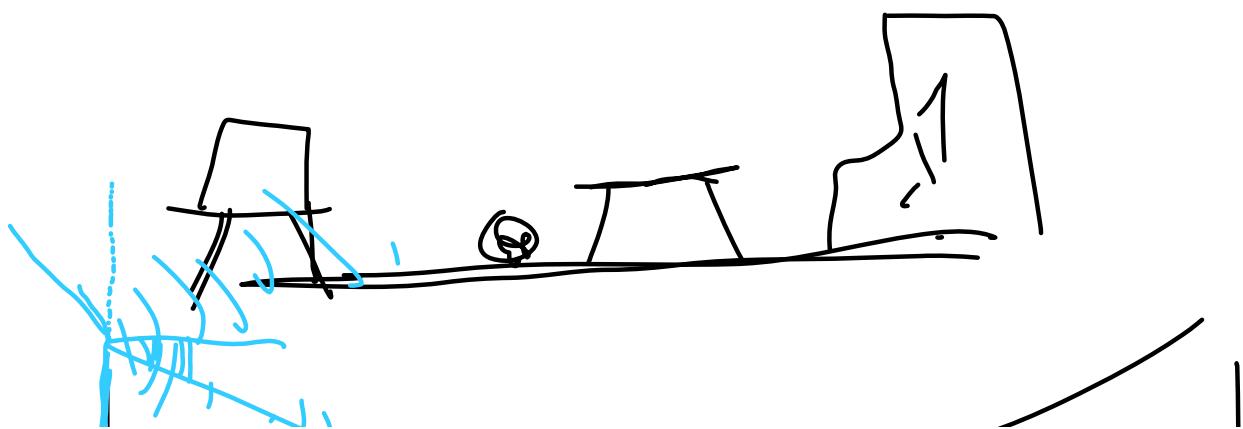
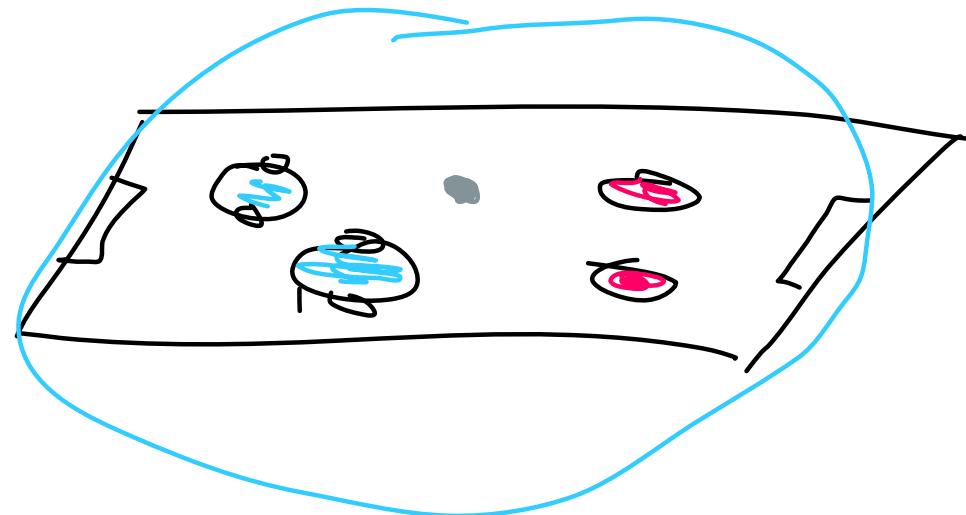
