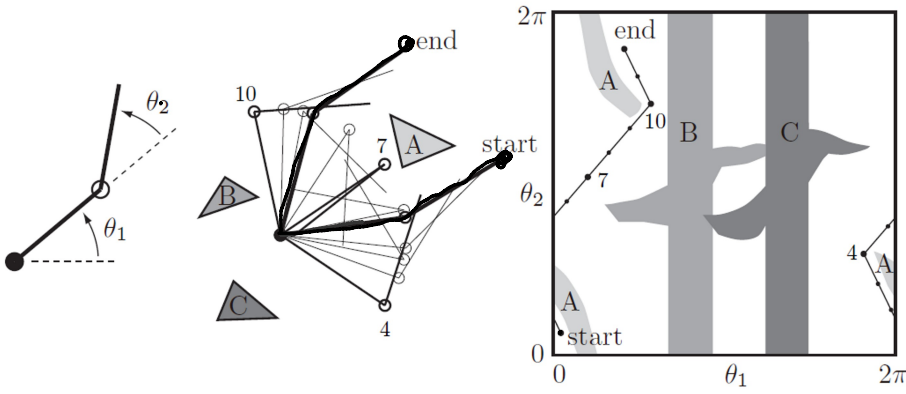
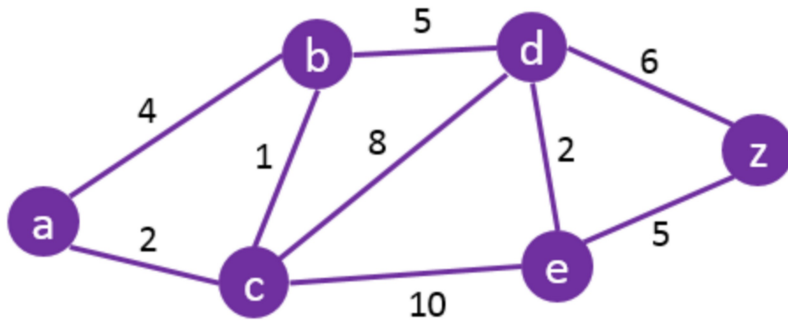


# Path Planning - Σχεδιασμός Τροχιάς

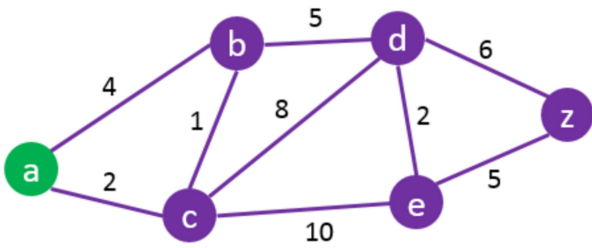
Sunday, May 24, 2020 11:59 PM



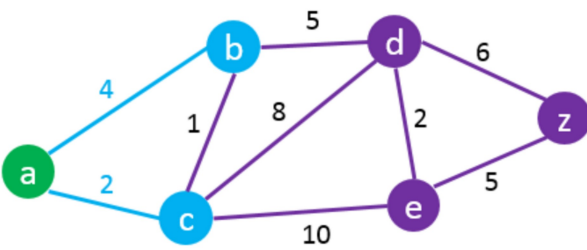
## Dijkstra's Shortest Path



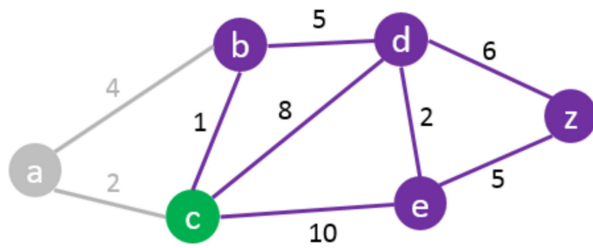
≈



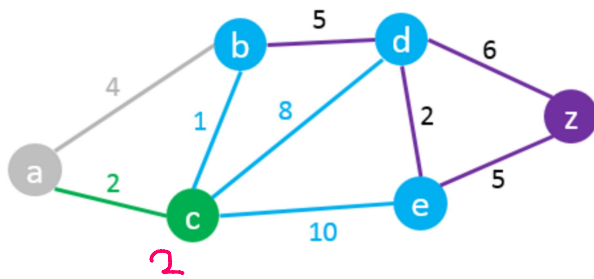
Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Current Node	0	
B		$\infty$	
C		$\infty$	
D		$\infty$	
E		$\infty$	
Z		$\infty$	