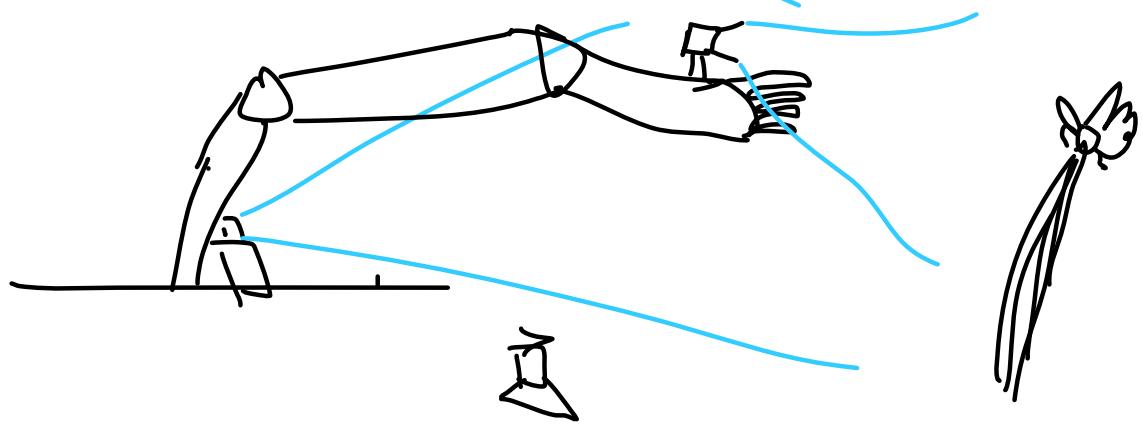
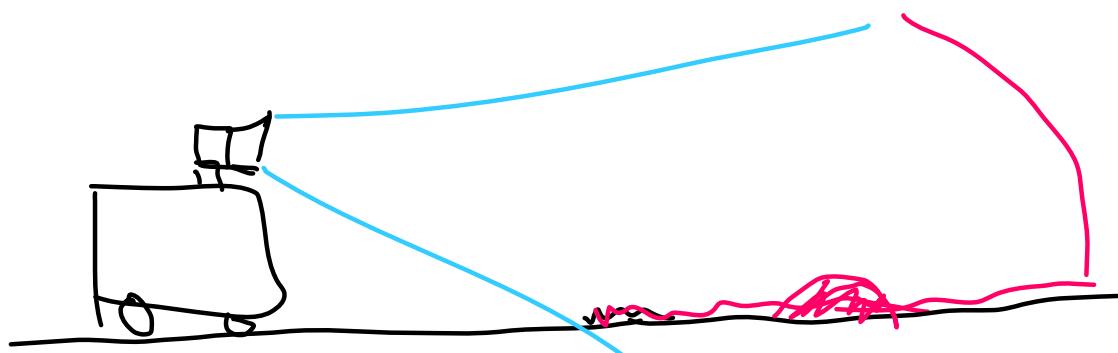


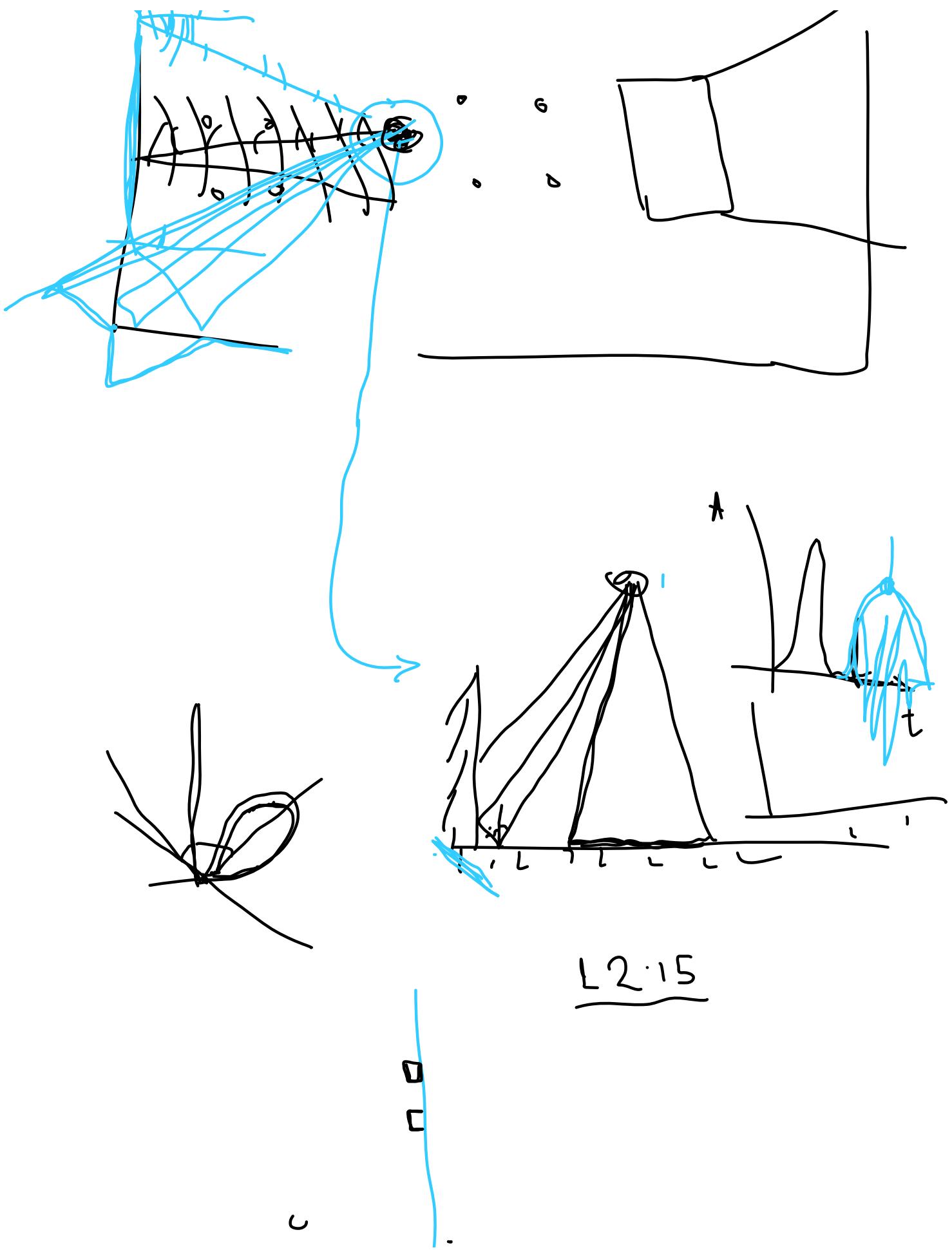
1.15

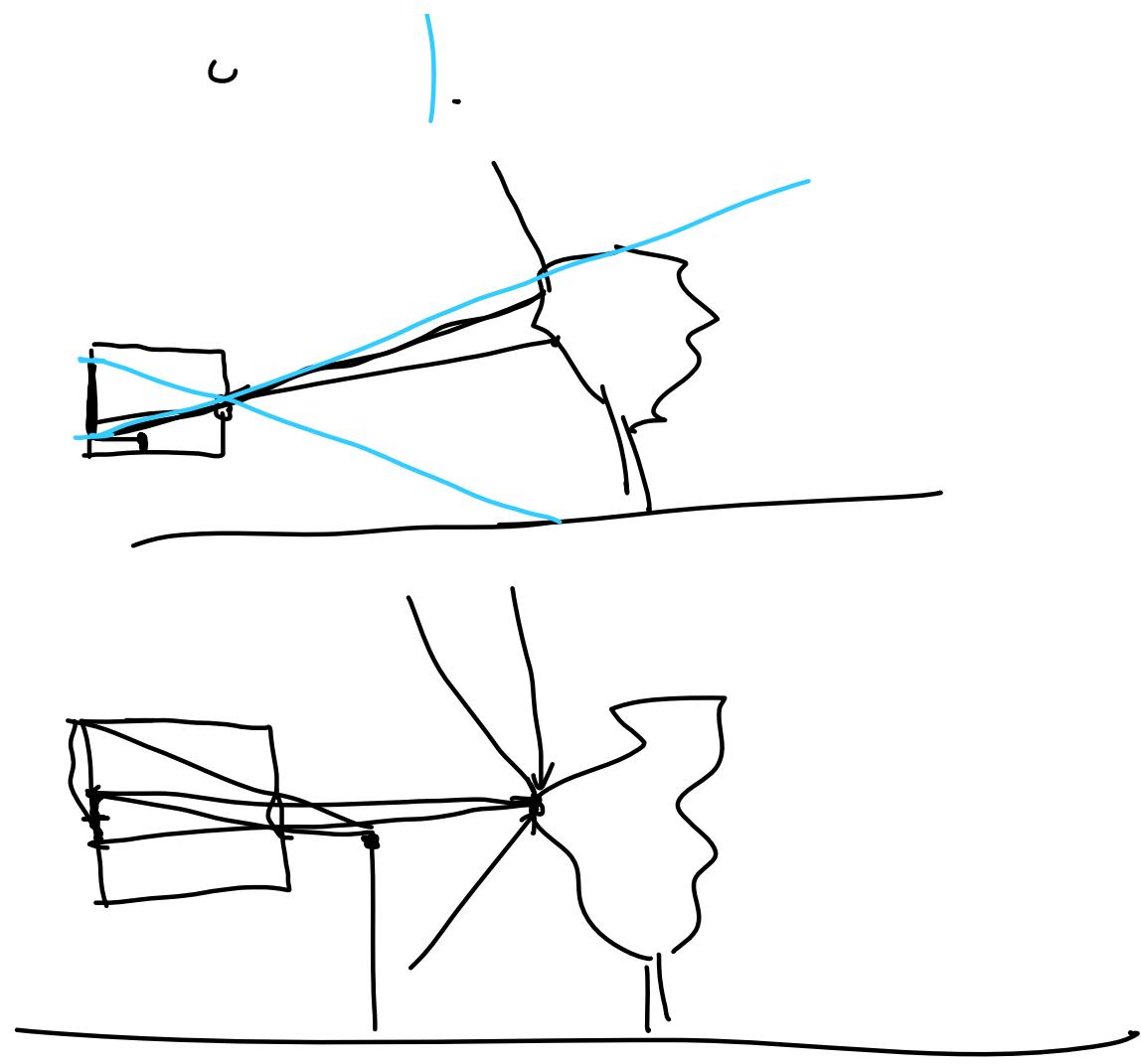
Prepared by:
Ahmad Elshamli, Daniel