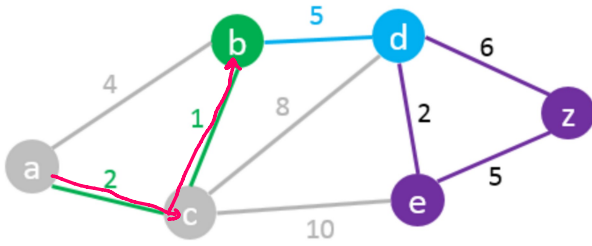
Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Current Node	0	
B		$\infty$ 4	A
C		$\infty$ 2	A
D		$\infty$	
E		$\infty$	
Z		$\infty$	



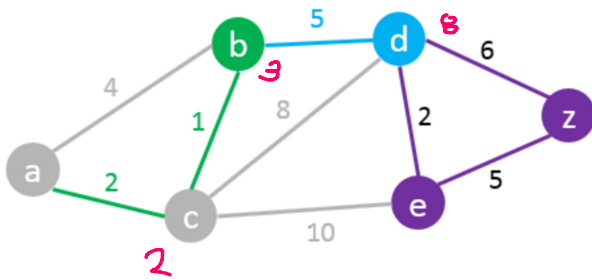
Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Visited Node	0	
B		$\infty$ 4	A
C	Current Node	$\infty$ 2	A
D		$\infty$	
E		$\infty$	
Z		$\infty$	



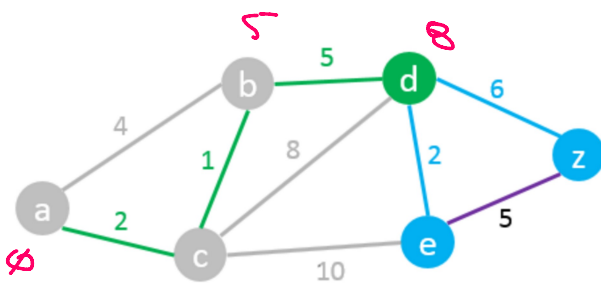
Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Visited Node	0	
B		$\infty$ 4 $2+1=3$	C
C	Current Node	2	A
D		$\infty$ $2+8=10$	C
E		$\infty$ $2+10=12$	C
Z		$\infty$	

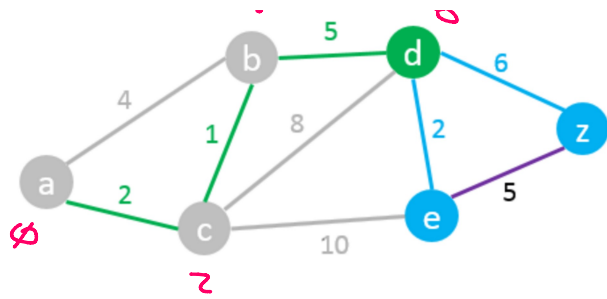


Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Visited Node	0	
B	Current Node	3	C
C	Visited Node	2	A
D		10	C
E		12	C
Z		$\infty$	

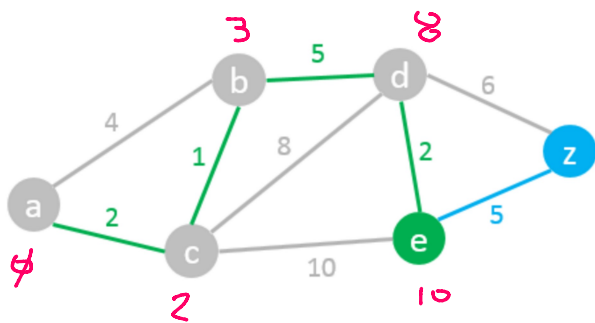


Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Visited Node	0	
B	Current Node	3	C
C	Visited Node	2	A
D		<del>10</del> $3+5=8$	B
E		12	C
Z		$\infty$	