Asmar, Fadi Elmasri



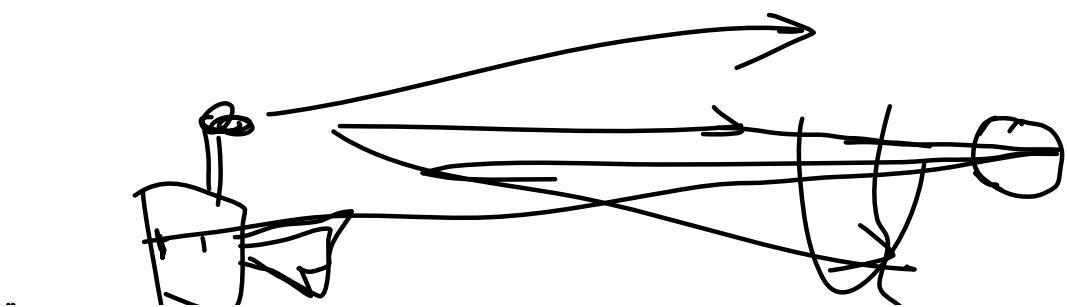
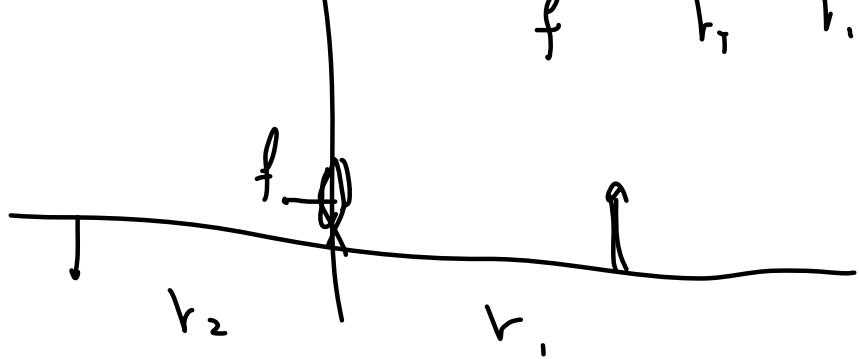
Approximate 11:15