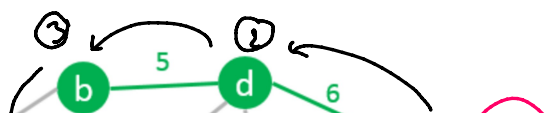


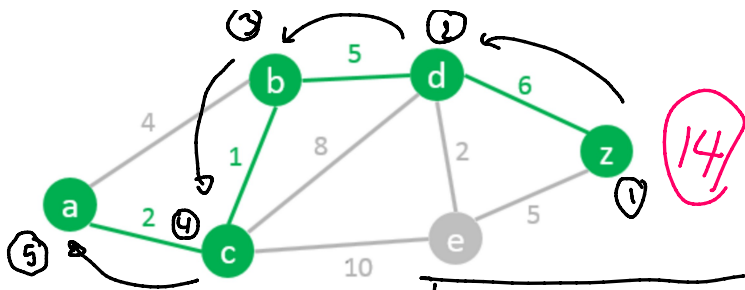


Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Visited Node	0	
B	Visited Node	3	C
C	Visited Node	2	A
D	Current Node	8	B
E		<del>12</del> $8 + 2 = 10$	D
Z		$\infty$ $8 + 6 = 14$	D



Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Visited Node	0	
B	Visited Node	3	C
C	Visited Node	2	A
D	Visited Node	8	B
E	Current Node	10	D
Z		<del>14</del> $10 + 5 = 15$	D





$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow B \rightarrow D \rightarrow Z$

Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Previous Node
A	Visited Node	0	
B	Visited Node	3	C
C	Visited Node	2	A
D	Visited Node	8	B
E	Visited Node	10	D
Z	Current Node	14	D

1

# BPOX01

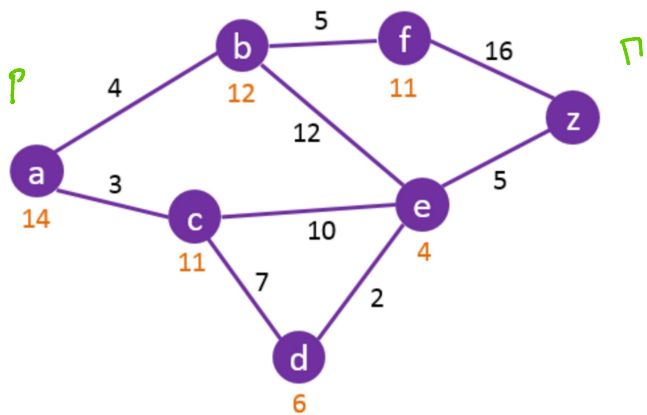
$$O\left(|E| + |V| \log \frac{|E|}{|V|} \log |V|\right)$$

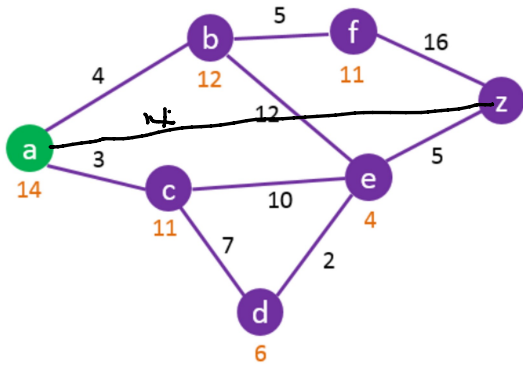
# KOMB01

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dijkstra%27s\\_algorithm#/media/File:DijkstraDemo.gif](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dijkstra%27s_algorithm#/media/File:DijkstraDemo.gif)