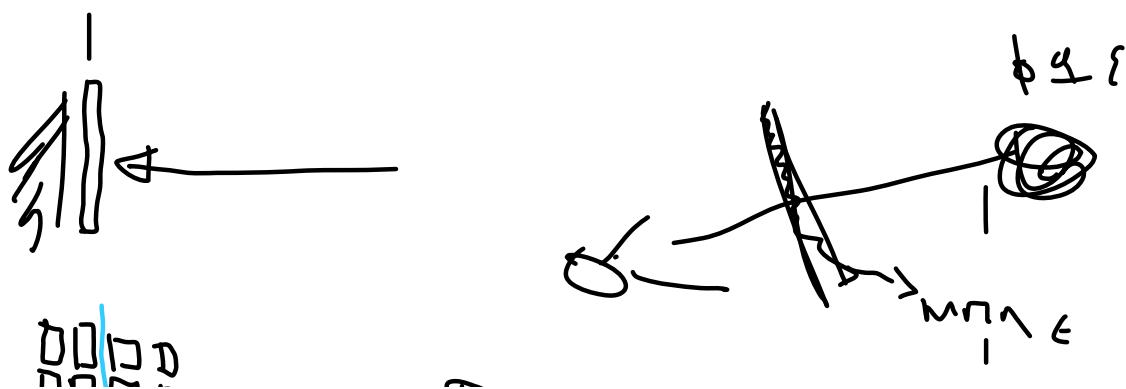
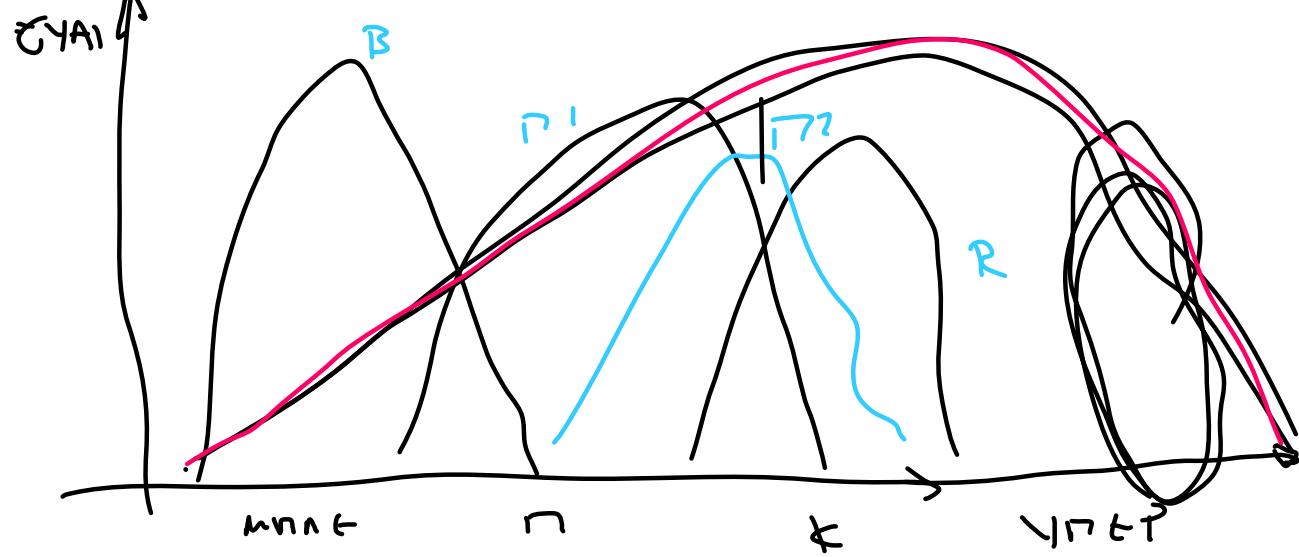