A\* Shortest Path

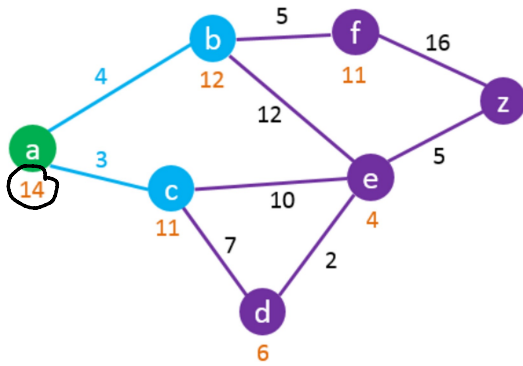
$A \rightarrow Z$



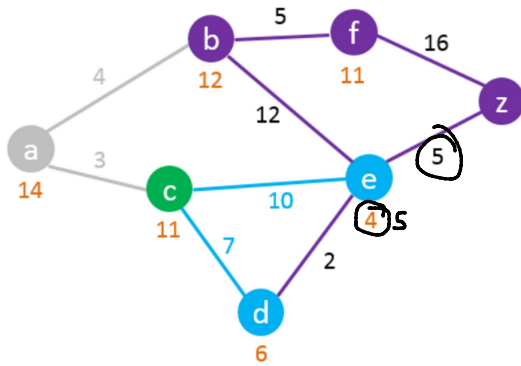


Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Heuristic Distance to Z	Total Distance*	Previous Node
A	Current	0	14	14	
B		$\infty$	12		
C		$\infty$	11		
D		$\infty$	6		
E		$\infty$	4		
F		$\infty$	11		
Z		$\infty$	0		

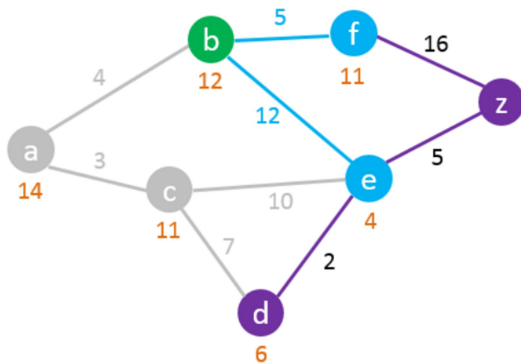
\* Total Distance = Shortest Distance from A + Heuristic Distance to Z



Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Heuristic Distance to Z	Total Distance*	Previous Node
A	Current	0	14	14	
B		$\infty$ 4	12	16	A
C		$\infty$ 3	11	14	A
D		$\infty$	6		
E		$\infty$	4		
F		$\infty$	11		
Z		$\infty$	0		

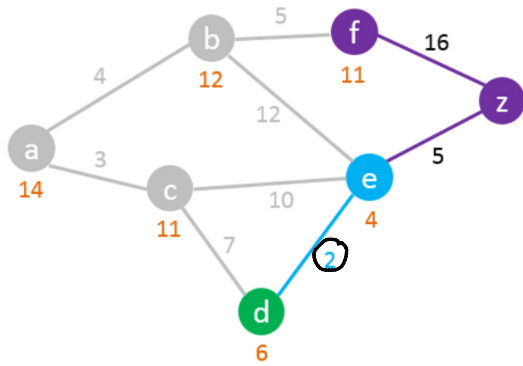


Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Heuristic Distance to Z	Total Distance*	Previous Node
A	Visited	0	14	14	
B		4	12	16	A
C	Current	3	11	14	A
D		$\infty$ $3+7=10$	6	16	C
E		$\infty$ $3+10=13$	4	17	C
F		$\infty$	11	8	
Z		$\infty$	0	8	

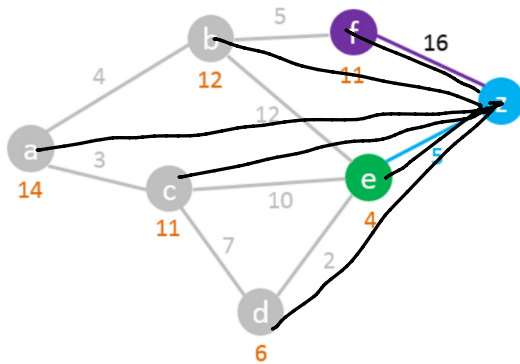


Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Heuristic Distance to Z	Total Distance*	Previous Node
A	Visited	0	14	14	
B	Current	4	12	16	A
C	Visited	3	11	14	A
D		10	6	16	C
E		13 $4+12=16$	4	17	C
F		$\infty$ $4+5=9$	11	20	B
Z		$\infty$	0		

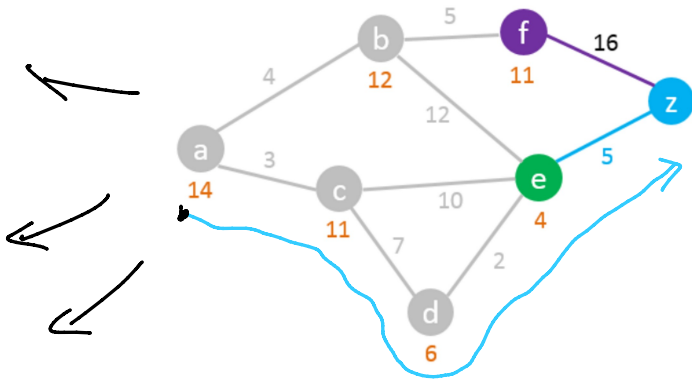




Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Heuristic Distance to Z	Total Distance*	Previous Node
A	Visited	0	14	14	
B	Visited	4	12	16	A
C	Visited	3	11	14	A
D	Current	10	6	16	C
E		10+7=12	4	16	D
F		9	11	20	B
Z		$\infty$	0		



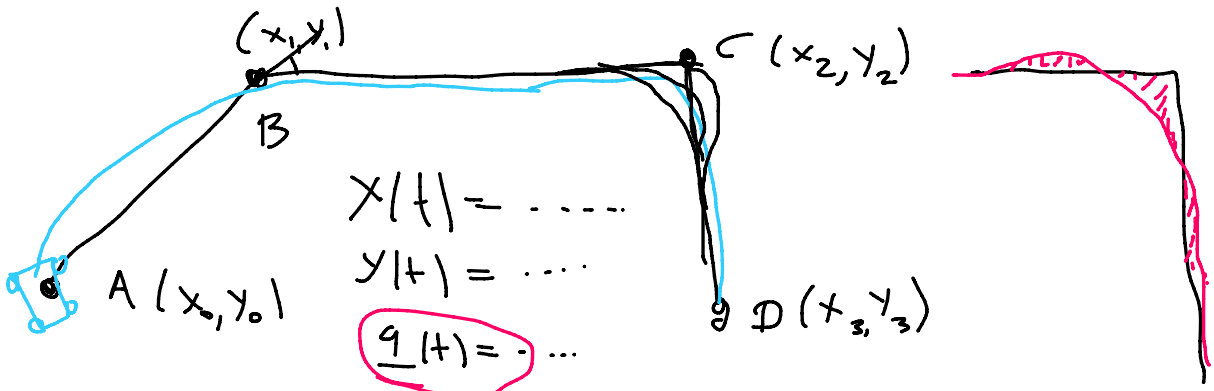
Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Heuristic Distance to Z	Total Distance*	Previous Node
A	Visited	0	14	14	
B	Visited	4	12	16	A
C	Visited	3	11	14	A
D	Visited	10	6	16	C
E	Current	12	4	16	D
F		9	11	20	B
Z		$\infty$	0	17	E



Node	Status	Shortest Distance From A	Heuristic Distance to Z	Total Distance*	Previous Node
A	Visited	0	14	14	
B	Visited	4	12	16	A
C	Visited	3	11	14	A
D	Visited	10	6	16	C
E	Visited	12	4	16	D
F		9	11	20	B
Z	Current	17	0	17	E

A → C → D → E → Z

Σχεδιασμός Τροχιάς ΓΣΧΟ · Ιερόιο του Χρόνου

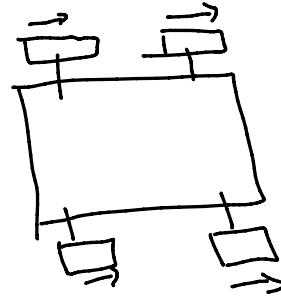
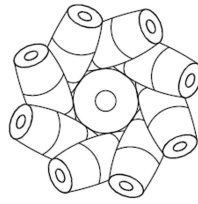
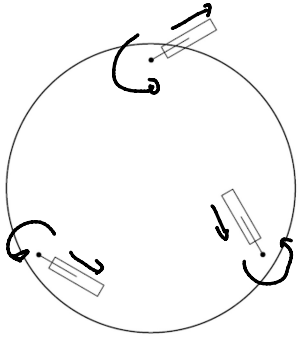
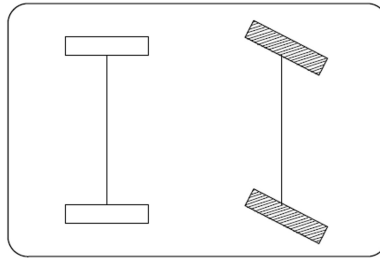
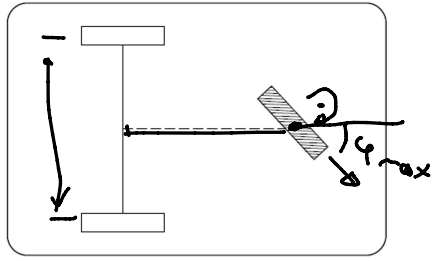