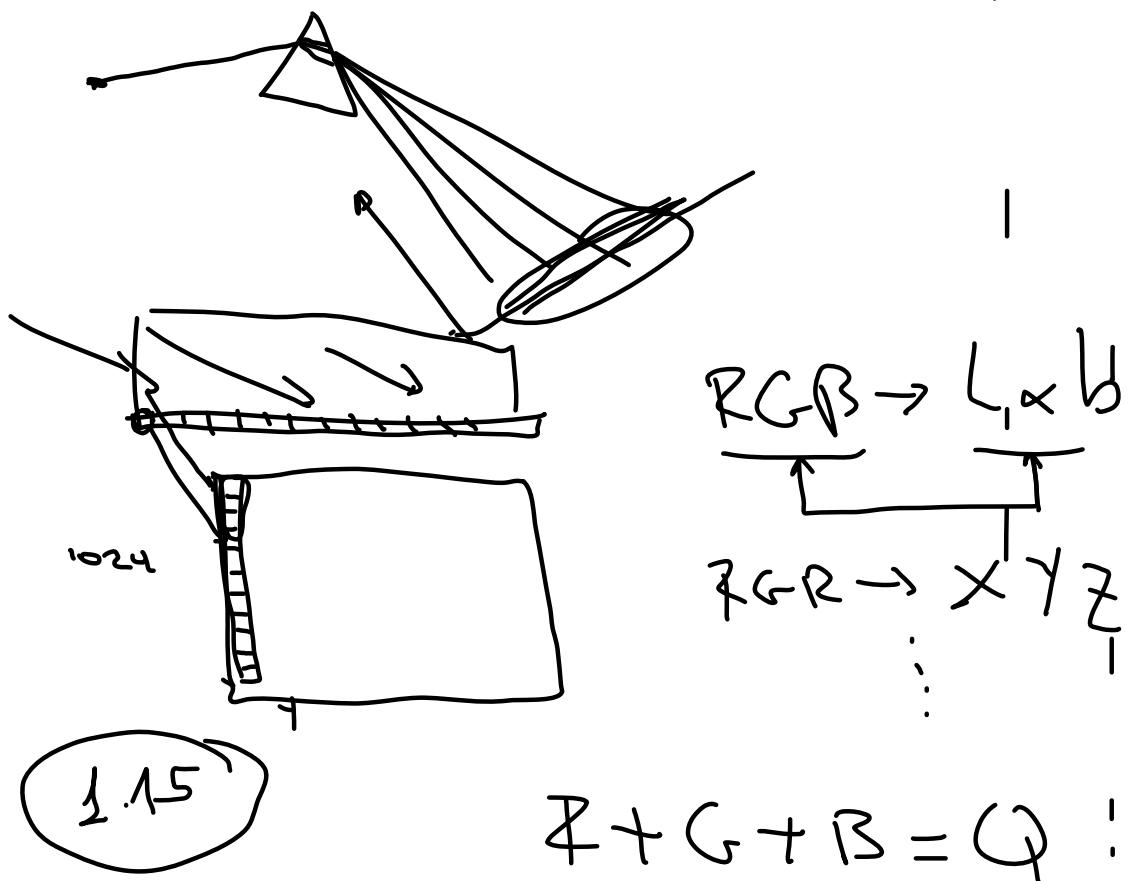
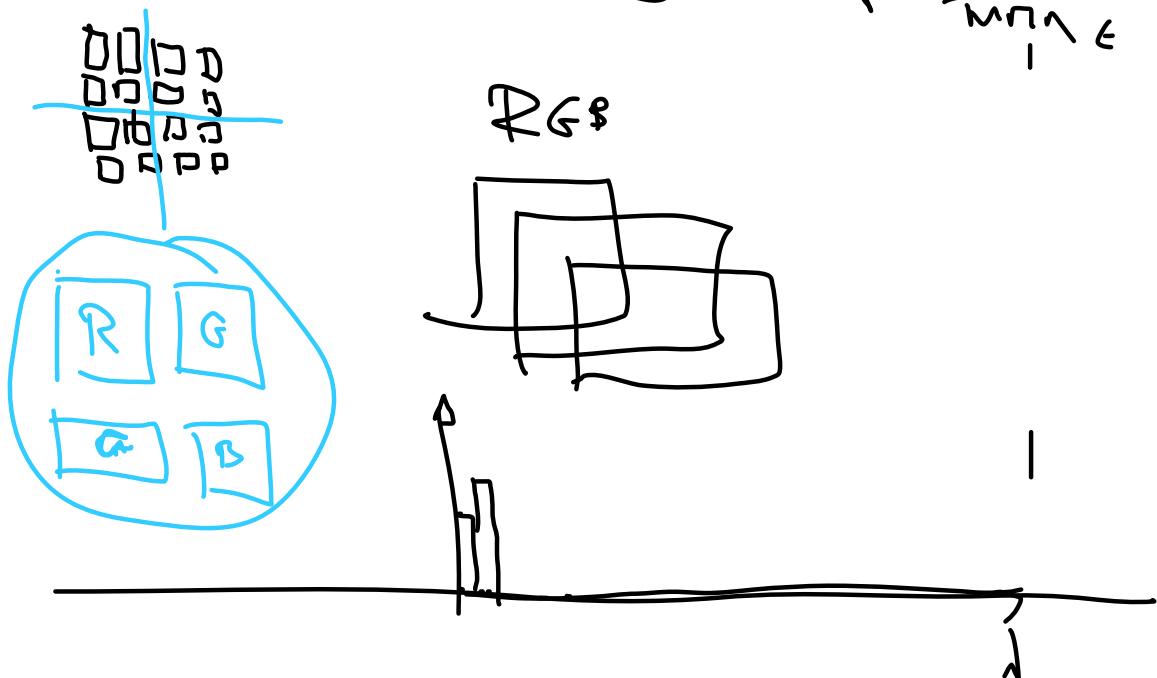


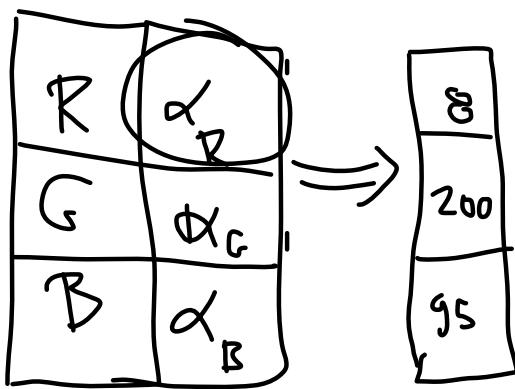


$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{r_1} + \frac{1}{r_2}$$

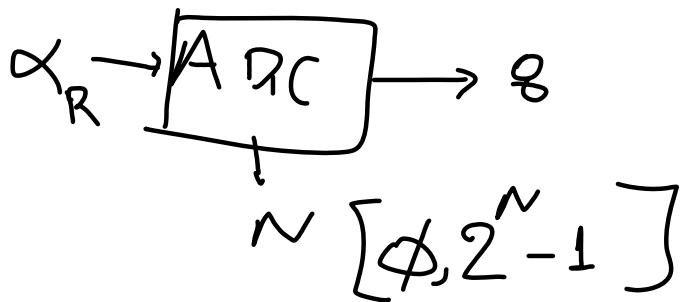








$$\left. \begin{aligned} R' &= \frac{R}{Q} \\ G' &= \frac{G}{Q} \\ B' &= \frac{B}{Q} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow R' + G' + B' = 1$$



$$8 \text{ bit} \rightarrow \phi, 2^8 - 1 = 255$$

$$12 \text{ bit} \rightarrow \phi, 4095 = 2^{12} - 1$$

$$16 \text{ bit} \rightarrow \phi, 65535 = 2^{16} - 1$$

⋮