ΠΕΡΙΟΡΙΣΜΟΙ ΚΙΝΗΜΑΤΙΚΗΣ ΟΥΧΗΜΑΤΟΣ

ΑΡΧΙΖΟΥΜΕ

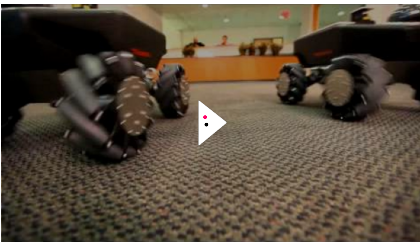
11:15



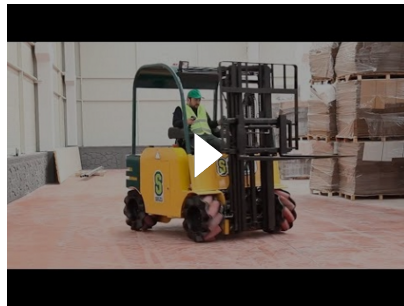


A Mecanum (or Swedish) wheel

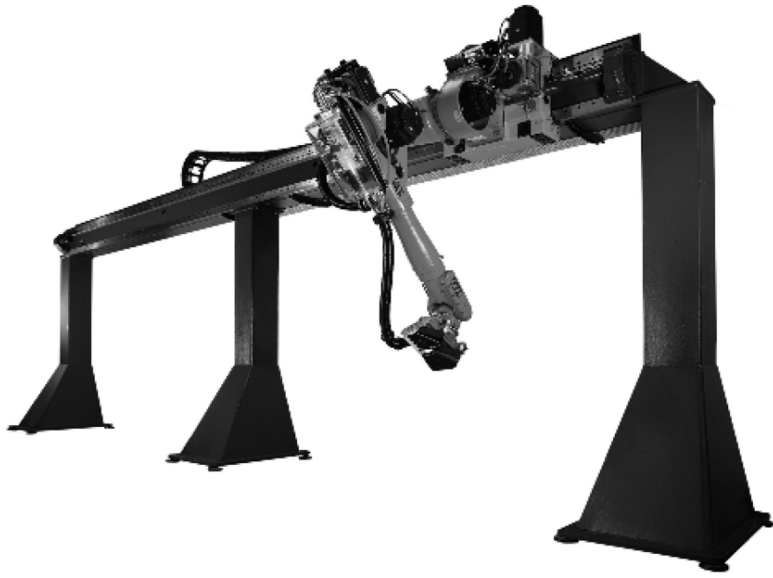
[Robotnik Summit XL HLOMNI - Mecanum Wheels](#)



[This Forklift Moves In Any Direction!](#)



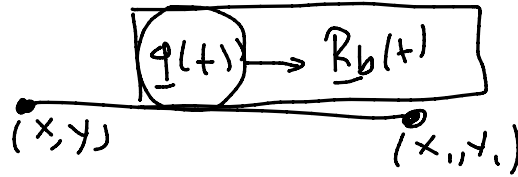
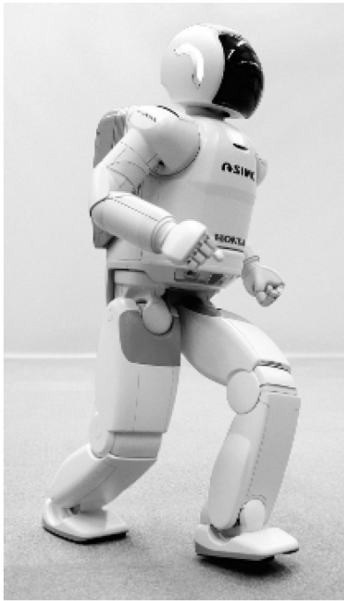
The KUKA KR 60 Jet robot



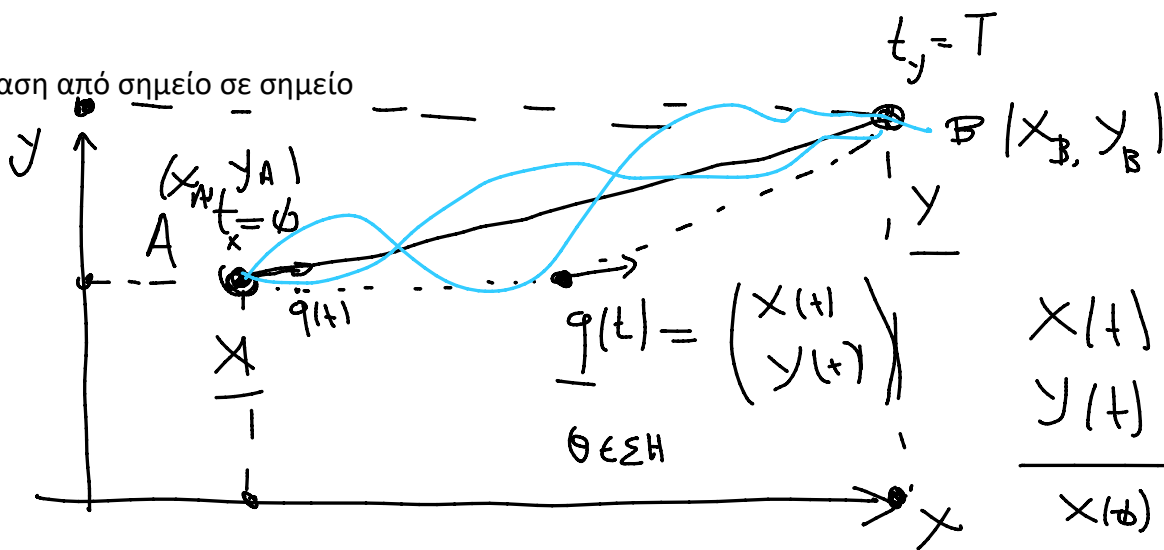


The vacuum robot Roomba, employing a differential-drive kinematics,





Μετάβαση από σημείο σε σημείο



I: Αδράνεια Moments of inertia

$\tau(t)$ : ροπή μοχλέρ

$q(t)$ : θέση στο χώρο

$$m \cdot \vec{a} = \vec{f}$$

Νόμοι Γουγκενς:

$$I \ddot{q}(t) = \tau(t)$$

T

$$\int_0^T \dot{q}(t) dt = \underline{y} - \underline{x}$$

Ο ΠΕΡΙΟΡΙΣΜΟΣ ΤΟΥ ΤΣΙΓΚΟΠΗ:

ΕΛΑΧΙΣΤΟΠΟΙΗΣΗ ΡΟΠΗΣ

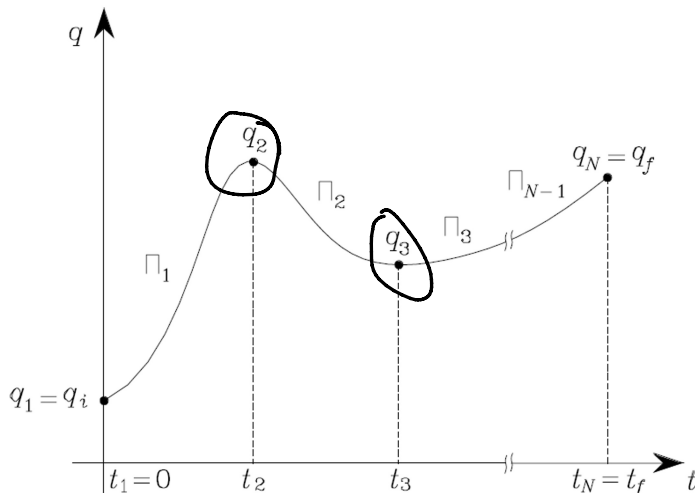
$$\min_q \int_0^T |\ddot{q}(t)| dt$$

$$\dot{q}(t) = \underline{\alpha} t^2 + \underline{\beta} t + \underline{\gamma}$$

$$q(t) = \underline{\alpha}_3 t^3 + \underline{\alpha}_2 t^2 + \underline{\alpha}_1 t + \underline{\alpha}_0$$

$$q(0) = \underline{x}, \quad q(T) = \underline{y}$$

ΠΑΡΑΔΕΙΓΜΑ ?

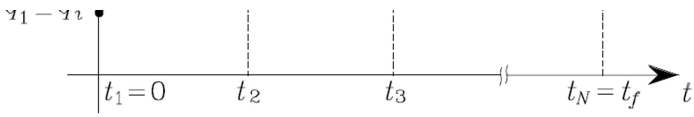


$$q_2$$

$$t_1$$

$$t_3$$

$$t_N$$



$\therefore t_N$   
 $q_N$

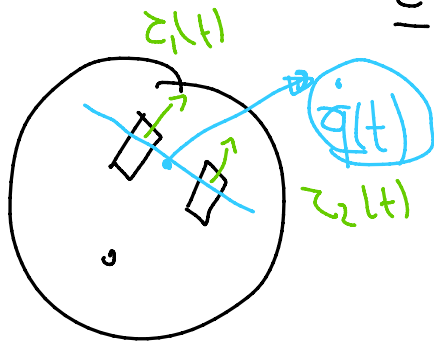
$$q_k(t) = \underbrace{A}_k \begin{bmatrix} t^5 \\ t^2 \\ t \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

ΒΡΗΚΑ ΤΟ  $q(t) \rightarrow$  ΠΟΙΟ ΕΙΝΑΙ ΤΟ

$z(t)$ ?

$$z(t) = \begin{bmatrix} z_1(t) \\ z_2(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

Π.Χ.

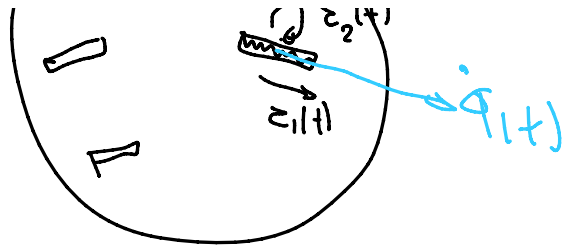


ΕΞΑΡΤΑΤΑΙ ΑΠΟ ΤΟ ΣΥΣΤΗΜΑ !!!

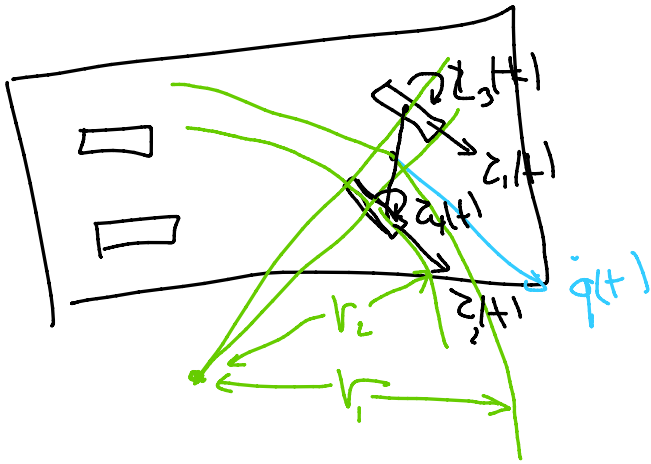
$$z(t) = \begin{pmatrix} z_1(t) \\ z_2(t) \end{pmatrix}$$







$$\dot{q}(t) \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} z_1(t) \\ z_2(t) \\ z_3(t) \\ z_4(t) \end{bmatrix}$$



ΣΥΓΧΡΟΝΑ  
ΑΥΤΟΚΙΝΗΤΑ

$$q(t) \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} z_1(t) \leftarrow \text{ΓΚΑΖΙ} \\ z_2(t) \leftarrow \text{ΤΙΜΩΝΙ} \\ \vdots \\ z_3(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

ΠΡΟΓΡΑΦΗ  
 $z_3(t)$   
ΧΕΙΡΟΒΡΕΝΟ

